# GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2017

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## **HOUSE BILL 436**

# Committee Substitute Favorable 4/20/17 Senate State and Local Government Committee Substitute Adopted 6/20/17

Short Title: L	ocal Government/Regulatory Fees.	(Public)					
Sponsors:							
Referred to:							
March 23, 2017							
A BILL TO BE ENTITLED							
AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR UNIFORM AUTHORITY TO IMPLEMENT SYSTEM							
DEVELOPMENT FEES FOR PUBLIC WATER AND SEWER SYSTEMS IN NORTH							
CAROLINA AND TO CLARIFY THE APPLICABLE STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS.							
The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:							
	TION 1. Chapter 162A of the General Statutes is amende	ed by adding a new					
Article to read:	1	, ,					
	"Article 8.						
	"System Development Fees.						
" <u>§ 162A-200. S</u>	hort title.						
This Article	shall be known and may be cited as the "Public Water	and Sewer System					
Development Fe	ee Act."						
" <u>§ 162A-201.  D</u>	<u>Definitions.</u>						
The following	ng definitions apply in this Article:						
<u>(1)</u>	Capital improvement. – A planned facility or expansio						
	existing facility other than a capital rehabilitation project	necessitated by and					
	attributable to new development.						
<u>(2)</u>	Capital rehabilitation project. – Any repair, maintenan						
	upgrade, update, replacement, or correction of deficie	<u> </u>					
	including any expansion or other undertaking to incre	ease the preexisting					
(2)	level of service for existing development.	111					
<u>(3)</u>	Existing development. – Land subdivisions, structures						
	existence at the start of the written analysis pro						
	G.S. 162A-205, no more than one year prior to the ad	ioption of a system					
(4)	development fee. Facility. – A water supply, treatment, storage, or distri	bution facility or a					
<u>(4)</u>	wastewater collection, treatment, or disposal facility, inc	•					
	reclamation of water, owned or operated, or to be owned						
	local governmental unit and land associated with such fac						
<u>(5)</u>	Local governmental unit. – Any entity that owns or	<del>-</del>					
(5)	pursuant to Part 2 of Article 2 of Chapter 130A, Article 1	-					
	Article 16 of Chapter 160A, or Articles 1, 4, 5, 5A, or 6	_					
	the General Statutes.	<u> </u>					
<u>(6)</u>	New development. – Any of the following occurring at	fter the date a local					
<del>\</del>	government begins the written analysis process required						



1				one year prior to the adoption of a system development fee,
2		which		es the capacity necessary to serve that development:
3			<u>a.</u>	The subdivision of land.
4			<u>b.</u>	The construction, reconstruction, redevelopment, conversion,
5				structural alteration, relocation, or enlargement of any
6				structure which increases the number of service units.
7			<u>c.</u>	Any use or extension of the use of land which increases the
8	( <b>=</b> )	a .	***	number of service units.
9	<u>(7)</u>			ter or sewer service, or water and sewer service, provided by a
10	(0)			ental unit.
11	<u>(8)</u>			- A unit of measure, typically an equivalent residential unit,
12				accordance with generally accepted engineering or planning
13		standa		
14	<u>(9)</u>	-		opment fee. – A charge or assessment for service imposed with
15				ew development to fund costs of capital improvements
16				y and attributable to such new development, to recoup costs of
17			_	ties which serve such new development, or a combination of
18				provided in this Article. The term includes amortized charges,
19				arges, and any other fee that functions as described by this
20				ardless of terminology. The term does not include any of the
21		<u>follow</u>	<u>ing:</u>	
22			<u>a.</u>	A charge or fee to pay the administrative, plan review, or
23				inspection costs associated with permits required for
24				development.
25			<u>b.</u>	Tap or hookup charges for the purpose of reimbursing the
26				local governmental unit for the actual cost of connecting the
27				service unit to the system.
28			<u>C.</u>	Availability charges.
29			<u>d.</u>	Dedication of capital improvements on-site, adjacent, or
30				ancillary to a development absent a written agreement
31				providing for credit or reimbursement to the developer
32				pursuant to G.S. 153A-280, 153A-451, 160A-320, 160A-499
33				or Part 3A of Article 18, Chapter 153A or Part 3D of Article
34				19, Chapter 160A of the General Statutes.
35			<u>e.</u>	Reimbursement to the local governmental unit for its
36				expenses in constructing or providing for water or sewer
37				utility capital improvements adjacent or ancillary to the
38				development if the owner or developer has agreed to be
39				financially responsible for such expenses; however, such
40				reimbursement shall be credited to any system development
41				fee charged as set forth in G.S. 162A-207(c).
42		<u>(10)</u>	•	n development fee analysis An analysis meeting the
43			require	ements of G.S. 162A-205.
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## "§ 162A-203. Authorization of system development fee.

