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HOUSE BILL 231

Committee Substitute Favorable 8/23/01 Committee Substitute #2 Favorable 8/28/01 Fourth Edition Engrossed 8/30/01 Senate Finance Committee Substitute Adopted 9/18/01

Short Title: Education Revenue Act.

Sponsors:

Referred to:

February 26, 2001

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO (1) INCREASE THE STATE SALES TAX BY ONE-HALF CENT
3	FROM OCTOBER 16, 2001, UNTIL JULY 1, 2003, (2) PROVIDE A STABLE
4	SOURCE OF REVENUE FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENTS BY AUTHORIZING A
5	LOCAL OPTION, HALF-CENT SALES TAX BEGINNING JULY 1, 2003, (3)
6	REPEAL THE LOCAL TAX REIMBURSEMENTS PAID ANNUALLY TO
7	LOCAL GOVERNMENTS, (4) PROVIDE A HOLD HARMLESS PAYMENT
8	FOR THOSE COUNTIES AND MUNICIPALITIES WHOSE ESTIMATED GAIN
9	FROM THE NEW SALES TAX WOULD BE LESS THAN 100% OF THEIR
10	REPEALED REIMBURSEMENT AMOUNT, (5) EXEMPT CERTAIN ITEMS
11	PURCHASED DURING A SPECIFIC PERIOD FROM THE SALES AND USE
12	TAX, (6) EQUALIZE TAXATION OF SATELLITE TV AND CABLE TV, (7)
13	ADD A NEW TAX BRACKET WITH AN ADDITIONAL 1/2% ON NET
14	TAXABLE INCOME ABOVE \$200,000 FOR THREE YEARS, (8) ELIMINATE
15	THE MARRIAGE TAX PENALTY FOR THE STANDARD DEDUCTION, (9)
16	INCREASE THE TAX CREDIT FOR CHILDREN FROM \$60 TO \$100 PER
17	CHILD, (10) ELIMINATE THE CHILDREN'S HEALTH INSURANCE TAX
18	CREDIT, (11) EQUALIZE TAXATION OF HEALTH MAINTENANCE
19	ORGANIZATIONS AND MEDICAL SERVICE CORPORATIONS AT 1% OF
20	GROSS PREMIUMS, (12) APPLY THE SAME SALES TAX RATE TO
21	SPIRITUOUS LIQUOR THAT APPLIES TO OTHER ALCOHOLIC
22	BEVERAGES AND REDUCE THE EXCISE TAX ON SPIRITUOUS LIQUOR,
23	(13) ELIMINATE THE SPECIAL TAX BREAK FOR LUXURY VEHICLES, (14)
24	EXEMPT VOLUNTEER FIRE AND RESCUE VEHICLES FROM HIGHWAY
25	USE TAX, AND (15) PROVIDE UNIFORM TAXATION OF
26	TELECOMMUNICATIONS AT 6%.

(Public)

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23PART 1.INCREASE STATE SALES TAX BY ONE-HALF CENT UNTIL24JULY 1, 2003

25 SECTION 1.(a) The introductory language of G.S. 105-164.4(a) reads as
 26 rewritten:

27 "(a) A privilege tax is imposed on a retailer at the following percentage rates of 28 the retailer's net taxable sales or gross receipts, as appropriate. The general rate of tax is 29 four percent (4%). four and one-half percent (4 $\frac{1}{2}$ %)."

30 **SECTION 1.(b)** The provisions of this section increasing the general rate of 31 State sales tax do not apply to construction materials purchased to fulfill a lump-sum or 32 unit-price contract entered into or awarded before the effective date of the increase or 33 entered into or awarded pursuant to a bid made before the effective date of the increase 34 when the construction materials would otherwise be subject to the increased rate of tax 35 provided under this section.

36 **SECTION 1.(c)** This section becomes effective October 16, 2001, and 37 applies to sales made on or after that date. This section is repealed effective for sales 38 made on or after July 1, 2003. This section does not affect the rights or liabilities of the 39 State, a taxpayer, or another person arising under a statute amended or repealed by this 40 section before the effective date of its amendment or repeal; nor does it affect the right 41 to any refund or credit of a tax that accrued under the amended or repealed statute 42 before the effective date of its amendment or repeal.

1	PART 2. LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX/HOLD HARMLESS
2	SECTION 2.(a) Subchapter VIII of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes is
3	amended by adding a new Article to read:
4	"Article 44.
5	"Third One-Half Cent (1/2¢) Local Government Sales and Use Tax.
6	" <u>§ 105-515. Short title.</u>
7	This Article is the Third One-Half Cent (1/2¢) Local Government Sales and Use Tax
8	Act.
9	" <u>§ 105-516. Limitations.</u>
10	This Article applies only to counties that levy the first one-cent (1¢) sales and use
11	tax under Article 39 of this Chapter or under Chapter 1096 of the 1967 Session Laws,
12	the first one-half cent (1/2¢) local sales and use tax under Article 40 of this Chapter, and
13	the second one-half cent $(\frac{1}{2}\phi)$ local sales and use tax under Article 42 of this Chapter.
14	" <u>§ 105-517. Levy.</u>
15	(a) <u>After Vote. – If a majority of those voting in a special election held pursuant</u>
16	to this Article vote for the levy of the taxes in a county, the board of commissioners of a
17	county may, by resolution, levy one-half percent (1/2%) local sales and use taxes in
18	addition to any other State and local sales and use taxes levied pursuant to law.
19	(b) <u>Without Vote. – If the question of whether to levy taxes under this Article has</u>
20	not been defeated in a special election held in the county within two years, the board of
21	commissioners of a county may, by resolution, levy one-half percent (1/2%) local sales
22	and use taxes in addition to any other State and local sales and use taxes levied pursuant
23	to law. Before adopting a resolution under this subsection, the board of commissioners
24	must give at least 10 days' public notice of its intent to adopt the resolution and must
25	hold a public hearing on the issue of adopting the resolution.
26	(c) Effective Date. – A tax levied under this Article may not become effective
27	before July 1, 2003.
28	" <u>§ 105-518. County election on adoption of tax.</u>
29	(a) <u>Resolution. – The board of commissioners of a county may direct the county</u>
30	board of elections to conduct a special election on the question of whether to levy local
31	one-half percent (1/2%) sales and use taxes in the county as provided in this Article. The
32	election must be held on a date jointly agreed upon by the two boards and must be held
33	in accordance with the procedures of G.S. 163-287.
34	(b) Ballot Question. – The question to be presented on a ballot for a special
35	election concerning the levy of the taxes authorized by this Article must be in the
36	following form:
37	<u>'[]FOR</u> []AGAINST
38	one-half percent (1/2%) local sales and use taxes, to replace the current one-half percent
39	$(\frac{1}{2}\%)$ State sales and use taxes that end July 1, 2003.
40	" <u>§ 105-519. Administration of taxes.</u>
41	Except as provided in this Article, the adoption, levy, collection, administration, and
42	repeal of these additional taxes must be in accordance with Article 39 of this Chapter. A

