GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2007

S SENATE DRS75234-LM-71 (02/20)

Short Title: Wireless Telecommunications Facilities. (Public)

Sponsors: Senator Hoyle.

Referred to:

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1 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT STREAMLINING LOCAL GOVERNMENT REGULATION OF WIRELESS FACILITIES AND WIRELESS SUPPORT STRUCTURES AND THE COLLOCATION OF WIRELESS FACILITIES.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. Chapter 62A of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new Article to read:

"Article 3.

"Wireless Telecommunications Facilities Advancement and Streamlining Act.

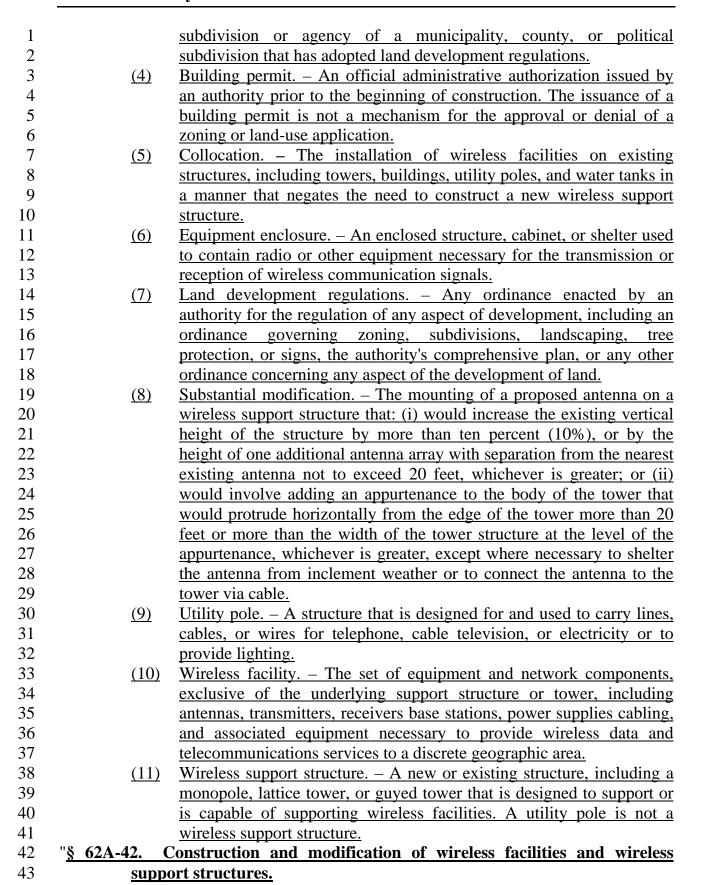
"<u>§ 62A-40. Purpose.</u>

The purpose of this Act is to ensure the safe and efficient integration of facilities necessary for the provision of advanced wireless telecommunications services throughout the community and to ensure the ready availability of reliable wireless service to the public and government agencies and first responders, with the intention of furthering the public safety and general welfare. Notwithstanding any other law or local ordinance to the contrary, the following standards shall apply to an authority's actions, as a regulatory body, in the regulation of the placement, construction, or modification of a wireless communications facility.

"§ 62A-41. Definitions.

The following definitions apply in this Article:

- (1) Antenna. Communications equipment that transmits and receives electromagnetic radio signals used in the provision of all types of wireless communications services.
- (2) Application. A formal request submitted to the local authority to construct or modify a wireless support structure or a wireless facility.
- (3) Authority. A municipality, township, county, or regional planning commission, or any municipal or county legislative body or political



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- (a) An authority may plan for and regulate the siting or modification of wireless support structures and wireless facilities in accordance with land development regulations and in conformity with this Article. Any person that proposes to construct or substantially modify a wireless support structure or wireless facility within the jurisdiction of an authority that has adopted land development regulations in accordance with this Article shall submit the necessary copies and attachments of the applicant's completed application to the appropriate planning authority and comply with any local ordinances concerning land use and any applicable permitting process.
- (b) The authority shall issue a written decision approving or denying the application within 30 days in the case of collocation and modification applications entitled to streamlined processing under G.S. 62A-43(b), and within 45 days in the case of other applications, as measured from the date the application is deemed complete by the authority, or any other date mutually agreed to in writing by the authority and the applicant. Any decision denying an application must be supported by substantial evidence in the record before the authority and must set forth the reasons for the denial with sufficient particularity to allow a reviewing entity to review the evidence supporting the reasons for denial. An application shall be deemed complete unless the authority notifies the applicant in writing within 15 days of submission of the application and identifies with specificity any deficiencies in the application which, if cured, would make the application complete. The application shall be deemed complete on resubmission if the application addresses the deficiencies identified.
- (c) Except as expressly stated, nothing in this Article shall limit an authority from regulating applications to construct, modify, maintain, or collocate wireless facilities on a wireless support structure based on consideration of land-use and zoning considerations, including aesthetics, landscaping, land-use-based location priorities, structural design, and setbacks. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection, an authority may not:
 - (1) Impose requirements in connection with the siting or modification of wireless support structures or facilities relating to the radio frequency emissions of wireless facilities, including any environmental testing, sampling, monitoring, or other compliance requirements.
 - (2) Require the applicant for siting or modification of wireless support structures or facilities to provide a justification of radio frequency need or impose requirements relating to radio frequency signal strength, system design, use of specific technology, or service quality.
 - (3) Institute a moratorium on the construction or modification of wireless support structures lasting over 90 days in duration or institute any moratorium within six months of the conclusion of any previous moratorium on the construction or modification of wireless support structures.
 - (4) Charge an application fee, consulting fee, or other fee associated with the submission, review, processing, or approval of an application for siting or modification of wireless support structures or facilities that is not required for other types of commercial development. Any fee or