- A local governmental unit may adopt a system development fee for water or sewer service only in accordance with the conditions and limitations of this Article.
- A system development fee adopted by a local governmental unit under any lawful authority other than this Article and in effect on October 1, 2017, shall be conformed to the requirements of this Article not later than July 1, 2018.
- "§ 162A-204. Reserved.

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### "§ 162A-205. Supporting analysis.

A system development fee must be calculated based on a written analysis, which may constitute or be included in a capital improvements plan, that:

- (1) Is prepared by a financial professional or a licensed professional engineer qualified by experience and training or education to employ generally accepted accounting, engineering, and planning methodologies to calculate system development fees for public water and sewer systems.
- (2) Documents in reasonable detail the facts and data used in the analysis and their sufficiency and reliability.
- (3) Employs generally accepted accounting, engineering, and planning methodologies, including the buy-in, incremental cost or marginal cost, and combined cost methods for each service, setting forth appropriate analysis as to the consideration and selection of a method appropriate to the circumstances and adapted as necessary to satisfy all requirements of this Article.
- (4) Documents and demonstrates the reliable application of the methodologies to the facts and data, including all reasoning, analysis, and interim calculations underlying each identifiable component of the system development fee and the aggregate thereof.
- (5) <u>Identifies all assumptions and limiting conditions affecting the analysis and demonstrates that they do not materially undermine the reliability of conclusions reached.</u>
- (6) Calculates a final system development fee per service unit of new development and includes an equivalency or conversion table for use in determining the fees applicable for various categories of demand.
- (7) Covers a planning horizon of not less than 10 years nor more than 20 years.
- (8) <u>Is adopted by resolution or ordinance of the local governmental unit in accordance with G.S. 162A-209.</u>

#### "§ 162A-206. Reserved.

## "§ 162A-207. Minimum requirements.

- (a) Maximum. A system development fee may not exceed that calculated based on the system development fee analysis.
- (b) Revenue Credit. In applying the incremental cost or marginal cost, or the combined cost, method to calculate a system development fee with respect to water or sewer capital improvements, the system development fee analysis must include as part of that methodology a credit against the projected aggregate cost of water or sewer capital improvements. That credit shall be determined based upon generally accepted calculations and shall reflect a deduction of either the outstanding debt principal or the present value of projected water and sewer revenues received by the local governmental unit for the capital improvements necessitated by and attributable to such new development, anticipated over the course of the planning horizon. In no case shall the credit be less than twenty-five percent (25%) of the aggregate cost of capital improvements.
- (c) Construction or Contributions Credit. In calculating the system development fee with respect to new development, the local governmental unit shall credit the value of costs in excess of the development's proportionate share of connecting facilities required to be oversized for use of others outside of the development. No credit will be applied, however, for water or sewer capital improvements on-site or to connect new development to water or sewer facilities.
- 49 "**§ 162A-208. Reserved.**
- 50 "§ 162A-209. Adoption and periodic review.

- (a) For not less than 45 days prior to considering the adoption of a system development fee analysis, the local governmental unit will post the analysis on its Web site and solicit and furnish a means to submit written comments, which shall be considered by the preparer of the analysis for possible modifications or revisions.
- (b) After expiration of the period for posting, the governing body of the local governmental unit will conduct a public hearing prior to considering adoption of the analysis with any modifications or revisions.
- (c) The local governmental unit will publish the system development fee in its annual budget or rate plan or ordinance. The local governmental unit will update the system development fee analysis at least every five years.

