### GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2005

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#### HOUSE BILL 496 Committee Substitute Favorable 3/28/05

Short Title: Student Asthma Medications.	(Public)
Sponsors:	
Referred to:	
March 7, 2005	
A BILL TO BE ENTITLED	
AN ACT REQUIRING LOCAL SCHOOL BOARDS TO AD	OOPT POLICIES
PERMITTING STUDENTS WITH ASTHMA OR STUDENT	
ANAPHYLACTIC REACTIONS, OR BOTH, TO P	POSSESS AND
SELF-ADMINISTER ASTHMA MEDICATION, AND TO RECO	DDIFY CERTAIN
STATUTES TO CREATE A NEW ARTICLE 26A IN CHAPTE	ER 115C OF THE
GENERAL STATUTES.	
The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:	
SECTION 1. Subchapter VI of Chapter 115C of the G	eneral Statutes is
amended by adding the following new Article to read:	
"Article 26A.	
"Special Medical Needs of Students.	
"§ 115C-375.2. Possession and self-administration of asthma medication by	
students with asthma or students subject to anaphylactic reactions, or	
both.	
(a) Local boards of education shall adopt a policy authorizing	
asthma or a student subject to anaphylactic reactions, or both,	
self-administer asthma medication on school property during the	
school-sponsored activities, or while in transit to or from school or	
events. As used in this section, "asthma medication" means a medic	_
the treatment of asthma or anaphylactic reactions and includes a p	
inhaler or epinephrine auto-injector. The policy shall include a req	uirement that the
student's parent or guardian provide to the school:	11 0 1
(1) Written authorization from the student's parent or	
student to possess and self-administer asthma medica	
(2) A written statement from the student's health	
verifying that the student has asthma or an allergy the	
an anaphylactic reaction, or both, and that the health	_
prescribed medication for use on school property	during the school

- day, at school-sponsored activities, or while in transit to or from school or school-sponsored events.
  - A written statement from the student's health care practitioner who prescribed the asthma medication that the student understands, has been instructed in self-administration of the asthma medication, and has demonstrated the skill level necessary to use the asthma medication and any device that is necessary to administer the asthma medication.
  - (4) A written treatment plan and written emergency protocol formulated by the health care practitioner who prescribed the medicine for managing the student's asthma or anaphylaxis episodes and for medication use by the student.
  - (5) A statement provided by the school and signed by the student's parent or guardian acknowledging that the local school administrative unit and its employees and agents are not liable for an injury arising from a student's possession and self-administration of asthma medication.
  - (6) Other requirements necessary to comply with State and federal laws.
  - (b) The student must demonstrate to the school nurse, or the nurse's designee, the skill level necessary to use the asthma medication and any device that is necessary to administer the medication.
  - (c) The student's parent or guardian shall provide to the school backup asthma medication that shall be kept at the student's school in a location to which the student has immediate access in the event of an asthma or anaphylaxis emergency.
  - (d) Information provided to the school by the student's parent or guardian shall be kept on file at the student's school in a location easily accessible in the event of an asthma or anaphylaxis emergency.
  - (e) If a student uses asthma medication prescribed for the student in a manner other than as prescribed, a school may impose on the student disciplinary action according to the school's disciplinary policy. A school may not impose disciplinary action that limits or restricts the student's immediate access to the asthma medication.
  - (f) The requirement that permission granted for a student to possess and self-administer asthma medication shall be effective only for the same school and for 365 calendar days and must be renewed annually.
  - (g) No local board of education, nor its members, employees, designees, agents, or volunteers, shall be liable in civil damages to any party for any act authorized by this subsection, or for any omission relating to that act, unless that act or omission amounts to gross negligence, wanton conduct, or intentional wrongdoing."

#### **SECTION 2.(a)** G.S. 115C-307(c) reads as rewritten:

"(c) To Provide Some Medical Care to Students. – It is within the scope of duty of teachers, including substitute teachers, teacher assistants, student teachers or any other public school employee when given such authority by the board of education or its designee, (i) to administer any drugs or medication prescribed by a doctor upon written request of the parents, (ii) to give emergency health care when reasonably apparent circumstances indicate that any delay would seriously worsen the physical condition or

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techniques in which the employee has been trained in a program approved by the State Board of Education: Provided, that no one shall be required to administer drugs or medication or attend life saving techniques programs.