42 repeal of these additional taxes must be in accordance with Article 39 of this Chapter. A

1	tax levied under this Article does not apply to the sales price of food that is exempt from
2	tax pursuant to G.S. 105-164.13B.
3	" <u>§ 105-520. Distribution of taxes.</u>
4	(a) Point of Origin The Secretary must, on a monthly basis, allocate to each
5	taxing county one-half of the net proceeds of the tax collected in that county under this
6	Article. If the Secretary collects taxes under this Article in a month and the taxes cannot
7	be identified as being attributable to a particular taxing county, the Secretary must
8	allocate one-half of the net proceeds of these taxes among the taxing counties in
9	proportion to the amount of taxes collected in each county under this Article in that
10	month.
11	(b) <u>Per Capita. – The Secretary must, on a monthly basis, allocate the remaining</u>
12	net proceeds of the tax collected under this Article among the taxing counties on a per
13	capita basis according to the most recent annual population estimates certified to the
14	Secretary by the State Budget Officer. The Secretary must then adjust the amount
15	allocated to each county as provided in G.S. 105-486(b).
16	(c) <u>Distribution Between Counties and Cities. – The Secretary must divide and</u>
17	distribute the funds allocated under this section each month between each taxing county
18	and the municipalities located in the county in accordance with the method by which the
19	one percent (1%) sales and use taxes levied in that county pursuant to Article 39 of this
20	Chapter or Chapter 1096 of the 1967 Session Laws are distributed. No municipality may
21	receive any funds under this subsection for a month if it is not entitled to a distribution
22	under G.S. 105-501 for the same month.
23	" <u>§ 105-521. Transitional local government hold harmless.</u>
24	(a) <u>Definitions. – The following definitions apply in this section:</u>
25	(1) Local government. – A county or municipality that received a
26	distribution of local sales taxes in the most recent fiscal year for which
27	a local sales tax share has been calculated.
28	(2) Local sales tax share. – A local government's percentage share of the
29	two-cent (2ϕ) sales taxes distributed during the most recent fiscal year
30	for which data are available.
31	(3) <u>Repealed reimbursement amount. – The total amount a local</u>
32	government would have been entitled to receive during the 2002-2003
33	<u>fiscal year under G.S. 105-164.44C, 105-275.1, 105-275.2</u> , $105-275.2$, $105-275.$
34	<u>105-277.001, and 105-277.1A, if the Governor had not withheld any</u>
35	(4) <u>distributions under those sections.</u>
36 37	(4) <u>Two-cent (2¢) sales taxes. – The first one-cent (1¢) sales and use tax</u> authorized in Article 20 of this Chapter and in Chapter 1006 of the
38	authorized in Article 39 of this Chapter and in Chapter 1096 of the 1967 Session Laws, the first one-half cent $(\frac{1}{2}\phi)$ local sales and use tax
30 39	
39 40	authorized in Article 40 of this Chapter, and the second one-half cent
40 41	$(\frac{1}{2}\phi)$ local sales and use tax authorized in Article 42 of this Chapter. (b) Distributions On or before September 15, 2003, and each September 15
41	(b) <u>Distributions. – On or before September 15, 2003, and each September 15</u> thereafter, the Secretary must multiply each local government's local sales tax share by
42	the estimated amount that all local governments would be expected to receive during the
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current fiscal year under G.S. 105-520 if every county levied the tax under this Article 1 2 for the year. If the resulting amount is less than one hundred percent (100%) of the local 3 government's repealed reimbursement amount, the Secretary must pay the local 4 government the difference, but not less than one hundred dollars (\$100.00). 5 On or before May 1, 2003, and each May 1 thereafter, the Office of State Budget 6 and Management and the Fiscal Research Division of the General Assembly must each 7 submit to the Secretary and to the General Assembly a final projection of the estimated 8 amount that all local governments would be expected to receive during the upcoming 9 fiscal year under G.S. 105-520 if every county levied the tax under this Article for the 10 fiscal year. If the Secretary does not use the lower of the two final projections to make 11 the calculation required by this subsection, the Secretary must report the reasons for this 12 decision to the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations within 60 13 days after receiving the projections. 14 (c) Source of Funds. - The Secretary must draw the funds distributed under this 15 section from sales and use tax collections under Article 5 of this Chapter. Reports. - The Secretary must report to the Revenue Laws Study Committee 16 (d) 17 by January 31, 2004, and each January 31 thereafter, the amount distributed under this 18 section for the current fiscal year." 19 **SECTION 2.(b)** Notwithstanding the provisions of G.S. 105-466(c), a tax 20 levied during the 2003 calendar year under Article 44 of Chapter 105 of the General 21 Statutes, as enacted by this act, may become effective on the first day of any calendar 22 month beginning on or after July 1, 2003. Notwithstanding the provisions of G.S. 23 105-466(c), if a county levies a tax during the 2003 calendar year under Article 44 of 24 Chapter 105 of the General Statutes, as enacted by this act, the county is required to 25 give the Secretary of Revenue only 30 days' advance notice of the tax levy. For taxes 26 levied on or after January 1, 2004, the provisions of G.S. 105-466(c) apply. 27 **SECTION 2.(c)** A tax levied under Article 44 of Chapter 105 of the General 28 Statutes, as enacted by this act, does not apply to construction materials purchased to 29 fulfill a lump-sum or unit-price contract entered into or awarded before the effective 30 date of the levy or entered into or awarded pursuant to a bid made before the effective 31 date of the levy when the construction materials would otherwise be subject to the tax 32 levied under Article 44 of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes. 33 **SECTION 2.(d)** This section is effective when it becomes law. 34 35 PART 3. LOCAL GOVERNMENT REIMBURSEMENTS 36 **SECTION 3.(a)** The following sections of the General Statutes are repealed: 37 G.S. 105-164.44C. Reimbursement for sales taxes on food stamp foods (1)38 and supplemental foods. 39 G.S. 105-275.1. Reimbursement for exclusion of manufacturers' (2)inventories and poultry and livestock. 40 G.S. 105-275.2. Reimbursement to counties and municipalities for 41 (3) 42 repeal of State tax on intangible personal property.

