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## HOUSE BILL 338\* Committee Substitute Favorable 4/24/01 Third Edition Engrossed 4/25/01

Short Title:	Technical	Corrections Act.	
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Sponsors:

Referred to:

## March 1, 2001

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS AND CONFORMING
3	CHANGES TO THE GENERAL STATUTES AS RECOMMENDED BY THE
4	GENERAL STATUTES COMMISSION.
5	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
6	<b>SECTION 1.</b> Effective July 1, 2001, G.S. 23-30.1 reads as rewritten:
7	"§ 23-30.1. Provisional release.
8	Every person who has filed a petition under the provisions of G.S. 23-30 shall be
9	brought before a judge within 72 hours after filing the petition and shall be provisionally
10	released from imprisonment unless a hearing shall be held and the creditor shall
11	establish that the prisoner has fraudulently concealed assets. If, at the time he is brought
12	before a judge, the prisoner makes a showing of indigency, counsel shall be appointed
13	for the prisoner in accordance with rules adopted by the Office of Indigent Defense
14	Services. A provisional release under this section shall not constitute a discharge of the
15	debtor, and the creditor may oppose the discharge by suggesting fraud even if he has
16	unsuccessfully attempted to oppose the provisional release on the basis of fraudulent
17	concealment. The debtor may be provisionally released even though actual service upon
18	the creditor has not been accomplished if 72 hours has passed since the debtor delivered
19	the notice to the sheriff for service upon the creditor."
20	SECTION 2.(a) G.S. 120-123(57) reads as rewritten:
21	"No member of the General Assembly may serve on any of the following boards or
22	commissions:
23	
24	(57) The Information Resource Management Commission, as established
25	by <del>G.S. 143B-426.21.</del> <u>G.S. 147-33.78.</u>
26	"
27	<b>SECTION 2.(b)</b> G.S. 126-5(c1)(17) reads as rewritten:

3

(Public)

1 "(c1) Except as to the provisions of Articles 6 and 7 of this Chapter, the provisions 2 of this Chapter shall not apply to: 3 . . . 4 (17)The executive director of the independent staff of the Information 5 Resources Management Commission established under G.S. 143B-6 472.41A.G.S. 147-33.78. ....." 7 8 SECTION 2.(c) G.S. 143-52.1 reads as rewritten: 9 "§ 143-52.1. Board of Awards. 10 There is created the Board of Awards. The Board shall consist of three (a) 11 members at a time, appointed by the Chair of the Commission. Members of the Board 12 shall be appointed on a rotating basis from the membership of the Commission and the 13 Council of State. Two out of three members appointed for each meeting of the Board 14 shall constitute a quorum of the Board. 15 The Board shall meet weekly as called by the Chair of the Commission, (b)16 except in weeks when no contracts have been submitted to the Board for review. 17 (c) When the dollar value of a contract exceeds the benchmark established either 18 pursuant to G.S. 143-53.1 or G.S. 143B-472.63, G.S. 147-33.101, the Board shall review 19 and make a recommendation on action to be taken by the Secretary of Administration on contracts to be awarded under Article 3 of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes and 20 21 on contracts to be awarded by the Secretary of Commerce Chief Information Officer 22 under Part 16 of Article 10 of Chapter 143B-Article 3D of Chapter 147 of the General 23 Statutes, prior to the awarding of the contract. 24 The State Budget Officer shall designate a secretary for the Board. The (d) 25 Secretaries Secretary of Administration and Commerce the State Chief Information Officer shall each submit their matters for consideration to the secretary for inclusion on 26 27 the Board's agenda. Records shall be kept of each meeting and made public by the 28 applicable Secretary of Administration or Commerce State Chief Information Officer, 29 as applicable unless the applicable Secretary of Administration or State Chief 30 Information Officer, as applicable, determines a specific record of the meeting needs to 31 be confidential due to the nature of the contract. The applicable Secretary of 32 Administration or State Chief Information Officer, as applicable, may elect to proceed 33 with the award of a contract without a recommendation of the Board in cases of 34 emergencies or in the event that a Board is not available. In those cases, contracts awarded without Board review shall be reported to the next meeting of the Board as a 35 36 matter of record. 37 (e) Reports on recommendations made by the Board on matters presented by the 38 Secretary of Commerce State Chief Information Officer to the Board shall be reported

38 Secretary of Commerce State Chief Information Officer to the Board shall be reported 39 monthly by the Board to the chairs of the Joint Select Committee on Information 40 Technology."