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1		charge must apply uniformly and on a competitively neutral and
2		nondiscriminatory basis to all comparable activities and uses and
3		cannot exceed what is usual and customary for the services. Total
4		charges and fees, including consultant, application, permit, and any
5		other fees or charges, including reimbursement for consultant's
6		out-of-pocket expenses, shall not exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000)
7		for a collocation or two thousand dollars (\$2,000) for the construction
8		or modification of a wireless facility or wireless support structure.
9	<u>(5)</u>	To the extent that zoning approval has been obtained or is not required,
10		utilize the issuance of a building permit as a mechanism for the
11		approval or denial of a zoning or land-use application to construct or
12		modify a wireless facility or wireless support structure.
13	<u>(6)</u>	Impose surety requirements, including bonds, escrow deposits, or any
14		other type of financial surety, to ensure that abandoned or unused
15		facilities can be removed unless the jurisdiction imposes similar
16		requirements on other permits for other types of commercial
17		development or land uses. If surety requirements are imposed, they
18		must be competitively neutral, nondiscriminatory, reasonable in
19		amount, and commensurate with the historical record for local
20		facilities and structures that fall into disuse.
21	(7)	Adopt rules or regulations for siting or modification of wireless
22		support structures or wireless facilities that discriminate on the basis of
23		the ownership, including by the authority, of any property, structure, or
24		tower, or condition the approval of a wireless support structure or
25		wireless facility on the agreement of the structure or facility owner to
26		provide space on or near the structure for authority or governmental
27		services at less than market rate or to provide services via the structure
28		or facilities at less than market rate.
29	<u>(8)</u>	Limit the duration of any permit for a wireless facility or support
30		structure.
31	<u>(9)</u>	Impose structure lighting and marking requirements applicable to
32		wireless support structures or facilities that exceed or differ from those
33		imposed by the Federal Aviation Administration.
34	<u>(10)</u>	Impose a blanket prohibition on placement of wireless support
35		structures or facilities in a residential area or residential zoning district.
36	<u>(11)</u>	Impose inflexible separation requirements between wireless support
37		structures that prohibit the construction or collocation of wireless
38		facilities based solely on the distance between the proposed facility
39		and an existing facility.
40	<u>(12)</u>	Require an ANSI inspection report prepared pursuant to
41	<u> </u>	ANSI/TIA/EIA-222-G, Annex E, Tower Maintenance and Inspection
42		Procedures in connection with any application for collocation.
43	(13)	Prohibit the placement of emergency power systems that comply with
44	<u>, 10)</u>	federal and State environmental requirements.
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- (14)Require an applicant to construct a Distributed Antenna System instead of constructing a wireless support structure or collocating on an existing wireless support structure.
- All records, including any documents or electronic data, in the possession or (d) custody of authority personnel relating to applications for siting or modification of wireless support structures and wireless facilities are subject to the provisions of the Public Records Law, Chapter 132 of the General Statutes, including provisions providing for nondisclosure of confidential or proprietary information. Any disclosure of the records must be in accordance with applicable State law.
- A party aggrieved by the final action of an authority denying an application under the provisions of this Article may bring an action for review in any court of competent jurisdiction.

"§ 62A-43. Collocation of wireless facilities.

- An authority may deny an application to construct a new wireless support structure based upon an applicant's unwillingness to evaluate the reasonable feasibility of collocating new antennas and equipment on an existing structure within the applicant's search ring. An authority may not deny an application to construct a new wireless communications support structure if evidence is provided that collocation on an existing structure is technically infeasible, unduly economically burdensome, or otherwise impracticable because of contractual, engineering, or other similar impediments.
- (b) Applications for collocation that meet the following requirements shall be entitled to streamlined processing: (i) the collocation does not increase the overall height of the tower or wireless support structure to which the wireless facilities are to be attached; (ii) the collocation does not increase the ground space area approved in the site plan for equipment enclosures and ancillary facilities; and (iii) the wireless facilities in the proposed collocation comply with applicable regulations, restrictions, or conditions, if any, applied to the initial wireless facilities placed on the tower or other wireless support structure.
- Applications for collocation entitled to streamlined processing under (c) subsection (b) of this section, and applications to modify wireless support structures, other than applications that constitute substantial modifications, under G.S. 62A-42 shall be reviewed for conformance with applicable building permit requirements, if any, but shall not otherwise be subject to zoning requirements, including design or placement requirements or public hearing review. The construction of a replacement tower to accommodate collocation shall not be considered a substantial modification where the replacement tower is a monopole tower or, if the existing tower is a camouflaged tower, the replacement tower is a camouflaged-like tower."
- **SECTION 2.** If any provision of this Act or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of the Act which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to that end the provisions of this Act are declared to be severable.

SECTION 3. This act is effective when it becomes law.

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