1		(4) G.S. 105-277.001. Reimbursement for exclusion of retailers' and
2		wholesalers' inventories.
3		(5) G.S. 105-277.1A. Property classified for taxation at reduced valuation;
4		duties of tax collectors; reimbursement of localities for portion of tax
5		lost.
6		SECTION 3.(b) This section becomes effective July 1, 2003.
7		
8	PART 4.	SALES TAX HOLIDAY
9		SECTION 4.(a) Part 3 of Article 5 of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes is
10	amended	by adding a new section to read:
11	" <u>§</u> 105-16	54.13C. Sales and use tax holiday.
12	(a)	The taxes imposed by this Article do not apply to the following items of
13		personal property if sold between 12:01A.M. on the first Friday of August and
14		A. the following Sunday:
15		(1) Clothing with a sales price of one hundred dollars (\$100.00) or less per
16		item.
17		(2) <u>Clothing accessories, such as hats, scarves, hosiery, and handbags</u> ,
18		with a sales price of one hundred dollars (\$100.00) or less per item.
19		(3) Footwear with a sales price of one hundred dollars (\$100.00) or less
20		per item.
20		(4) <u>School supplies, such as pens, pencils, paper, binders, notebooks</u> ,
22		textbooks, reference books, book bags, lunchboxes, and calculators,
23		with a sales price of one hundred dollars (\$100.00) or less per item.
23 24		(5) Computers, printers and printer supplies, and educational computer
24 25		software, with a sales price of three thousand five hundred dollars
23 26		-
20 27	(b)	(\$3,500) or less per item. The example a clowed by this section does not apply to the following:
27	<u>(b)</u>	The exemption allowed by this section does not apply to the following:
		(1) Sales of jewelry, cosmetics, eyewear, wallets, or watches.
29		(2) <u>Sales of furniture.</u>
30		(3) <u>Sales involving a layaway contract or a similar deferred payment and</u>
31		delivery plan.
32		(4) Sales of an item for use in a trade or business.
33	<i>/</i>	(5) <u>Rentals.</u>
34	<u>(c)</u>	For the purpose of this section, "computer" means a central processing unit
35	-	nal use and any peripherals sold with it and any computer software installed at
36	the time of	of purchase."
37		SECTION 4.(b) G.S. 105-467, as amended by S.L. 2001-347, reads as
38	rewritten:	
39 40	-	57. Scope of sales tax.
40	(a)	Sales Tax. – The sales tax that may be imposed under this Article is limited to
41		he rate of one percent (1%) of the transactions listed in this subsection. The
42		authorized by this Article does not apply to sales that are taxable by the State
43	under G.S	S. 105-164.4 but are not specifically included in this subsection.

1 2 3	(1)	The sales price of tangible personal property subject to the general rate of sales tax imposed by the State under G.S. $105-164.4(a)(1)$ and $(a)(4b)$.
4	(2)	The gross receipts derived from the lease or rental of tangible personal
5	(2)	property when the lease or rental of the property is subject to the
6		general rate of sales tax imposed by the State under G.S.
7		105-164.4(a)(2).
8	(3)	The gross receipts derived from the rental of any room or other
9		accommodations subject to the general rate of sales tax imposed by the
10		State under G.S. 105-164.4(a)(3).
11	(4)	The gross receipts derived from services rendered by laundries, dry
12		cleaners, and other businesses subject to the general rate of sales tax
13		imposed by the State under G.S. 105-164.4(a)(4).
14	(5)	The sales price of food that is not otherwise exempt from tax pursuant
15		to G.S. 105-164.13 but would be exempt from the State sales and use
16		tax pursuant to G.S. 105-164.13 if it were purchased under the Food
17		Stamp Program, 7 U.S.C. § 51.
18		ptions and Refunds. – The State exemptions and exclusions contained
19		105-164.13, the State sales and use tax holiday contained in G.S.
20		nd the State refund provisions contained in G.S. 105-164.14 apply to the
21		ise tax authorized to be levied and imposed under this Article. A taxing
22	• •	allow an exemption, exclusion, or refund that is not allowed under the
23	State sales and u	
24		ing. – The local sales tax authorized to be imposed and levied under this
25		to taxable transactions by retailers whose place of business is located $C_{1} = C_{1} = C_{1$
26		ng county. The sourcing principles in G.S. 105-164.4B apply in
27 28	-	ether the local sales tax applies to a transaction."
28 29		TION 4.(c) The second paragraph of Section 4 of Chapter 1096 of the uses is rewritten to read:
30		tions and exclusions contained in G.S. 105-164.13 and the sales and use
31	·	tained in G.S. 105-164.13C apply with equal force and like manner to
32	•	ax authorized to be imposed and levied under this division. The county
33		athority, with respect to the local sales and use tax imposed under this
34		nge, alter, add, or delete any exemptions or exclusions contained under
35	G.S. 105-164.13	
36		FION 4.(d) This section becomes effective January 1, 2002, and applies
37		or after that date.
38		
39	PART 5. EC	QUALIZE TAXATION OF SATELLITE TV AND CABLE TV
40		TION 5.(a) G.S. 105-164.4(a) is amended by adding a new subdivision
41	to read:	
42	" <u>(6)</u>	The rate of five percent (5%) applies to the gross receipts derived from
43		providing direct-to-home satellite service to subscribers in this State. A

