GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2011

S SENATE BILL 654

Short Title:	WC/Adjust Organ Injury Benefit Annually.	(Public)
Sponsors:	Senators Goolsby, Newton, Daniel; and D. Berger.	
Referred to:	Judiciary I.	
April 20, 2011		
A BILL TO BE ENTITLED		
AN ACT AMENDING THE WORKERS' COMPENSATION ACT TO PROVIDE FOR THE		
ANNUAL ADJUSTMENT OF THE BENEFIT FOR PERMANENT INJURY TO AN		
IMPORTANT BODILY ORGAN.		
The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:		
SECTION 1. G.S. 97-31 reads as rewritten:		
"§ 97-31. Schedule of injuries; rate and period of compensation.		
	cases included by the following schedule the compensation in ea	
paid for disability during the healing period and in addition the disability shall be deemed to		
continue for the period specified, and shall be in lieu of all other compensation, including disfigurement, to wit:		
disfigurement (1		66 2/20/) of the
(1	average weekly wages during 75 weeks.	30 2/3/0) of the
(2		er sixty-six and
(-	two-thirds percent (66 2/3%) of the average weekly wages du	=
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`	the average weekly wages during 40 weeks.	,
(4		ent (66 2/3%) of
	the average weekly wages during 25 weeks.	
(5)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•
	and two-thirds percent (66 2/3%) of the average weekly v	vages during 20
	weeks.	
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	to be equal to the loss of one half of such thumb or compensation shall be for one half of the periods of time about	
(7		-
(7)	finger or thumb: Provided, however, that in no case sh	
	received for more than one finger exceed the amount p	
	schedule for the loss of a hand.	10 (1000 111 01110
(8) For the loss of a great toe, sixty-six and two-thirds percent ((66 2/3%) of the
•	average weekly wages during 35 weeks.	,
(9) For the loss of one of the toes other than a great toe, sixty-size	x and two-thirds
	percent (66 2/3%) of the average weekly wages during 10 we	
(1		*
	the loss of one half of such toe, and the compensation shall b	e for one half of
	the periods of time above specified.	



- (11) The loss of more than one phalange shall be considered as the loss of the entire toe.
- (12) For the loss of a hand, sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66 2/3%) of the average weekly wages during 200 weeks.
- (13) For the loss of an arm, sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66 2/3%) of the average weekly wages during 240 weeks.
- (14) For the loss of a foot, sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66 2/3%) of the average weekly wages during 144 weeks.
- (15) For the loss of a leg, sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66 2/3%) of the average weekly wages during 200 weeks.
- (16) For the loss of an eye, sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66 2/3%) of the average weekly wages during 120 weeks.
- (17) The loss of both hands, or both arms, or both feet, or both legs, or both eyes, or any two thereof, shall constitute total and permanent disability, to be compensated according to the provisions of G.S. 97-29. The employee shall have a vested right in a minimum amount of compensation for the total number of weeks of benefits provided under this section for each member involved. When an employee dies from any cause other than the injury for which he is entitled to compensation, payment of the minimum amount of compensation shall be payable as provided in G.S. 97-37.
- (18) For the complete loss of hearing in one ear, sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66 2/3%) of the average weekly wages during 70 weeks; for the complete loss of hearing in both ears, sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66 2/3%) of the average weekly wages during 150 weeks.
- (19) Total loss of use of a member or loss of vision of an eye shall be considered as equivalent to the loss of such member or eye. The compensation for partial loss of or for partial loss of use of a member or for partial loss of vision of an eye or for partial loss of hearing shall be such proportion of the periods of payment above provided for total loss as such partial loss bears to total loss, except that in cases where there is eighty-five per centum (85%), or more, loss of vision in any eye, this shall be deemed "industrial blindness" and compensated as for total loss of vision of such eye.
- (20) The weekly compensation payments referred to in this section shall all be subject to the same limitations as to maximum and minimum as set out in G.S. 97-29.
- (21) In case of serious facial or head disfigurement, the Industrial Commission shall award proper and equitable compensation not to exceed twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000). In case of enucleation where an artificial eye cannot be fitted and used, the Industrial Commission may award compensation as for serious facial disfigurement.
- (22) In case of serious bodily disfigurement for which no compensation is payable under any other subdivision of this section, but excluding the disfigurement resulting from permanent loss or permanent partial loss of use of any member of the body for which compensation is fixed in the schedule contained in this section, the Industrial Commission may award proper and equitable compensation not to exceed ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).
- (23) For the total loss of use of the back, sixty-six and two-thirds percent (66 2/3%) of the average weekly wages during 300 weeks. The compensation for partial loss of use of the back shall be such proportion of the periods of payment herein provided for total loss as such partial loss bears to total loss, except that in cases where there is seventy-five per centum (75%) or more

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1 of each year in the same manner as provided by G.S. 97-29." **SECTION 2.** This act is effective when it becomes law and applies to claims

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arising on or after that date.