GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2009

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SENATE BILL 674 Health Care Committee Substitute Adopted 4/16/09

Short Title: Amend Rabies Laws. (Public) Sponsors: Referred to: March 19, 2009 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 1 2 AN ACT TO AMEND THE RABIES LAWS TO CONFORM WITH RECOMMENDATIONS 3 FROM THE CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL AND THE NATIONAL 4 ASSOCIATION OF STATE PUBLIC HEALTH VETERINARIANS AND TO ALLOW 5 STRAY OR FERAL ANIMALS TO BE EUTHANIZED AND TESTED FOR RABIES 6 AFTER BITING A HUMAN. 7 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: SECTION 1. G.S. 130A-184 reads as rewritten: 8 9 "§ 130A-184. Definitions. 10 The following definitions shall apply throughout this Part: 11 'Animal Control Officer' means a city or county employee designated as dog (1)12 warden, animal control officer, animal control official or other designations that may be used whose responsibility includes animal control. 13 'Cat' means a domestic feline. feline of the genus and species Felis catus. 14 (2)'Certified rabies vaccinator' means a person appointed and certified to 15 (3)administer rabies vaccine to animals in accordance with this Part. 16 17 'Dog' means a domestic canine. canine of the genus, species, and subspecies (4) 18 Canis lupus familiaris. 19 'Feral' means any animal that is born in the wild and is not socialized; is the (4a) offspring of a dog, cat, or ferret that is owned or born in the wild and is not 20 21 socialized; or is a formerly owned dog, cat, or ferret that has been abandoned 22 and is no longer socialized. 23 'Ferret' means a domestic mammal of the genus, species, and subspecies (4b) 24 Mustela putorius furo. 25 'Rabies vaccine' means an animal rabies vaccine licensed by the United (5) 26 States Department of Agriculture and approved for use in this State by the 27 Commission. 28 'State Public Health Veterinarian' means a person appointed by the Secretary (6) 29 to direct the State public health veterinary program. 30 'Stray' means any animal that is (i) beyond the limits of confinement or lost (6a) and (ii) not wearing any tags, microchips, tattoos, or other methods of 31 32 identification. 33 (7)'Vaccination' means the administration of rabies vaccine by a licensed 34 veterinarian veterinarian, by a registered veterinary technician under the direct supervision of a licensed veterinarian, or by a certified rabies 35 36 vaccinator." 37 SECTION 2. G.S. 130A-185(a) reads as rewritten:



