GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2015

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SENATE BILL 423 Health Care Committee Substitute Adopted 4/15/15

Short Title: Foster Care Family Act.

Sponsors:

Referred to:

March 26, 2015

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

2 AN ACT TO ALIGN STATE LAW WITH FEDERAL LAW BY PROVIDING FOR THE 3 SUPPORT OF HEALTHY DEVELOPMENT OF YOUTH IN FOSTER CARE 4 THROUGH IMPLEMENTATION OF A REASONABLE AND PRUDENT PARENT 5 STANDARD FOR DECISIONS MADE BY A FOSTER PARENT OR A DESIGNATED 6 OFFICIAL FOR A CHILD CARE INSTITUTION AND REVISING TO THE JUVENILE 7 CODE UNDER THE LAWS PERTAINING TO ABUSE, NEGLECT, AND 8 DEPENDENCY REGARDING JUVENILE PLACEMENT; TO PROVIDE LIABILITY 9 INSURANCE FOR FOSTER PARENTS; TO REDUCE BARRIERS TO OBTAINING A 10 DRIVERS LICENSE FOR FOSTER CHILDREN BY PROVIDING THAT MINORS 11 AGED SIXTEEN AND OVER IN THE CUSTODY OF THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES ARE COMPETENT TO CONTRACT FOR 12 13 AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE, BY SPECIFYING PERSONS OTHER THAN THE 14 FOSTER PARENT WHO MAY SIGN FOR A FOSTER CHILD TO OBTAIN A 15 LEARNER'S PERMIT OR PROVISIONAL DRIVERS LICENSE, AND BY CLARIFYING THAT FOSTER PARENTS DO NOT VIOLATE FINANCIAL 16 17 RESPONSIBILITY REQUIREMENTS BY ALLOWING FOSTER CHILDREN WITH THEIR OWN INSURANCE COVERAGE TO OPERATE A VEHICLE OWNED BY THE 18 19 FOSTER PARENT; AND TO REQUIRE THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND 20 HUMAN SERVICES TO STUDY A MEDICAID WAIVER FOR CHILDREN WITH 21 SERIOUS EMOTIONAL DISTURBANCE. 22 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

24 **PART I. SHORT TITLE**

25 SECTION 1.1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Foster Care
26 Family Act."

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PART II. REASONABLE AND PRUDENT PARENTING STANDARD IN FOSTER CARE

30 **SECTION 2.1.** Part 1 of Article 1A of Chapter 131D of the General Statutes is 31 amended by adding a new section to read:

32 "<u>§ 131D-10.2A. Reasonable and prudent parenting standard.</u>

(a) <u>The reasonable and prudent parenting standard is characterized by careful and</u>
sensible parental decisions that maintain a child's health, safety, and best interests while
encouraging the child's emotional and developmental growth.