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1	normal second in the basis of specialized time to be second 11:44
1	person engaged in the business of providing direct-to-home satellite
2	service is considered a retailer under this Article."
3	SECTION 5.(b) G.S. 105-164.3 is amended by adding the following new
4	subdivision to read:
5	"§ 105-164.3. Definitions.
6	The following definitions apply in this Article, except when the context clearly
7	indicates a different meaning:
8	•••
9	(4a) Direct-to-home satellite service. – Programming transmitted or
10	broadcast by satellite directly to the subscribers' premises without the
11	use of ground equipment or distribution equipment, except equipment
12	at the subscribers' premises or the uplink process to the satellite."
13	SECTION 5.(c) This section becomes effective January 1, 2002, and applies
14	to sales made on or after that date.
15	
16	PART 6. NEW TAX BRACKET FOR INCOME OVER \$200,000
17	SECTION 6.(a) G.S. 105-134.2(a) reads as rewritten:
18	"(a) A tax is imposed upon the North Carolina taxable income of every individual.
19	The tax shall be levied, collected, and paid annually and shall be computed at the
20	following percentages of the taxpayer's North Carolina taxable income.
21	(1) For married individuals who file a joint return under G.S. 105-152 and
22	for surviving spouses, as defined in section 2(a) of the Code:
23	Over Up To Rate
24	-0- \$21,250 6%
25	\$2 <u>1,250</u> \$ <u>100,000</u> <u>7%</u>
26	<u>\$100,000</u> <u>\$200,000</u> <u>7.75%</u>
27	\$200,000 NA 8.25%
28	On the North Carolina taxable income up to twenty one thousand two
29	hundred fifty dollars (\$21,250), six percent (6%).
30	On the amount over twenty-one thousand two hundred fifty dollars
31	(\$21,250) and up to one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000), seven
32	percent (7%).
33	On the amount over one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000), seven
34	and seventy-five one-hundredths percent (7.75%).
35	(2) For heads of households, as defined in section 2(b) of the Code:
36	<u>Over Up To Rate</u>
37	<u>-0-</u> \$17,000 <u>6%</u>
38	\$17,000 \$80,000 7%
39	\$80,000 \$160,000 <u>7.75%</u>
40	<u>\$160,000</u> NA <u>8.25%</u>
41	On the North Carolina taxable income up to seventeen thousand
42	dollars (\$17,000), six percent (6%).
14	

1		On the amount over seventeen thousand dollars (\$17,000) and up to	+
2		eighty thousand dollars (\$80,000), seven percent (7%).	
3		On the amount over eighty thousand dollars (\$80,000), seven and	t
4		seventy-five one-hundredths percent (7.75%).	
5	(3)	For unmarried individuals other than surviving spouses and heads of	:
6		households:	
7		<u>Over Up To Rate</u>	
8		<u>-0-</u> <u>\$12,750</u> <u>6%</u>	
9		<u>\$12,750</u> <u>\$60,000</u> <u>7%</u>	
10		<u>\$60,000</u> <u>\$120,000</u> <u>7.75%</u>	
11		<u>\$120,000</u> <u>NA</u> <u>8.25%</u>	
12		On the North Carolina taxable income up to twelve thousand seven	t
13		hundred fifty dollars (\$12,750), six percent (6%).	
14		On the amount over twelve thousand seven hundred fifty dollars	,
15		(\$12,750) and up to sixty thousand dollars (\$60,000), seven percent	Ē
16		(7%).	
17		On the amount over sixty thousand dollars (\$60,000), seven and	C
18		seventy five one hundredths percent (7.75%).	
19	(4)	For married individuals who do not file a joint return under G.S.	
20		105-152:	
21		<u>Over Up To Rate</u>	
22		<u>-0-</u> <u>\$10,625</u> <u>6%</u>	
23		<u>\$10,625</u> <u>\$50,000</u> <u>7%</u>	
24		<u>\$50,000</u> <u>\$100,000</u> <u>7.75%</u>	
25		<u>\$100,000 NA 8.25%</u>	
26		On the North Carolina taxable income up to ten thousand six hundred	ł
27		twenty-five dollars (\$10,625), six percent (6%).	
28		On the amount over ten thousand six hundred twenty five dollars	
29		(\$10,625) and up to fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000), seven percent	-
30		(7%).	
31		On the amount over fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000), seven and	t
32		seventy five one hundredths percent (7.75%)."	
33		TION 6.(b) This section becomes effective for taxable years beginning	
34		ary 1, 2001, and expires for taxable years beginning on or after January	
35		hstanding G.S. 105-163.15, no addition to tax may be made under that	
36		able year beginning on or after January 1, 2001, and before January 1,	
37		bect to an underpayment of individual income tax to the extent the	;
38	underpayment w	as created or increased by this section.	
39			•
40		LIMINATE THE MARRIAGE TAX PENALTY FOR THE	1
41		FANDARD DEDUCTION	
42		FION 7.(a) Effective for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, $124.6(a)(2)$ and (4) mode as rewritten:	,

43 2002, G.S. 105-134.6(c)(3) and (4) reads as rewritten:

"(c) Additions. - The following additions to taxable income shall be made in 1 2 calculating North Carolina taxable income, to the extent each item is not included in 3 taxable income:

