GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2001

S SENATE BILL 146*

Short Title:	Exempt Child Care Property.	(Public)
Sponsors:	Senators Kinnaird; Gulley and Lee.	
Referred to:	Finance.	

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		February 14, 2001
1		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO	EXEMPT NONPROFIT CHILD CARE CENTERS FROM PROPERTY
3	TAX.	
4	The General A	Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
5	SEC	CTION 1. G.S. 105-278.4 reads as rewritten:
6	"§ 105-278.4.	Real and personal property Property used for educational purposes.
7	(a) <u>Bui</u>	dings Buildings, the land they actually occupy, and additional land
8	reasonably neo	cessary for the convenient use of any such the building shall be exempted
9	are exempt fro	m taxation if: if all of the following conditions are met:
10	(1)	Owned The property is owned by an educational institution (including
11		a university, college, school, seminary, academy, industrial school,
12		public library, museum, and similar institution); institution.
13	(2)	The owner is not organized or operated for profit and no officer,
14		shareholder, member, or employee of the owner or any other person is
15		entitled to receive pecuniary profit from the owner's operations except
16		reasonable compensation for services; services.
17	(3)	Of The property is of a kind commonly employed in the performance
18		of those activities naturally and properly incident to the operation of an
19		educational institution such as the owner; and owner.
20	(4)	Wholly The property is used wholly and exclusively used for
21		educational purposes by the owner owner, or is occupied gratuitously
22		by another nonprofit educational institution (as defined herein) and

exclusively for nonprofit educational purposes.

(b) <u>Land.</u> – Land (exclusive of improvements); and improvements other than buildings, the land actually occupied by <u>such-the</u> improvements, and additional land reasonably necessary for the convenient use of <u>any such improvement shall be</u>

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wholly and exclusively and used by the occupant wholly and

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 exempted from taxation if: the improvements is exempt from taxation if all of the following conditions are met:

- (1) Owned The property is owned by an educational institution that owns real property entitled to exemption under the provisions of subsection (a), above; subsection (a) of this section.
- Of The property is of a kind commonly employed in the performance of those activities naturally and properly incident to the operation of an educational institution such as the owner; and owner.
- Wholly and exclusively used The property is used wholly and exclusively for educational purposes by the owner owner, or is occupied gratuitously by another nonprofit educational institution (as defined herein) and wholly and exclusively and used by the occupant wholly and exclusively for nonprofit educational purposes.
- (c) <u>Partial Exemption.</u> Notwithstanding the exclusive-use requirements of subsections (a) and (b), above, (b) of this section, if part of a property that otherwise meets the requirements of one of those subsections is used for a purpose that would require exemption if the entire property were so used, the valuation of the part so used shall be exempted is exempt from taxation.
- (d) <u>Incidental Public Use.</u> The fact that a building or facility is incidentally available to and patronized by the general public, so long as there is no material amount of business or patronage with the general public, <u>shall_does_not defeat</u> the exemption granted by this section.
- (e) <u>Personal Property.</u> Personal property owned by a church, a religious body, or an educational institution (including a university, college, school, seminary, academy, industrial school, public library, museum, and similar institution) shall be exempted from taxation if: is exempt from taxation if both of the following conditions are met:
 - (1) The owner is not organized or operated for profit, and no officer, shareholder, member, or employee of the owner, or any other person is entitled to receive pecuniary profit from the owner's operations except reasonable compensation for services; and services.
 - (2) <u>Used The property is used wholly and exclusively for educational purposes by the owner owner, or is held gratuitously by a church, religious body, or nonprofit educational institution (as defined herein) other than the owner, and owner and used wholly and exclusively used for nonprofit educational purposes by the possessor.</u>
 - (f) <u>Definitions. The following definitions apply in this section:</u>
 - (1) Child care center. Defined in G.S. 110-86.
 - (2) Educational institution. A university, a college, a school, a seminary, an academy, an industrial school, a public library, a museum, a licensed child care center, or a similar institution.
 - (3) Educational purpose. A purpose An educational purpose within the meaning of this section is one that has as its objective the education or instruction of human beings; it comprehends the transmission of

1	information and the training or development of the knowledge or skills
2	of individual persons. The operation of a child care center is an
3	educational purpose. The operation of a golf course, a tennis court, a
4	sports arena, a similar sport property, or a similar recreational sport
5	property for the use of students or faculty is also an educational
6	purpose, regardless of the extent to which the property is also available
7	to and patronized by the general public.
8	(4) <u>License. – Defined in G.S. 110-86.</u> "
9	SECTION 2. This act is effective for taxes imposed for taxable years
10	beginning on or after July 1, 2002.