## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2003

Short Title:	Sun Safety for School Children. (Public)
Sponsors:	Senators Carpenter; Dannelly and Purcell.
Referred to:	
	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
	O REQUIRE LOCAL BOARDS OF EDUCATION TO ADOPT POLICIES
	LOW FOR THE OUTDOOR USE DURING THE SCHOOL DAY OF
	ES OF SUN-PROTECTIVE CLOTHING AND TO ALLOW PUPILS TO
	NSCREEN DURING THE SCHOOL DAY WITHOUT A PHYSICIAN'S
	R PRESCRIPTION.
The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:	
S	ECTION 1. Chapter 115C is amended by adding a new Article to read:
	"Article 29A.
#8 11 <i>EC</i> 40	"Sun Protection Policy to Prevent Skin Cancer.
	7.1. Sun protection policy.
	ocal boards of education shall adopt policies that establish sun safety as a
	highlight the importance of skin cancer prevention. At a minimum, the
policies shal	
<u>(1</u>	Encourage or require students to wear protective clothing, hats, and UVA/UVB protective sunglasses to prevent excessive sun exposure.
(2	*
<u>\\</u>	or greater at school or for after-school activities without a physician's
	note or prescription. The policy may range from encouraging parents
	to include sunscreen in required school-supply kits to using permission
	slips for students to be able to apply sunscreen at school. For the
	purposes of this subsection, sunscreen is not an over-the-counter
	medication. Nothing in this subsection requires school personnel to

assist students in applying sunscreen.

protect children from the sun.

Encourage schools to schedule daily outdoor activities during times when the sun is not at its peak intensity or when shade is available to

<u>(3)</u>

- 1 (b) Local boards of education shall publish their policies required by this section 2 and make the published policies available to students and parents or guardians."
  - **SECTION 2.** This act is effective when it becomes law.

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