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1	"§ 130A-185. Vaccination of all dogs and cats.dogs, cats, and ferrets.
2	(a) The owner of every dog and cat <u>dog, cat, and ferret</u> over four months of age shall
3	have the animal vaccinated against rabies. The time or times of vaccination shall be established
4	by the Commission. Rabies vaccine shall be administered only by a licensed veterinarian
5	veterinarian, by a registered veterinary technician under the direct supervision of a licensed
6	veterinarian, or by a certified rabies vaccinator."
7	SECTION 3. G.S. 130A-187 reads as rewritten:
8	"§ 130A-187. County rabies vaccination clinics.
9	The local health director shall organize or assist other county departments to organize at
10	least one countywide rabies vaccination clinic per year for the purpose of vaccinating dogs and
11	catsdogs, cats, and ferrets. Public notice of the time and place of rabies vaccination clinics
12	shall be published in a newspaper having general circulation within the area."
13	SECTION 4. G.S. 130A-188 reads as rewritten:
14	"§ 130A-188. Fee for vaccination at county rabies vaccination clinics.
15	The county board of commissioners is authorized to establish a fee to be charged at the
16	county rabies vaccination clinics. The fee shall may include an administrative charge not to
17	exceed four dollars (\$4.00) per vaccination, and a charge for the actual cost of the vaccine, the
18	vaccination certificate, and the rabies vaccination tag."
19	SECTION 5. G.S. 130A-189 reads as rewritten:
20	"§ 130A-189. Rabies vaccination certificates.
21	A licensed veterinarian or a certified rabies vaccinator who administers rabies vaccine to a
22	dog or cat dog, cat, or ferret shall complete a three copy rabies vaccination certificate. The
23	Commission shall adopt rules establishing the specific information required to be included on
24	the certificate. The An original rabies vaccination certificate shall be given to the owner of each
25	dog or cat dog, cat, or ferret that receives rabies vaccine. One A copy of the rabies vaccination
26	certificate shall be retained by the licensed veterinarian or the certified rabies vaccinator. The
27	other <u>A</u> copy shall <u>also</u> be given to the county agency responsible for animal control, provided
28	the information given to the county agency shall not be used for commercial purposes."
29	SECTION 6. G.S. 130A-190(a) reads as rewritten:
30	"(a) Issuance. – A licensed veterinarian or a certified rabies vaccinator who administers
31	rabies vaccine to a dog or cat dog, cat, or ferret shall issue a rabies vaccination tag to the owner
32	of the animal. The rabies vaccination tag shall show the year issued, a vaccination number, the
33	words "North Carolina" or the initials "N.C." and the words "rabies vaccine." Dogs and
34	catsDogs, cats, and ferrets shall wear rabies vaccination tags at all times. However, cats and
35	ferrets may be exempted from wearing the tags by local ordinance."
36	SECTION 7. G.S. 130A-192 reads as rewritten:
37	"§ 130A-192. Dogs and cats Dogs, cats, and ferrets not wearing required rabies
38	vaccination tags.
39	The Animal Control Officer shall canvass the county to determine if there are any dogs or
40	catsdogs, cats, or ferrets not wearing the required rabies vaccination tag. If a dog or catdog, cat,
41	or ferret is found not wearing the required tag, the Animal Control Officer shall check to see if
42	the owner's identification can be found on the animal. If the animal is wearing an owner
43	identification tag, or if the Animal Control Officer otherwise knows who the owner is, the
44	Animal Control Officer shall notify the owner in writing to have the animal vaccinated against
45	rabies and to produce the required rabies vaccination certificate to the Animal Control Officer
46	within three days of the notification. If the animal is not wearing an owner identification tag
47	and the Animal Control Officer does not otherwise know who the owner is, the Animal Control
48	Officer may impound the animal. The duration of the impoundment of these animals shall be
49	established by the county board of commissioners, but the duration shall not be less than 72
50	hours. During the impoundment period, the Animal Control Officer shall make a reasonable
51	effort to locate the owner of the animal. If the animal is not reclaimed by its owner during the

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1	impoundment period, the animal shall be disposed of in one of the following manners: returned to the output adopted as a pat by a new owner sold to institutions within this State registered
2 3	to the owner; adopted as a pet by a new owner; sold to institutions within this State registered
3 4	by the United States Department of Agriculture pursuant to the Federal Animal Welfare Act, as
4 5	amended; or put to death by a procedure approved by the American Veterinary Medical Association, the Humane Society of the United States or of the American Humane Association.
6 7	The Animal Control Officer shall maintain a record of all animals impounded under this section which shall include the data of impoundment, the length of impoundment, the method of
8	which shall include the date of impoundment, the length of impoundment, the method of disposal of the animal and the name of the person or institution to whom any animal has been
8 9	released."
9 10	SECTION 8. G.S. 130A-193 reads as rewritten:
10	"§ 130A-193. Vaccination and confinement of dogs and catsdogs, cats, and ferrets
12	brought into this State.
12	(a) A dog or catdog, cat, or ferret brought into this State shall immediately be securely
13	confined and shall be vaccinated against rabies within one week after entry. The animal shall
15	remain confined for two weeks after vaccination.
16	(b) The provisions of subsection (a) shall not apply to:
17	(1) A $\frac{dog \text{ or cat}}{dog}$, cat, or ferret brought into this State for exhibition purposes
18	if the animal is confined and not permitted to run at large; or
19	(2) A $\frac{dog \text{ or cat}dog, cat, or ferret}{dog}$ brought into this State accompanied by a
20	certificate issued by a licensed veterinarian showing that the dog or catdog,
21	cat, or ferret is apparently free from and has not been exposed to rabies and
22	that the dog or cat has received rabies vaccine within the past year.dog, cat,
23	or ferret is currently vaccinated against rabies."
24	SECTION 9. G.S. 130A-194 reads as rewritten:
25	"§ 130A-194. Quarantine of districts infected with rabies.
26	An area may be declared under quarantine against rabies by the local health director when
27	the disease exists to the extent that the lives of persons are endangered. When quarantine is
28	declared, each dog and catdog, cat, and ferret in the area shall be confined on the premises of
29	the owner or in a veterinary hospital. However, dogs or catsa dog, cat, or ferret on a leash or
30	under the control and in the sight of a responsible adult may be permitted to leave the premises
31	of the owner or the veterinary hospital."
32	SECTION 10. G.S. 130A-195 reads as rewritten:
33	"§ 130A-195. Destroying stray dogs and cats in quarantine districts.
34 25	When quarantine has been declared and dogs and catsdogs, cats, and ferrets continue to run
35 36	uncontrolled in the area, any peace officer or Animal Control Officer shall have the right, after
30 37	reasonable effort has been made to apprehend the animals, to destroy the uncontrolled dogs and eatsdogs, cats, and ferrets and properly dispose of their bodies."
37	SECTION 11. G.S. 130A-196 reads as rewritten:
38 39	"§ 130A-196. Confinement of all biting dogs and catsdogs, cats, and ferrets; notice to
40	local health director; reports by physicians; certain dogs exempt.
41	When a person has been bitten by a dog or cat, dog, cat, or ferret, the person or parent,
42	guardian or person standing in loco parentis of the person, and the person owning the animal or
43	in control or possession of the animal shall notify the local health director immediately and
44	give the name and address of the person bitten and the owner of the animal. All dogs and cats
45	dogs, cats, and ferrets that bite a person shall be immediately confined for 10 days in a place
46	designated by the local health director. However, in the event a stray or feral dog, cat, or ferret
47	bites a person, the local agency responsible for animal control shall make a reasonable attempt
48	to locate the owner of the animal. If the owner cannot be identified within 72 hours of the event
49	the local health director may authorize the animal be euthanized and the head of the animal
50	shall be immediately sent to the State Laboratory of Public Health for rabies diagnosis.
51	However, the local health director may authorize a dog trained and used by a law enforcement

