GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2001

1

S SENATE BILL 1256*

Short Title: Waive Jury Trial/Constitutional Amendment. (Public)

Sponsors: Senators Odom; Clodfelter and Kinnaird.

Referred to: Judiciary II.

June 6, 2002

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO AMEND THE CONSTITUTION OF NORTH CAROLINA TO ALLOW

A CRIMINAL DEFENDANT IN A NONCAPITAL CASE TO WAIVE A JURY

TRIAL, AS RECOMMENDED BY THE NORTH CAROLINA COURTS

COMMISSION.

5

6

7 8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16 17

18 19

20

21

2223

24

25

26

2728

29

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. Section 24 of Article I of the North Carolina Constitution reads as rewritten:

"Sec. 24. Right of jury trial in criminal cases.

No person shall be convicted of any <u>capital</u> crime but by the unanimous verdict of a jury in open court. <u>A person charged with a noncapital crime has the right to a trial by jury, but the person may waive that right as provided by law."</u>

The General Assembly may, however, provide for other means of trial for misdemeanors, with the right of appeal for trial de novo."

SECTION 2. G.S. 15A-1201 reads as rewritten:

"§ 15A-1201. Right to trial by jury.

In all criminal cases the defendant has the right to be tried by a jury of 12 whose verdict must be unanimous. In the district court the judge is the finder of fact in criminal cases, but the defendant has the right to appeal for trial de novo in superior court as provided in G.S. 15A-1431. In superior court all criminal trials in which the defendant enters a plea of not guilty must be tried before a jury. jury, unless the defendant is charged with a noncapital crime and waives the right to a trial by jury in writing. In any noncapital criminal case in which trial by jury is waived in superior court, the trial shall be heard and judgment rendered by the court."

SECTION 3. The amendment set out in Section 1 of this act shall be submitted to the qualified voters of the State at the general election in November 2002, which election shall be conducted under the laws then governing elections in the State. Ballots, voting systems, or both may be used in accordance with Chapter 163 of the General Statutes. The question to be used in the voting systems and ballots shall be:

1	
1	

"[]FOR []AGAINST

the amendment set out in Section 1 of this act, the State Board of Elections shall certify

the amendment to the Secretary of State. The amendment becomes effective upon this

certification and applies to criminal offenses committed on or after January 1, 2003.

The Secretary of State shall enroll the amendment so certified among the permanent

constitutional amendment described in Section 1 is approved under Sections 3 and 4 of

Section 2 of this act becomes effective only if the

2 3 4

Constitutional amendment to allow a defendant in a noncapital criminal case to waive a jury trial." **SECTION 4.** If a majority of the votes cast on the question are in favor of

records of that office.

SECTION 5.

5 6 7

8 9

10

11 12

13

14

this act. If the constitutional amendment is approved, then Section 2 becomes effective January 1, 2003, and applies to criminal offenses committed on or after that date. The remainder of this act is effective when it becomes law.

Page 2

Senate Bill 1256*-First Edition