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1	(b) Every child care institution shall designate an on-site official who is authorized to				
2	apply the reasonable and prudent parenting standard pursuant to this section.				
3	(c) <u>A caregiver, including the child's foster parent, whether the child is in a family</u>				
4	foster home or a therapeutic foster home, or the designated official at a child care institution				
5	where the child is placed, or the Department of Health and Human Services must use the				
6	reasonable and prudent parenting standard when determining whether to allow a child in foster				
7	care to participate in extracurricular, enrichment, and social activities.				
8	(d) <u>A caregiver, including the child's foster parent, whether the child is in a family</u>				
9	foster home or a therapeutic foster home, or the designated official at a child care institution				
10	where the child is placed, or the county department of social services, or the Department of				
11	Health and Human Services with custody of or placement authority over a child in foster care				
12	shall not be held liable for an act or omission of the child if the caregiver or county department				
13	of social services is acting in accordance with the reasonable and prudent parenting standard				
14	under this section.				
15	(e) <u>Unless otherwise ordered by a court with jurisdiction pursuant to G.S. 7B-200, a</u>				
16	caregiver, including the child's foster parent, whether the child is in a family foster home or a				
17	therapeutic foster home, exercising the reasonable and prudent parenting standard has the				
18	authority to provide or withhold permission, without prior approval of the court or a county				
19 20	department of social services, allowing a child in foster care, in the custody of a county				
20 21	department of social services or under the placement authority of a county department of social services through a voluntary placement agreement, to participate in normal childhood activities.				
21	Normal childhood activities shall include, but are not limited to, extracurricular, enrichment,				
22	and social activities, and may include overnight activities outside the direct supervision of the				
23 24	caregiver for periods of over 24 hours and up to 72 hours.				
25	(f) The caregiver, including the child's foster parent, whether the child is in a family				
26	foster home or a therapeutic foster home, or the designated official at a child care institution				
27	where the child is placed, or the county department of social services, or the Department of				
28	Health and Human Services, shall not be liable for injuries to the child that occur as a result of				
29	the reasonable and prudent parenting standard. The caregiver, including the child's foster				
30	parent, whether the child is in a family foster home or a therapeutic foster home, or the				
31	designated official at a child care institution where the child is placed, or the county department				
32	of social services or the Department of Health and Human Services, shall be liable for any				
33	action or inaction of gross negligence, willful and wanton conduct, or intentional wrongdoing				
34	that results in the injury to the child."				
35	SECTION 2.2. G.S. 7B-505(b) reads as rewritten:				
36	"(b) <u>The court shall order the Department to make diligent efforts to notify relatives and</u>				
37	any custodial parents of the juvenile's siblings that the juvenile is in nonsecure custody and of				
38	any hearings scheduled to occur pursuant to G.S. 7B-506, unless the court finds such				
39	notification would be contrary to the best interests of the juvenile. In placing a juvenile in				
40	nonsecure custody under this section, the court shall first consider whether a relative of the				
41	juvenile is willing and able to provide proper care and supervision of the juvenile in a safe				
42	home. If the court finds that the relative is willing and able to provide proper care and				
43	supervision in a safe home, then the court shall order placement of the juvenile with the relative				
44 45	unless the court finds that placement with the relative would be contrary to the best interests of the inversile."				
43 46	the juvenile." SECTION 2.3. G.S. 7B-800.1(a)(4) reads as rewritten:				
40 47	"(a) Prior to the adjudicatory hearing, the court shall consider the following:				
48	(a) I not to the adjudicatory hearing, the court shan consider the following.				
49	(4) Whether relatives <u>or parents with custody of a sibling of the juvenile have</u>				
50	been identified and notified as potential resources for placement or support."				
51	SECTION 2.4. G.S. 7B-901 reads as rewritten:				

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"§ 7B-901. Dispositional hearing.

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2 The dispositional hearing shall take place immediately following the adjudicatory hearing 3 and shall be concluded within 30 days of the conclusion of the adjudicatory hearing. The 4 dispositional hearing may be informal and the court may consider written reports or other 5 evidence concerning the needs of the juvenile. The juvenile and the juvenile's parent, guardian, 6 or custodian shall have the right to present evidence, and they may advise the court concerning 7 the disposition they believe to be in the best interests of the juvenile. The court may consider 8 any evidence, including hearsay evidence as defined in G.S. 8C-1, Rule 801, including 9 testimony or evidence from any person who is not a party, that the court finds to be relevant, 10 reliable, and necessary to determine the needs of the juvenile and the most appropriate 11 disposition. The court may exclude the public from the hearing unless the juvenile moves that 12 the hearing be open, which motion shall be granted.

13 At the dispositional hearing, the court shall inquire as to the identity and location of any 14 missing parent and whether paternity is at issue. The court shall include findings of the efforts 15 undertaken to locate the missing parent and to serve that parent and efforts undertaken to 16 establish paternity when paternity is an issue. The order may provide for specific efforts in 17 determining the identity and location of any missing parent and specific efforts in establishing 18 paternity. The court shall also inquire about efforts made to identify and notify relatives 19 relatives, including parents with custody of a sibling of the juvenile, as potential resources for 20 placement or support."