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agency to be released from confinement to perform official duties upon submission of proof 1 2 that the dog has been vaccinated for rabies in compliance with this Part. After reviewing the 3 circumstances of the particular case, the local health director may allow the owner to confine the animal on the owner's property. An owner who fails to confine his-an animal in accordance 4 5 with the instructions of the local health director shall be guilty of a Class 2 misdemeanor. If the 6 owner or the person who controls or possesses a dog or cat dog, cat, or ferret that has bitten a 7 person refuses to confine the animal as required by this section, the local health director may 8 order seizure of the animal and its confinement for 10 days at the expense of the owner. A 9 physician who attends a person bitten by an animal known to be a potential carrier of rabies 10 shall report within 24 hours to the local health director the name, age and sex of that person."

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- SECTION 12. G.S. 130A-197 reads as rewritten:

12 "§ 130A-197. Infected dogs and catsdogs, cats, and ferrets to be destroyed; protection of vaccinated dogs and cats.dogs, cats, and ferrets.

14 When the local health director reasonably suspects that a dog or catdog, cat, or ferret has 15 been exposed to the saliva or nervous tissue of a proven rabid animal or animal reasonably 16 suspected of having rabies that is not available for laboratory diagnosis, the dog or catdog, cat, 17 or ferret shall be considered to have been exposed to rabies. A dog or catdog, cat, or ferret 18 exposed to rabies shall be destroyed immediately by its owner, the county Animal Control 19 Officer or a peace officer unless the dog or catdog, cat, or ferret has been vaccinated against 20 rabies in accordance with this Part and the rules of the Commission more than three weeks 28 21 days prior to being exposed, and is given a booster dose of rabies vaccine within three five days 22 of the exposure. As an alternative to destruction, the dog or cat dog, cat, or ferret may be 23 quarantined at a facility approved by the local health director for a period up to six months, and 24 under reasonable conditions imposed by the local health director."

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SECTION 13. G.S. 130A-198 reads as rewritten:

26 "§ 130A-198. Confinement.

A person who owns or has possession of an animal which is suspected of having rabies shall immediately notify the local health director or county Animal Control Officer and shall securely confine the animal in a place designated by the local health director. Dogs and catsDogs, cats, and ferrets shall be confined for a period of 10 days. Other animals may be destroyed at the discretion of the State Public Health Veterinarian."

SECTION 14. G.S. 130A-199 reads as rewritten:

33 "§ 130A-199. Rabid animals to be destroyed; heads to be sent to State Laboratory of 34 Public Health.

An animal diagnosed as having rabies by a licensed veterinarian shall be destroyed and its head sent to the State Laboratory of Public Health. The heads of all dogs and catsdogs, cats, <u>and ferrets</u> that die during the 10-day confinement period required by G.S. 130A-196, shall be immediately sent to the State Laboratory of Public Health for rabies diagnosis."

SECTION 15. This act is effective when it becomes law.