5	taxable medine.		
4			
5	(3)	Any amount deducted from gross income	under section 164 of the
6		Code as state, local, or foreign income	tax to the extent that the
7		taxpayer's total itemized deductions deduct	ted under the Code for the
8		taxable year exceed the standard deduction	allowable to the taxpayer
9		under the Code reduced by the amount	by which the taxpayer's
10		allowable standard deduction has been	increased under section
11		63(c)(4) of the Code.the taxpayer is require	ed to add to taxable income
12		under subdivision (4) of this subsection.	
13	(4)	The amount by which the taxpayer's addition	onal standard deduction for
14		aged and blind has been increased for	r inflation under section
15		63(c)(4)(A) of the Code. Code plus the amount	unt by which the taxpayer's
16		basic standard deduction, including adjustm	ents for inflation, under the
17		Code exceeds the appropriate amount in th	e following chart based on
18		the taxpayer's filing status:	
19		<u>Filing Status</u>	Standard Deduction
20		Married filing jointly/Surviving Spouse	<u>\$5,500</u>
21		Head of Household	4,400
22		Single	<u>3,000</u>
23		Married filing separately	<u>2,750</u> ".
24		TION 7.(b) Effective for taxable years begin	
25		134.6(c)(4), as amended by this section, reads	
26		ions The following additions to taxable	
27	-	th Carolina taxable income, to the extent ea	ich item is not included in
28	taxable income:		
29	•••		
30	(4)	The amount by which the taxpayer's addition	
31		aged and blind has been increased for	
32		63(c)(4)(A) of the Code plus the amount by	
33		standard deduction, including adjustment	
34		Code exceeds the appropriate amount in th	e following chart based on
35		the taxpayer's filing status:	
36		Filing Status	Standard Deduction
37		Married filing jointly/Surviving Spouse	\$5,500<u></u>\$6,000
38		Head of Household	4,400
39 40		Single Married filing concretely	3,000
40		Married filing separately	2,750<u>3,000</u>".
41		CDEASE TAY CDEDIT FOD CITU DDE	N
42	PART 8. IN	CREASE TAX CREDIT FOR CHILDRE	1

42 PAKI ð. CKEASE IAA CKEDII FUK CHILDKEN

1	SECTION 8.(a) Effective for taxable years beginning on or after January 1,		
2	2002, G.S. 105-151.24 reads as rewritten:		
3	"§ 105-151.24. Credit for children.		
4	An individual whose adjusted gross income (AGI), as calculated under the Code, is		
5	less than the amount listed below is allowed a credit against the tax imposed by this Part		
6	in an amount equal to sixty dollars (\$60.00) seventy-five dollars (\$75.00) for each		
7	dependent child for whom the individual was allowed to deduct a personal exemption		
8	under section 151(c)(1)(B) of the Code for the taxable year:		
9	Filing Status AGI		
10	Married, filing jointly \$100,000		
11	Head of Household 80,000		
12	Single 60,000		
13	Married, filing separately 50,000.		
14	A nonresident or part-year resident who claims the credit allowed by this section		
15	shall reduce the amount of the credit by multiplying it by the fraction calculated under		
16	G.S. 105-134.5(b) or (c), as appropriate. The credit allowed under this section may not		
17	exceed the amount of tax imposed by this Part for the taxable year reduced by the sum		
18	of all credits allowed, except payments of tax made by or on behalf of the taxpayer."		
19	SECTION 8.(b) Effective for taxable years beginning on or after January 1,		
20	2003, G.S. 105-151.24, as amended by this section, reads as rewritten:		
21	"§ 105-151.24. Credit for children.		
22	An individual whose adjusted gross income (AGI), as calculated under the Code, is		
23	less than the amount listed below is allowed a credit against the tax imposed by this Part		
24	in an amount equal to seventy five dollars (\$75.00) one hundred dollars (\$100.00) for		
25	each dependent child for whom the individual was allowed to deduct a personal		
26	exemption under section $151(c)(1)(B)$ of the Code for the taxable year:		
27	Filing Status AGI		
28	Married, filing jointly \$100,000		
29	Head of Household 80,000		
30	Single 60,000		
31	Married, filing separately 50,000.		
32	A nonresident or part-year resident who claims the credit allowed by this section		
33	shall reduce the amount of the credit by multiplying it by the fraction calculated under		
34	G.S. 105-134.5(b) or (c), as appropriate. The credit allowed under this section may not		
35	exceed the amount of tax imposed by this Part for the taxable year reduced by the sum		
36	of all credits allowed, except payments of tax made by or on behalf of the taxpayer."		
37			
38	PART 9. ELIMINATE THE CHILDREN'S HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT		
39	SECTION 9.(a) G.S. 105-151.27 is repealed.		
40	SECTION 9.(b) This section is effective for taxable years beginning on or		
41	after January 1, 2001.		
42			

1	_	ZE TAXATION OF HMOs AND MEDICAL SERVICE
2	COMPA	
3		0.(a) G.S. 105-228.5 reads as rewritten:
4		neasured by gross premiums.
5		– A tax is levied in this section on insurers, Article 65
6	-	<u>aintenance organizations</u> , and self-insurers. An insurer insurer,
7		ganization, or Article 65 corporation that is subject to the tax
8	-	s not subject to franchise or income taxes imposed by Articles 3
9	and 4, respectively, of	this Chapter.
10	(b) Tax Base. –	
11		ers. – The tax imposed by this section on an insurer or a health $\frac{1}{2}$
12		enance organization shall be measured by gross premiums from
13		ess done in this State during the preceding calendar year.
14		ional Local Fire and Lightning Rate. – The additional tax
15		ed by subdivision (d)(4) of this section shall be measured by
16		premiums from business done in fire districts in this State during
17	_	eceding calendar year. For the purpose of this section, the term
18		listrict" has the meaning provided in G.S. 58-84-5.
19		e 65 Corporations. – The tax imposed by this section on an
20		e 65 corporation shall be measured by gross collections from
21		pership dues, exclusive of receipts from cost plus plans, received
22	•	corporation during the preceding calendar year.
23		nsurers. – The tax imposed by this section on a self-insurer shall
24		asured by the gross premiums that would be charged against the
25		or most similar industry or business, taken from the manual
26		nce rate then in force in this State, applied to the self-insurer's
27		Il for the previous calendar year as determined under Article 2 of
28	-	er 97 of the General Statutes modified by the self-insurer's
29		ved experience modifier.
30		of Tax Base. – In determining the amount of gross premiums
31		tate, all gross premiums received in this State, credited to policies
32	-	this State, or derived from business written in this State shall be
33		acts covering persons, property, or risks resident or located in this
34	State unless one of the	- · · ·
35	-	remiums are properly reported and properly allocated as being
36		red from business done in some other nation, territory, state, or
37	states	
38		remiums are from policies written in federal areas for persons in
39		ry service who pay premiums by assignment of service pay.
40	-	com business done in this State in the case of life insurance
41	-	pplemental contracts providing for disability benefits, accidental
42		er special benefits that are not annuities, means all premiums
43	collected in the calend	ar year, other than for contracts of reinsurance, for policies the

premiums on which are paid by or credited to persons, firms, or corporations resident in 1 2 this State, or in the case of group policies, for contracts of insurance covering persons 3 resident within this State. The only deductions allowed shall be for premiums refunded 4 on policies rescinded for fraud or other breach of contract and premiums that were paid 5 in advance on life insurance contracts and subsequently refunded to the insured, 6 premium payer, beneficiary or estate. Gross premiums shall be deemed to have been 7 collected for the amounts as provided in the policy contracts for the time in force during 8 the year, whether satisfied by cash payment, notes, loans, automatic premium loans, 9 applied dividend, or by any other means except waiver of premiums by companies 10 under a contract for waiver of premium in case of disability.