21 **SECTION 2.5.** Article 9 of Chapter 7B of the General Statutes is amended by 22 adding the following new sections to read:

23 "§ 7B-903.1. Juvenile placed in custody of a county department of social services.

(a) To the extent authorized by federal law, a county department of social services with
custody of a juvenile is authorized to make decisions about matters not addressed in this section
that are generally made by a juvenile's custodian, including, but not limited to, educational
decisions and consenting to the sharing of the juvenile's information. The county department of
social services may delegate any part of this authority to the juvenile's parent, foster parent, or
another individual.

30 (b) When a juvenile is in the custody or placement responsibility of a county 31 department of social services, the placement provider may, in accordance with 32 G.S. 131D-10.2A, provide or withhold permission, without prior approval of the court or 33 county department of social services, allowing a juvenile to participate in normal childhood 34 activities. If such authorization is not in the juvenile's best interest, the court shall set forth 35 alternative parameters for approving normal childhood activities.

36 "§ 7B-912. Juveniles 14 years of age and older; Another Planned Permanent Living 37 <u>Arrangement.</u>

38 (a) In addition to the permanency planning requirements under G.S. 7B-906.1, at every
39 permanency planning hearing for a juvenile in the custody of a county department of social
40 services who has attained the age of 14 years, the court shall inquire and make written findings
41 regarding each of the following:
42 (1) The corriging provided to assist the invention in making a transition to

- 42(1)The services provided to assist the juvenile in making a transition to
adulthood.
- 44(2)The steps the county department of social services is taking to ensure that45the foster family or other licensed placement provider follows the reasonable46and prudent parenting standard as provided in G.S. 131D-10.2A.
- 47(3)Whether the juvenile has regular opportunities to engage in age- or
developmentally appropriate activities.

49 (b) <u>At or before the last scheduled permanency planning hearing, but at least 90 days</u>
50 <u>before a juvenile attains 18 years of age, the court shall (i) inquire as to whether the juvenile</u>
51 has a copy of the juvenile's birth certificate, Social Security card, health insurance information,

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1	drivers license or other identification card, and any educational or medical records the juvenile			
2	requests and (ii) determine the person or entity that should assist the juvenile in obtaining these			
3	documents before the juvenile attains the age of 18 years.			
4	(c) If the court finds each of the following conditions applies, the court shall approve			
5	Another Planned Permanent Living Arrangement (APPLA) as the juvenile's primary permanent			
6	plan:			
7	(1) The juvenile is 16 or 17 years old.			
8	(2) The county department of social services has made diligent efforts to place			
9	the juvenile permanently with a parent or relative or in a guardianship or			
10	adoptive placement.			
11	(3) Compelling reasons exist that it is not in the best interest of the juvenile to			
12	be placed permanently with a parent or relative or in a guardianship or			
13	adoptive placement.			
14	(4) APPLA is the best permanency plan for the juvenile.			
15	(d) If the court approves APPLA as the juvenile's permanent plan, the court shall, after			
16	questioning the juvenile, make written findings addressing the juvenile's desired permanency			
17	outcome."			
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19	PART III. LIABILITY INSURANCE FOR FOSTER PARENTS			
20	SECTION 3.1. Article 36 of Chapter 58 of the General Statutes is amended by			
21	adding a new section to read:			
22	"§ 58-36-43. Development of policy form or endorsement for personal liability insurance			
23	<u>for foster parents.</u>			
24	(a) The Rate Bureau shall develop an optional policy form or endorsement to be filed			
25	with the Commissioner for approval no later than May 1, 2016, that provides liability insurance			
26	for foster parents licensed under Article 1A of Chapter 131D of the General Statutes to provide			
27	foster care in a family foster home or therapeutic foster home. The policy form or endorsement			
28	shall provide coverage for acts or omissions of the foster parent while the parent is acting in his			
29	or her capacity as a foster parent in a licensed family foster home or therapeutic foster home			
30 31	<u>licensed under Article 1A of Chapter 131D of the General Statutes.</u>(b) Nothing in this section is intended to require that the liability insurance policy or			
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32 33	endorsement required by this section cover an act or omission that results from any action or inaction of gross negligence, willful and wanton conduct, or intentional wrongdoing that results			
33 34	in injury to the child."			
35	<u>In mjury to the clinta.</u>			
36	PART IV. REDUCE DRIVING BARRIERS FOR FOSTER CHILDREN			
37	SECTION 4.1. Article 1 of Chapter 48A of the General Statutes is amended by			
38	adding a new section to read:			
39	" <u>§ 48A-4. Certain minors competent to contract.</u>			
40	A minor who is 16 years of age or older and who is in the legal custody of the Department			
41	of Health and Human Services, Division of Social Services, shall be qualified and competent to			
42	contract for the purchase of an automobile insurance policy with the consent of the court with			
43	continuing jurisdiction over the minor's placement under G.S. 7B-1000(b). The minor shall be			
44	responsible for paying the costs of the insurance premiums and shall be liable for damages			
45	caused by the minor's negligent operation of a motor vehicle. No State or local government			
46	agency, foster parent, or entity providing services to the minor under contract or at the direction			
47	of a State or local government agency shall be responsible for paying any insurance premiums			
48	or liable for damages of any kind as a result of the operation of a motor vehicle by the minor."			
49	SECTION 4.2. G.S. 20-11(i) reads as rewritten:			
50	"(i) Application. — An application for a permit or license authorized by this section			
51	must be signed by both the applicant and another person. That person must be:			