## "<u>§ 162A-210.</u> Reserved.

## "§ 162A-211. Use and administration of revenue.

- (a) Revenue from system development fees calculated using the incremental cost method or marginal cost method, exclusively or as part of the combined cost method, may be expended only to pay:
  - (1) Costs of constructing capital improvements including, and limited to, any of the following:
    - <u>a.</u> Construction contract prices.
    - b. Surveying and engineering fees.
    - <u>c.</u> <u>Land acquisition cost.</u>
    - d. Principal and interest on bonds, notes, or other obligations issued by or on behalf of the local governmental unit to finance any costs for an item listed in sub-subdivisions a. through c. of this subdivision.
  - (2) Professional fees incurred by the local governmental unit for preparation of the system development fee analysis.
  - (3) If no capital improvements are planned for construction within five years or the foregoing costs are otherwise paid or provided for, then principal and interest on bonds, notes, or other obligations issued by or on behalf of a local governmental unit to finance the construction or acquisition of existing capital improvements.
- (b) Revenue from system development fees calculated using the buy-in method may be expended for previously completed capital improvements for which capacity exists and for capital rehabilitation projects. The basis for the buy-in calculation for previously completed capital improvements shall be determined by using a generally accepted method of valuing the actual or replacement costs of the capital improvement for which the buy-in fee is being collected less depreciation, debt credits, grants, and other generally accepted valuation adjustments.
- (c) A local governmental unit may pledge a system development fee as security for the payment of debt service on a bond, note, or other obligation subject to compliance with the foregoing limitations.
- (d) System development fee revenues shall be accounted for by means of a capital reserve fund established pursuant to Part 2 of Article 3 of Chapter 159 of the General Statutes and limited as to expenditure of funds in accordance with this section.

#### "§ 162A-212. Reserved.

## "§ 162A-213. Time for collection of system development fees.

For new development involving the subdivision of land, the system development fee shall be collected by a local governmental unit either at the time of plat recordation or when water or sewer service for the subdivision or other development is committed by the local governmental unit. For all other new development, the local governmental unit shall collect the system development fee at the time of application for connection of the individual unit of development to the service or facilities.

"§ 162A-214. Reserved.

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#### "§ 162A-215. Narrow construction.

Notwithstanding G.S. 153A-4 and G.S. 160A-4, in any judicial action interpreting this Article, all powers conferred by this Article shall be narrowly construed to ensure that system development fees do not unduly burden new development."

**SECTION 2.** G.S. 130A-64 reads as rewritten:

## "§ 130A-64. Service charges and rates.

- (a) A sanitary district board shall apply service charges and rates based upon the exact benefits derived. These service charges and rates shall be sufficient to provide funds for the maintenance, adequate depreciation and operation of the work of the district. If reasonable, the service charges and rates may include an amount sufficient to pay the principal and interest maturing on the outstanding bonds and, to the extent not otherwise provided for, bond anticipation notes of the district. Any surplus from operating revenues shall be set aside as a separate fund to be applied to the payment of interest on or to the retirement of bonds or bond anticipation notes. The sanitary district board may modify and adjust these service charges and rates.
- (b) The district board may require system development fees only in accordance with Article 8 of Chapter 162A of the General Statutes."

**SECTION 3.** G.S. 153A-277 reads as rewritten:

#### "§ 153A-277. Authority to fix and enforce rates.

(a) A county may establish and revise from time to time schedules of rents, rates, fees, charges, and penalties for the use of or the services furnished or to be furnished by a public enterprise. Schedules of rents, rates, fees, charges, and penalties may vary for the same class of service in different areas of the county and may vary according to classes of service, and different schedules may be adopted for services provided outside of the county. A county may include a fee relating to subsurface discharge wastewater management systems and services on the property tax bill for the real property where the system for which the fee is imposed is located.

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(a2) A county may require system development fees only in accordance with Article 8 of Chapter 162A of the General Statutes.

...."

**SECTION 4.(a)** G.S. 160A-314 reads as rewritten:

## "§ 160A-314. Authority to fix and enforce rates.

(a) A city may establish and revise from time to time schedules of rents, rates, fees, charges, and penalties for the use of or the services furnished <u>or to be furnished</u> by any public enterprise. Schedules of rents, rates, fees, charges, and penalties may vary according to classes of service, and different schedules may be adopted for services provided outside the corporate limits of the city.

...

(e) A city may require system development fees only in accordance with Article 8 of Chapter 162A of the General Statutes."

**SECTION 4.(b)** G.S. 160A-317 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

"(a4) System Development Fees. – A city may require system development fees only in accordance with Article 8 of Chapter 162A of the General Statutes."

**SECTION 5.(a)** G.S. 162A-6(a) is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:

"(9a) To impose and require system development fees only in accordance with Article 8 of this Chapter."

**SECTION 5.** G.S. 162A-9 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

"(a5) An authority may require system development fees only in accordance with Article 8 of this Chapter."

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**SECTION 6.(a)** G.S. 162A-36(a) is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:

"(8a) To impose and require system development fees only in accordance with Article 8 of this Chapter."