Gross premiums from business done in this State for all other health care plans and 11 12 contracts of insurance, including contracts of insurance required to be carried by the 13 Workers' Compensation Act, means all premiums written during the calendar year, or 14 the equivalent thereof in the case of self-insurers under the Workers' Compensation Act, 15 for contracts covering property or risks in this State, other than for contracts of 16 reinsurance, whether the premiums are designated as premiums, deposits, premium 17 deposits, policy fees, membership fees, or assessments. Gross premiums shall be 18 deemed to have been written for the amounts as provided in the policy contracts, new 19 and renewal, becoming effective during the year irrespective of the time or method of 20 making payment or settlement for the premiums, and with no deduction for dividends 21 whether returned in cash or allowed in payment or reduction of premiums or for 22 additional insurance, and without any other deduction except for return of premiums, 23 deposits, fees, or assessments for adjustment of policy rates or for cancellation or 24 surrender of policies.

(c) Exclusions. – Every insurer, in computing the premium tax, shall exclude all
 of the following from the gross amount of premiums: premiums, and the gross amount
 of excluded premiums is exempt from the tax imposed by this section:

- 28 All premiums received on or after July 1, 1973, from policies or (1)29 contracts issued in connection with the funding of a pension, annuity, 30 or profit-sharing plan qualified or exempt under section 401, 403, 404, 31 408, 457 or 501 of the Code as defined in G.S. 105-228.90. 32 Premiums or considerations received from annuities, as defined in G.S. (2)33 58-7-15. 34 Funds or considerations received in connection with funding (3) 35 agreements, as defined in G.S. 58-7-16. 36
 - (4) <u>The following premiums, to the extent federal law prohibits their</u> <u>taxation under this Article:</u>
- 38 39

37

- <u>a.</u> Federal Employees Health Benefits Plan premiums.b. Medicaid or Medicare premiums.
- 40 The gross amount of the excluded premiums, funds, and considerations shall be 41 exempt from the tax imposed by this section.
- 42 (d) Tax Rates; Disposition. –

1	(1)	Workers Workers' Compensation. – The tax rate to be applied to gross
2		premiums, or the equivalent thereof in the case of self-insurers, on
3		contracts applicable to liabilities under the Workers' Compensation
4		Act shall be <u>is</u> two and five-tenths percent (2.5%). The net proceeds
5		shall be credited to the General Fund.
6	(2)	Other Insurance Contracts The tax rate to be applied to gross
7		premiums on all other insurance taxable contracts issued by insurers
8		shall be is one and nine-tenths percent (1.9%). The net proceeds shall
9		be credited to the General Fund.
10	(3)	Additional Statewide Fire and Lightning Rate. – An additional tax
11		shall be applied to gross premiums on contracts of insurance
12		applicable to fire and lightning coverage, except in the case of marine
13		and automobile policies, at the rate of one and thirty-three hundredths
14		percent (1.33%). Twenty-five percent (25%) of the net proceeds of this
15		additional tax shall be deposited in the Volunteer Fire Department
16		Fund established in Article 87 of Chapter 58 of the General Statutes.
17		The remaining net proceeds shall be credited to the General Fund.
18	(4)	Additional Local Fire and Lightning Rate. – An additional tax shall be
19		applied to gross premiums on contracts of insurance applicable to fire
20		and lightning coverage within fire districts at the rate of one-half of
21		one percent (1/2 of 1%). The net proceeds shall be credited to the
22		Department of Insurance for disbursement pursuant to G.S. 58-84-25.
23	(5)	Article 65 Corporations The tax rate to be applied to gross
24		premiums and/or gross collections from membership dues, exclusive
25		of receipts from cost plus plans, received by Article 65 corporations
26		shall be one-half of one percent (1/2 of 1%). is one percent (1%). The
27		net proceeds shall be credited to the General Fund.
28	<u>(6)</u>	Health Maintenance Organizations The tax rate to be applied to
29		gross premiums on insurance contracts issued by health maintenance
30		organizations is one percent (1%). The net proceeds shall be credited
31		to the General Fund.
32	(e) Repor	t and Payment. – Each insurer, Article 65 corporation, and self-insurer
33	taxpayer doing l	business in this State shall, within the first 15 days of March, file with
34	the Secretary of	f Revenue a full and accurate report of the total gross premiums as
35		ection, the payroll and other information required by the Secretary in the
36		surer, or the total gross collections from membership dues exclusive of
37	-	st plus plans collected in this State during the preceding calendar year.
38	•	be verified by the oath of the official or other representative responsible
39	-	it; the taxes imposed by this section shall be remitted to the Secretary
40	with the report.	
41	In the case of	of an insurer liable for the additional local fire and lightning tax, the

42 report shall include the information required under G.S. 58-84-1.

1 Installment Payments Required. – Insurers, Article 65 corporations, and self-(f)2 insurers Taxpayers that are subject to the tax imposed by this section and have a 3 premium tax liability, not including the additional local fire and lightning tax, of ten 4 thousand dollars (\$10,000) or more for business done in North Carolina during the 5 immediately preceding year shall remit three equal quarterly installments with each 6 installment equal to at least thirty-three and one-third percent (33 1/3%) of the premium 7 tax liability incurred in the immediately preceding taxable year. The quarterly 8 installment payments shall be made on or before April 15, June 15, and October 15 of 9 each taxable year. The company shall remit the balance by the following March 15 in 10 the same manner provided in this section for annual returns.

