# GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2001

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## HOUSE BILL 668 Committee Substitute Favorable 3/28/01 Committee Substitute #2 Favorable 4/10/01

Short Title: S	Settlement Procedures in Dist. Court Ac	tions. (Public)
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Sponsors:

Referred to:

## March 19, 2001

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO ESTABLISH MEDIATED SETTLEMENT PROCEDURES IN
3	DISTRICT COURT ACTIONS INVOLVING FAMILY FINANCIAL ISSUES.
4	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
5	<b>SECTION 1.</b> G.S. 7A-38.4 is repealed.
6	<b>SECTION 2.</b> Article 5 of Chapter 7A of the General Statutes is amended by
7	adding a new section to read:
8	"§ 7A-38.4A. Settlement procedures in district court actions.
9	(a) The General Assembly finds that a system of settlement events should be
10	established to facilitate the settlement of district court actions involving equitable
11	distribution, alimony, or support and to make that litigation more economical, efficient,
12	and satisfactory to the parties, their representatives, and the State. District courts should
13	be able to require parties to those actions and their representatives to attend a pretrial
14	mediated settlement conference or other settlement procedure conducted under this
15	section and rules adopted by the Supreme Court to implement this section.
16	(b) The definitions in G.S. 7A-38.1(b)(2) and (b)(3) apply in this section.
17	(c) Any chief district court judge in a judicial district may order a mediated
18	settlement conference or another settlement procedure, as provided under subsection (g)
19	of this section, for any action pending in that district involving issues of equitable
20	distribution, alimony, child or post separation support, or claims arising out of contracts
21	between the parties under G.S. 52-10, G.S. 52-10.1, or Chapter 52B of the General
22	Statutes. The chief district court judge may adopt local rules that order settlement
23	procedures in all of the foregoing actions and designate other district court judges or
24	administrative personnel to issue orders implementing those settlement procedures.
25	However, local rules adopted by a chief district court judge shall not be inconsistent
26	with any rules adopted by the Supreme Court.
27	(d) The parties to a district court action where a mediated settlement conference
28	or other settlement procedure is ordered, their attorneys, and other persons or entities

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1 with authority, by law or contract, to settle a party's claim, shall attend the mediated 2 settlement conference or other settlement procedure, unless the rules ordering the 3 settlement procedure provide otherwise. No party or other participant in a mediated 4 settlement conference or other settlement procedure is required to make a settlement 5 offer or demand that the party or participant deems contrary to that party's or 6 participant's best interests. Parties who have been victims of domestic violence may be 7 excused from physically attending or participating in a mediated settlement conference 8 or other settlement procedure. Any person required to attend a mediated settlement conference or other 9 (e) 10 settlement procedure under this section who, without good cause fails to attend, is 11 subject to any appropriate monetary sanction imposed by a district court judge. including the payment of attorneys' fees, mediator fees, and expenses incurred in 12 13 attending the settlement procedure. If the court imposes sanctions, it shall do so, after notice and hearing, in a written order, making findings of fact and conclusions of law. 14 15 An order imposing sanctions shall be reviewable upon appeal, and the entire record 16 shall be reviewed to determine whether the order is supported by substantial evidence. 17 (f) The parties to a district court action in which a mediated settlement conference is to be held under this section shall have the right to designate a mediator. 18 19 Upon failure of the parties to designate within the time established by the rules adopted 20 by the Supreme Court, a mediator shall be appointed by a district court judge. 21 A chief district court judge or that judge's designee, at the request of a party (g) 22 and with the consent of all parties, may order the parties to attend and participate in any 23 other settlement procedure authorized by rules adopted by the Supreme Court or 24 adopted by local district court rules, in lieu of attending a mediated settlement conference. Neutrals acting under this section shall be selected and compensated in 25 accordance with rules adopted by the Supreme Court. Nothing herein shall prohibit the 26 parties from participating in other dispute resolution procedures, including arbitration, 27 to the extent authorized under State or federal law. Nothing herein shall prohibit the 28 29 parties from participating in mediation at a community mediation center operating under 30 G.S. 7A-38.5. 31 Mediators and other neutrals acting under this section shall have judicial (h) 32 immunity in the same manner and to the same extent as a judge of the General Court of 33 Justice, except that mediators and other neutrals may be disciplined in accordance with 34 enforcement procedures adopted by the Supreme Court under G.S. 7A-38.2. 35 Costs of mediated settlement conferences and other settlement procedures (i) shall be borne by the parties. Unless otherwise ordered by the court or agreed to by the 36 parties, the mediator's fees shall be paid in equal shares by the parties. The rules adopted 37 38 by the Supreme Court shall set out a method whereby a party found by the court to be 39 unable to pay the costs of settlement procedures is afforded an opportunity to participate without cost to that party and without expenditure of State funds. 40 41 Evidence of statements made and conduct occurring in a settlement (i) 42 proceeding conducted under this section shall not be subject to discovery and shall be

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1 inadmissible in any proceeding in the action or other actions on the same claim, except 2 in proceedings for sanctions or proceedings to enforce a settlement of the action. No 3 settlement proceeding conducted under this section shall be enforceable unless it has 4 been reduced to writing and signed by the parties and in all other respects complies with 5 the requirements of Chapter 50 of the General Statutes. No evidence otherwise 6 discoverable shall be inadmissible merely because it is presented or discussed in a 7 settlement proceeding. 8 No mediator, or other neutral conducting a settlement procedure under this section, 9 shall be compelled to testify or produce evidence concerning statements made and 10 conduct occurring in a mediated settlement conference or other settlement procedure in 11 any civil proceeding for any purpose, including proceedings to enforce a settlement of 12 the action, except to attest to the signing of any of these agreements, and except 13 proceedings for sanctions under this section, disciplinary hearings before the State Bar or any agency established to enforce standards of conduct for mediators, and 14 15 proceedings to enforce laws concerning juvenile or elder abuse. 16 (k) The Supreme Court may adopt standards for the certification and conduct of mediators and other neutrals who participate in settlement procedures conducted under 17 this section. The standards may also regulate mediator training programs. The Supreme 18 Court may adopt procedures for the enforcement of those standards. The administration 19 of mediator certification, regulation of mediator conduct, and decertification shall be 20 21 conducted through the Dispute Resolution Commission. 22 (1)An administrative fee not to exceed two hundred dollars (\$200.00) may be charged by the Administrative Office of the Courts to applicants for certification and 23 24 annual renewal of certification for mediators and mediator training programs operating under this section. The fees collected may be used by the Director of the Administrative 25 26 Office of the Courts to establish and maintain the operations of the Commission and its 27 staff. The administrative fee shall be set by the Director of the Administrative Office of 28 the Courts in consultation with the Dispute Resolution Commission. 29 The Administrative Office of the Courts, in consultation with the Dispute (m) 30 Resolution Commission, may require the chief district court judge of any district to 31 report statistical data about settlement procedures conducted under this section for 32 administrative purposes. 33 Nothing in this section or in rules adopted by the Supreme Court (n) 34 implementing this section shall restrict a party's right to a trial by jury. 35 The Supreme Court may adopt rules to implement this section." (0)36 SECTION 3. G.S. 7A-38.4A(o), as enacted by Section 2 of this act, 37 becomes effective July 1, 2001. The remainder of this act becomes effective October 1, 38 2001.