Any public school employee, authorized by the board of education or its designee to act under (i), (ii), or (iii) above, shall not be liable in civil damages for any such authorized act or for any omission relating to such act unless such act or omission amounts to gross negligence, wanton conduct or intentional wrongdoing. Any person, serving in a voluntary position at the request of or with the permission or consent of the board of education or its designee, who has been given the authority by the board of education or its designee to act under (ii) above shall not be liable in civil damages for any such authorized act or for any omission relating to such act unless the act amounts to gross negligence, wanton conduct or intentional wrongdoing.

endanger the life of the pupil, and (iii) to perform any other first aid or life saving

At the commencement of each school year, but prior to the beginning of classes, and thereafter as circumstances require, the principal of each school shall determine which persons will participate in the medical care program. designee to provide medical care to students as provided in G.S. 115C-375.1."

**SECTION 2.(b)** Article 26A, as created in Section 1 of this act, is amended by adding the following new section to read:

#### "§ 115C-375.1. To provide some medical care to students.

It is within the scope of duty of teachers, including substitute teachers, teacher assistants, student teachers, or any other public school employee when authorized by the board of education or its designee, (i) to administer any drugs or medication prescribed by a doctor upon written request of the parents, (ii) to give emergency health care when reasonably apparent circumstances indicate that any delay would seriously worsen the physical condition or endanger the life of the pupil, and (iii) to perform any other first aid or lifesaving techniques in which the employee has been trained in a program approved by the State Board of Education. No employee, however, shall be required to administer drugs or medication or attend lifesaving techniques programs.

Any public school employee, authorized by the board of education or its designee to act under (i), (ii), or (iii) above, shall not be liable in civil damages for any authorized act or for any omission relating to that act unless the act or omission amounts to gross negligence, wanton conduct, or intentional wrongdoing. Any person, serving in a voluntary position at the request of or with the permission or consent of the board of education or its designee, who has been given the authority by the board of education or its designee to act under (ii) above shall not be liable in civil damages for any authorized act or for any omission relating to the act unless the act amounts to gross negligence, wanton conduct, or intentional wrongdoing.

At the commencement of each school year, but before the beginning of classes, and thereafter as circumstances require, the principal of each school shall determine which persons will participate in the medical care program."

**SECTION 3.(a)** G.S. 115C-47(42) is recodified as G.S. 115C-375.3.

**SECTION 3.(b)** G.S. 115C-375.3, as established in subsection (a) of this section, reads as rewritten:

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## "§ 115C-375.3. To Implement Guidelines to support and assist students with diabetes.

Local boards of education shall ensure that the guidelines adopted by the State Board of Education under G.S. 115C- 12(31) are implemented in schools in which students with diabetes are enrolled. In particular, the boards shall require the implementation of the procedures set forth in those guidelines for the development and implementation of individual diabetes care plans. Local boards also shall make available necessary information and staff development to teachers and school personnel in order to appropriately support and assist students with diabetes in accordance with their individual diabetes care plans."

**SECTION 4.(a)** G.S. 115C-47(44) is recodified as G.S. 115C-375.4.

**SECTION 4.(b)** G.S. 115C-375.4, as established in subsection (a) of this section, reads as rewritten:

# "§ 115C-375.4. To Ensure that Schools Provide Information Concerning Meningococcal Meningitis and Influenza and Their Vaccines.

Local boards of education shall ensure that schools provide parents and guardians with information about meningococcal meningitis and influenza and their vaccines at the beginning of every school year. This information shall include the causes, symptoms, and how meningococcal meningitis and influenza are spread and the places where parents and guardians may obtain additional information and vaccinations for their children."

#### **SECTION 5.** G.S. 115C-288(e) reads as rewritten:

"(e) To Discipline Students and to Assign Duties to Teachers with Regard to the Discipline, General Well-being, and Medical Care of Students. – The principal shall have authority to exercise discipline over the pupils of the school pursuant to under policies adopted by the local board of education as prescribed by G.S. 115C-391(a). The principal shall use reasonable force to discipline students and shall assign duties to teachers with regard to the general well being and the medical care of students pursuant to the provisions of G.S. 115C-307 and 115C-390. The principal also under G.S. 115C-391 and may suspend or dismiss pupils pursuant to the provisions of under G.S. 115C-391. The principal shall assign duties to teachers with regard to the general well-being and the medical care of students under G.S. 115C-307 and Article 26A of this Chapter."

**SECTION 6.** The Department of Health and Human Services, Department of Public Instruction, or other appropriate State agencies shall apply for any federal grants for which the entity is eligible under 42 U.S.C. § 280g or other federal statutes or regulations related to treating, preventing, or training on children's asthma.

**SECTION 7.** This act is effective when it becomes law. G.S. 115C-375.2, as established in Section 1 of this act, applies beginning with the 2005-2006 school year.