11 The Secretary of Revenue may permit an insurance company to pay less than the 12 required estimated payment when the insurer reasonably believes that the total 13 estimated payments made for the current year will exceed the total anticipated tax 14 liability for the year.

An underpayment of an installment payment required by this subsection shall bear interest at the rate established under G.S. 105-241.1(i). Any overpayment shall bear interest as provided in G.S. 105-266(b) and, together with the interest, shall be credited to the company and applied against the taxes imposed upon the company under this Article.

(g) Exemptions. – This section does not apply to farmers' mutual assessment fire
 insurance companies or to fraternal orders or societies that do not operate for a profit
 and do not issue policies on any person except members."

23

SECTION 10.(b) G.S. 58-6-25(a) reads as rewritten:

24 Charge Levied. - There is levied on each insurance company an annual "(a) 25 charge for the purposes stated in subsection (d) of this section. The charge levied in this 26 section is in addition to all other fees and taxes. The percentage rate of the charge is 27 established pursuant to subsection (b) of this section. For each insurance company that 28 is not an Article 65 corporation nor a health maintenance organization, the rate is applied to the company's premium tax liability for the taxable year. For Article 65 29 30 corporations and health maintenance organizations, the rate is applied to a presumed 31 premium tax liability for the taxable year calculated as if the corporation or organization 32 were an insurer providing health insurance. paying tax at the rate in G.S. 33 105-228.5(d)(2). In determining an insurance company's premium tax liability for a 34 taxable year, the following shall be disregarded:

- 35 36 37
- (1) Additional taxes imposed by G.S. 105-228.8.
- (2) The additional local fire and lightning tax imposed by G.S. 105-228.5(d)(4).
- 38 39
- (3) Any tax credits for guaranty or solvency fund assessments under G.S. 105-228.5A or G.S. 97-133(a).

Any tax credits allowed under Chapter 105 of the General Statutes

40 41

42

- other than tax payments made by or on behalf of the taxpayer."
- **SECTION 10.(c)** G.S. 58-6-25(e) reads as rewritten:
- 43 "(e) Definitions. The following definitions apply in this section:

(4)

SESSION 2001

1	(1) $A_{\rm ref} = 12.65$ some metion. Defined in C.S. 105.229.2
1	(1) Article 65 corporation. – Defined in G.S. 105-228.3.
2	(2) Insurance company. $-A$ company that pays the gross premiums tax
3	levied in G.S. 105-228.5 and G.S. 105-228.8 or a health maintenance
4	organization. <u>105-228.8.</u>
5	(3) Insurer. – Defined in G.S. 105-228.3."
6	SECTION 10.(d) This section is effective for taxable years beginning on or
7	after January 1, 2002.
8	
9	PART 11. SPIRITUOUS LIQUOR SALES TAX AND EXCISE TAX
10	SECTION 11.(a) G.S. 105-164.13(37) is repealed.
11	SECTION 11.(b) G.S. 105-164.4(a) is amended by adding a new
12	subdivision to read:
13	"(6) The rate of six percent (6%) applies to the sales price of spirituous
14	liquor other than mixed beverages. As used in this subdivision, the
15	terms 'spirituous liquor' and 'mixed beverage' have the meanings
16	provided in G.S. 18B-101."
17	SECTION 11.(c) G.S. 105-113.80(c) reads as rewritten:
18	"(c) Liquor. – An excise tax of twenty-eight percent (28%) is levied on liquor sold
19	in ABC stores. Pursuant to G.S. 18B-804(b), the price of liquor on which this tax is
20	computed is the distiller's price plus (i) the State ABC warehouse freight and bailment
21	charges, and (ii) a markup for local ABC boards. This tax is in lieu of sales and use
22	taxes; accordingly, liquor is exempt from those taxes as provided in G.S.
23	105-164.13(37). "
24	SECTION 11.(d) G.S. 105-113.80(c), as amended by subsection (c) of this
25	section, reads as rewritten:
26	"(c) Liquor. – An excise tax of twenty eight percent (28%) twenty-five percent
27	(25%) is levied on liquor sold in ABC stores. Pursuant to G.S. 18B-804(b), the price of
28	liquor on which this tax is computed is the distiller's price plus (i) the State ABC
29	warehouse freight and bailment charges, and (ii) a markup for local ABC boards."
30	SECTION 11.(e) Subsection (d) of this section becomes effective February
31	1, 2002. The remainder of this section becomes effective December 1, 2001, and
32	applies to sales made on or after that date.
33	appres to sales made on of after that date.
34	PART 12. NO TAX BREAK FOR LUXURY CARS/NO FIRE & RESCUE
35	VEHICLE TAX
36	SECTION 12.(a) G.S. 105-187.3(a) reads as rewritten:
30 37	"(a) Amount. – The rate of the use tax imposed by this Article is three percent
38	(3%) of the retail value of a motor vehicle for which a certificate of title is issued. The
39	tax is payable as provided in G.S. 105-187.4. The tax may not be more than one
40	thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each certificate of title issued for a Class A or Class B
40 41	motor vehicle that is a commercial motor vehicle, as defined in G.S. 20-4.01. The tax
42	may not be more than one thousand five hundred dollars (\$1,500) for each certificate of
43	title issued for any other motor vehicle."
чЈ	the issued for any other motor venicle.