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(1)	The applicant's parent or guardian;			
(2)	A person approved by the applicant's parent or guar	rdian; or		
(3) A person approved by the Division.				
(4) With respect to minors in the legal custody of the Department of Health and				
Human Services, Division of Social Services, any of the following:				
	<u>a.</u> <u>A guardian ad litem or attorney advocate a</u>			
	the minor.			
	b. A case manager or other type of casework	er assigned to work with		
	the minor.			
	c. If no person listed in sub-subdivision a. or	r b. of this subdivision is		
	available, the court with continuing juris	diction over the minor's		
	placement under G.S. 7B-1000(b)."			
SEC	TION 4.3. G.S. 20-309 is amended by adding a new	subsection to read:		
" <u>(a2)</u> <u>The</u>	owner of a motor vehicle who is a foster parent p	roviding foster care to a		
person between the ages of 16 and 21 shall not violate the requirements of this Article by				
allowing the motor vehicle to be operated by the person if the person is covered by a				
non-owner motor vehicle insurance policy issued by the North Carolina Reinsurance Facility as				
authorized by G.S. 58-37-35(g)(13). Nothing in this section is intended to prevent a foster				
parent from including a foster child on the parent's own motor vehicle insurance policy."				
PART V. STUDY MEDICAID WAIVER FOR CHILDREN WITH SERIOUS				
EMOTIONAL DISTURBANCE (SED)				
SECTION 5.1.(a) The Department of Health and Human Services, Division of				
Medical Assistance, shall design and draft, but not submit, a 1915(c) Medicaid waiver to serve				
children with Serious Emotional Disturbance (SED) in home and community-based settings.				
The Department may submit drafts of the waiver to the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid				
Services (CMS) to solicit feedback but shall not submit the waiver for CMS approval until				
authorized by the General Assembly.				
SECTION 5.1.(b) The Department shall report the draft waiver, other findings, and				
any other options or recommendations to best serve children with SED to the Joint Legislative				
Oversight Committee on Health and Human Services by December 1, 2015. Specifically, the				
report shall provide an in-depth analysis of the cost per slot, including an analysis of the				
estimated number of waiver recipients who would be transitioned from a facility to a home and				
community-based setting and the estimated number of waiver recipients who would avoid				
placement in a f	acility.			
PART VI. EFF	ECTIVE DATE			

38 **SECTION 6.1.** Parts 2 and 4 of this act become effective October 1, 2015. The 39 remainder of this act is effective when it becomes law.