**SECTION 6.(b)** G.S. 162A-49 reads as rewritten:

## "§ 162A-49. Rates and charges for services.

- The district board may fix, and may revise from time to time, rents, rates, fees and other charges for the use of land for the services furnished or to be furnished by any water system or sewerage system or both. Such rents, rates, fees and charges shall not be subject to supervision or regulation by any bureau, board, commission, or other agency of the State or of any political subdivision. Any such rents, rates, fees and charges pledged to the payment of revenue bonds of the district shall be fixed and revised so that the revenues of the water system or sewerage system or both, together with any other available funds, shall be sufficient at all times to pay the cost of maintaining, repairing and operating the water system or the sewerage system or both, the revenues of which are pledged to the payment of such revenue bonds, including reserves for such purposes, and to pay the interest on and the principal of such revenue bonds as the same shall become due and payable and to provide reserves therefor. If any such rents, rates, fees and charges are pledged to the payment of any general obligation bonds issued under this Article, such rents, rates, fees and charges shall be fixed and revised so as to comply with the requirements of such pledge. The district board may provide methods for collection of such rents, rates, fees and charges and measures for enforcement of collection thereof, including penalties and the denial or discontinuance of service.
- (b) The district board may require system development fees only in accordance with Article 8 of this Chapter."

**SECTION 7.(a)** G.S. 162A-69 is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:

"(8a) To impose and require system development fees only in accordance with Article 8 of this Chapter."

**SECTION 7.(b)** G.S. 162A-72 reads as rewritten:

## "§ 162A-72. Rates and charges for services.

- The district board may fix, and may revise from time to time, rents, rates, fees and other charges for the use of and for the services furnished or to be furnished by any sewerage system. Such rents, rates, fees and charges shall not be subject to supervision or regulation by any bureau, board, commission, or other agency of the State or of any political subdivision. Any such rents, rates, fees and charges pledged to the payment of revenue bonds of the district shall be fixed and revised so that the revenues of the sewerage system, together with any other available funds, shall be sufficient at all times to pay the cost of maintaining, repairing and operating the sewerage system the revenues of which are pledged to the payment of such revenue bonds, including reserves for such purposes, and to pay the interest on and the principal of such revenue bonds as the same shall become due and payable and to provide reserves therefor. If any such rents, rates, fees and charges are pledged to the payment of any general obligation bonds issued under this Article, such rents, rates, fees and charges shall be fixed and revised so as to comply with the requirements of such pledge. The district board may provide methods for collection of such rents, rates, fees and charges and measures for enforcement of collection thereof, including penalties and the denial or discontinuance of service.
- (b) The district board may require system development fees only in accordance with Article 8 of this Chapter."

**SECTION 8.** G.S. 162A-85.13 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

"(a1) The district board may require system development fees only in accordance with Article 8 of this Chapter."

**SECTION 9.** G.S. 162A-88 reads as rewritten:

"§ 162A-88. District is a municipal corporation.

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The inhabitants of a county water and sewer district created pursuant to this Article (a) are a body corporate and politic by the name specified by the board of commissioners. Under that name they are vested with all the property and rights of property belonging to the corporation; have perpetual succession; may sue and be sued; may contract and be contracted with; may acquire and hold any property, real and personal, devised, sold, or in any manner conveyed, dedicated to, or otherwise acquired by them, and from time to time may hold, invest, sell, or dispose of the same; may have a common seal and alter and renew it at will; may establish, revise and collect rates, fees or other charges and penalties for the use of or the services furnished or to be furnished by any sanitary sewer system, water system or sanitary sewer and water system of the district; and may exercise those powers conferred on them by this Article.

(b) The district board may require system development fees only in accordance with Article 8 of this Chapter."

**SECTION 10.(a)** G.S. 1-52(15) reads as rewritten:

"(15) For the recovery of taxes paid as provided in G.S. 105-381.G.S. 105-381 or for the recovery of an unlawful fee, charge, or exaction collected by a county, municipality, or other unit of local government for water or sewer service or water and sewer service."

**SECTION 10.(b)** This section is to clarify and not alter G.S. 1-52.

**SECTION 11.** Sections 1 through 9 of this act become effective October 1, 2017, and apply to system development fees imposed on or after that date. Section 10 of this act, being a clarifying amendment, has retroactive effect and applies to claims accrued or pending prior to and after the date that section becomes law. Nothing in this act provides retroactive authority for any system development fee, or any similar fee for water or sewer services to be furnished, collected by a local governmental unit prior to October 1, 2017. The remainder of this act is effective when it becomes law and applies to claims accrued or pending prior to and after that date.