1	SECTION 12.(b) G.S. 105-187.5(b) reads as rewritten:		
2	"(b) Rate. – The tax rate on the gross receipts from the short-term lease or rental		
3	of a motor vehicle is eight percent (8%) and the tax rate on the gross receipts from the		
4	long-term lease or rental of a motor vehicle is three percent (3%). Gross receipts does		
5	not include the amount of any allowance given for a motor vehicle taken in trade as a		
6	partial payment on the lease or rental price. The maximum tax in G.S. 105-187.3(a) on		
7	<u>certain commercial motor vehicles</u> applies to a continuous lease or rental of <u>such</u> a		
8	motor vehicle to the same person."		
9	SECTION 12.(c) G.S. 105-187.9 reads as rewritten:		
10	"§ 105-187.9. Disposition of tax proceeds.		
11	(a) Taxes collected under this Article at the rate of eight percent (8%) shall be		
12	credited to the General Fund. Taxes collected under this Article at the rate of three		
13	percent (3%) shall be credited to the North Carolina Highway Trust Fund.		
14	(b) In each fiscal year the State Treasurer shall transfer the sum of one hundred		
15	seventy million dollars (\$170,000,000) of amounts provided below from the taxes		
16	deposited in the Trust Fund to the General Fund. The transfer of funds authorized by		
17	this section may be made by transferring one-fourth of the amount at the end of each		
18	quarter in the fiscal year or by transferring the full amount annually on July 1 of each		
19	fiscal year, subject to the availability of revenue.		
20	(1) The sum of one hundred seventy million dollars (\$170,000,000).		
21	(2) In the 2001-2002 fiscal year, the sum of one million seven hundred		
22	thousand dollars (\$1,700,000). In the 2002-2003 fiscal year, the sum of		
23	two million four hundred thousand dollars (\$2,400,000). In each fiscal		
24	year thereafter, the sum transferred under this subdivision in the		
25	previous fiscal year plus or minus a percentage of this sum equal to the		
26	percentage by which tax collections under this Article increased or		
27	decreased for the most recent 12-month period for which data are		
28	available."		
29	SECTION 12.(d) G.S. 105-187.6(a) reads as rewritten:		
30	"(a) Full Exemptions. – The tax imposed by this Article does not apply when a		
31	certificate of title is issued as the result of a transfer of a motor vehicle:		
32	(1) To the insurer of the motor vehicle under G.S. 20-109.1 because the		
33	vehicle is a salvage vehicle.		
34	(2) To either a manufacturer, as defined in G.S. 20-286, or a motor vehicle		
35	retailer for the purpose of resale.		
36	(3) To the same owner to reflect a change or correction in the owner's		
37	name.		
38	(4) By will or intestacy.		
39	(5) By a gift between a husband and wife, a parent and child, or a		
40	stepparent and a stepchild.		
41	(6) By a distribution of marital or divisible property incident to a marital		
42	separation or divorce.		

1 2	(7)	To a handicapped person from the Department of Health and Human Services after the vehicle has been equipped by the Department for use
3		by the handicapped.
4	(8)	To a local board of education for use in the driver education program
5		of a public school when the motor vehicle is transferred:
6		a. By a retailer and is to be transferred back to the retailer within
7		300 days after the transfer to the local board.
8		b. By a local board of education.
9	<u>(9)</u>	To a volunteer fire department or volunteer rescue squad that is not
10		part of a unit of local government, has no more than two paid
11		employees, and is exempt from State income tax under G.S.
12		105-130.11, when the motor vehicle is one of the following:
13		<u>a.</u> <u>A fire truck, a pump truck, a tanker truck, or a ladder truck used</u>
14		to suppress fire.
15		b. A four-wheel drive vehicle intended to be mounted with a water
16		tank and hose and used for forest fire fighting.
17		c. <u>An emergency services vehicle.</u> "
18	SECT	FION 12.(e) G.S. 105-187.1 reads as rewritten:
19	"§ 105-187.1. E	Definitions.
20	The followin	g definitions and the definitions in G.S. 105-164.3 apply to this Article:
21	(1)	"Commissioner" means the Commissioner The Commissioner of
22		Motor Vehicles.
23	(2)	"Division" means the Division The Division of Motor Vehicles,
24		Department of Transportation.
25	(3)	"Long term lease or rental" means a Long-term lease or rental. – A
26		lease or rental made under a written agreement to lease or rent
27		property to the same person for a period of at least 365 continuous
28		days.
29	<u>(3a)</u>	Rescue squad An organization that provides rescue services,
30		emergency medical services, or both.
31	(3a)(3b)	Retailer. – A retailer as defined in G.S. 105-164.3 who is engaged in
32		the business of selling, leasing, or renting motor vehicles.
33	(4)	"Short term lease or rental" means a Short-term lease or rental. – A
34		lease or rental that is not a long-term lease or rental."
35	SECT	FION 12.(f) Subsection (c) of this section is effective on and after July
36	1, 2001. The rem	mainder of this section becomes effective October 1, 2001, and applies
37	to certificates of	title issued on or after that date.
38		
39	PART 13. UI	NIFORM TELECOMMUNICATIONS TAX AT 6%
40	SECT	FION 13.(a) If House Bill 571, 2001 General Assembly, becomes law
41	on or before Jan	nuary 1, 2002, G.S. 105-164.4(a)(4c), as amended by House Bill 571,

42 reads as rewritten:

"(4c) The rate of four and one half percent (4.5%) six percent (6%) applies
 to the gross receipts derived from providing telecommunications
 service. A person who provides telecommunications service is
 considered a retailer under this Article. Telecommunications service is
 taxed in accordance with G.S. 105-164.4B."

6 **SECTION 13.(b)** If House Bill 571, 2001 General Assembly, becomes law 7 on or before January 1, 2002, G.S. 105-164.44F(a), as enacted by House Bill 571, reads 8 as rewritten:

9 "(a) Amount. - The Secretary must distribute to the cities part of the taxes 10 imposed by G.S. 105-164.4(a)(4c) on telecommunications service. The Secretary must 11 make the distribution within 75 days after the end of each calendar quarter. The amount 12 the Secretary must distribute is twenty-four and four-tenths percent (24.4%) eighteen 13 and twenty-six hundredths percent (18.26%) of the net proceeds of the taxes collected 14 during the quarter, minus two million six hundred twenty thousand nine hundred 15 forty-eight dollars (\$2,620,948). This deduction is one-fourth of the annual amount by 16 which the distribution to cities of the gross receipts franchise tax on telephone 17 companies, imposed by former G.S. 105-120, was required to be reduced beginning in 18 fiscal year 1995-96 as a result of the 'freeze deduction.' The Secretary must distribute 19 the specified percentage of the proceeds, less the 'freeze deduction' among the cities in 20 accordance with this section."

21 **SECTION 13.(c)** This section becomes effective January 1, 2002, and 22 applies to taxable services reflected on bills dated on or after January 1, 2002.

23

24 PART 14. EFFECTIVE DATE

25 **SECTION 14.** Except as otherwise provided in this act, this act is effective 26 when it becomes law.