- 41 **SECTION 2.(d)** G.S. 143-56 reads as rewritten:
- 42 "§ 143-56. Certain purchases excepted from provisions of Article.

1 Unless as may otherwise be ordered by the Secretary of Administration, the 2 purchase of supplies, materials and equipment through the Secretary of Administration 3 shall be mandatory in the following cases:

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- (1) Published books, manuscripts, maps, pamphlets and periodicals.
- (2) Perishable articles such as fresh vegetables, fresh fish, fresh meat, eggs, and others as may be classified by the Secretary of Administration.

8 Purchase through the Secretary of Administration shall not be mandatory for 9 information technology purchased in accordance with Part 16 of Article 10 of Chapter 10 143B Article 3D of Chapter 147 of the General Statutes, for a purchase of supplies, 11 materials or equipment for the General Assembly if the total expenditures is less than 12 the expenditure benchmark established under the provisions of G.S. 143-53.1, for group 13 purchases made by hospitals through a competitive bidding purchasing program, as 14 defined in G.S. 143-129, by the University of North Carolina Health Care System 15 pursuant to G.S. 116-37(h), by the University of North Carolina Hospitals at Chapel Hill 16 pursuant to G.S. 116-37(a)(4), by the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill on behalf of the clinical patient care programs of the School of Medicine of the University 17 18 of North Carolina at Chapel Hill pursuant to G.S. 116-37(a)(4), or by East Carolina 19 University on behalf of the Medical Faculty Practice Plan pursuant to G.S. 116-40.6(c).

All purchases of the above articles made directly by the departments, institutions and agencies of the State government shall, whenever possible, be based on competitive bids. Whenever an order is placed or contract awarded for such articles by any of the departments, institutions and agencies of the State government, a copy of such order or contract shall be forwarded to the Secretary of Administration and a record of the competitive bids upon which it was based shall be retained for inspection and review."

26

SECTION 2.(e) G.S. 150B-21.1(a4) reads as rewritten:

"(a4) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, the Secretary
of Commerce State Chief Information Officer may adopt temporary rules to implement
the information technology procurement provisions of Part 16 of Article 10 of Chapter
143B Article 3D of Chapter 147 of the General Statutes. After having the proposed
temporary rule published in the North Carolina Register and at least 30 days prior to
adopting a temporary rule pursuant to this subsection, the Secretary Officer shall:

- 33
- 34 35
- (1) Notify persons on its mailing list maintained pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.2(d) and any other interested parties of its intent to adopt a
- temporary rule;
- 36 37

38

(2) Accept oral and written comments on the proposed temporary rule; and

(3) Hold at least one public hearing on the proposed temporary rule.

When the <u>Secretary Officer</u> adopts a temporary rule pursuant to this subsection, the <u>Secretary Officer</u> must submit a reference to this subsection as the <u>Secretary'sOfficer's</u> statement of need to the Codifier of Rules.

1	Notwi	ithstan	ding any	v other provision of this Chapter, the Codifer of Rules shall
2				arolina Register a proposed temporary rule received from the
3	-			ordance with this subsection."
4	·			(f) G.S. 150B-38(a) reads as rewritten:
5	"(a)	The p	rovision	s of this Article shall apply to the following agencies: apply to:
6		(1)		ational licensing agencies;
7		(2)	-	tate Banking Commission, the Commissioner of Banks, the
8				s Institutions Division of the Department of Commerce, and the
9			-	Union Division of the Department of Commerce; and
10		(3)		epartment of Insurance and the Commissioner of Insurance.
11		(4)		epartment of Commerce State Chief Information Officer in the
12				stration of the provisions of Part 16 of Article 10 of Chapter
13			<u>143B-A</u>	Article 3D of Chapter 147 of the General Statutes."
14		SECT	FION 3.	(a) G.S. $24-1.1E(a)(4)$ and $(a)(6)$ read as rewritten:
15	"(a)	Defin	itions. –	The following definitions apply for the purposes of this section:
16				
17		(4)	A "hig	h-cost home loan" means a loan other than an open-end credit
18			plan or	a reverse mortgage transaction in which:
19			a. '	The principal amount of the loan does not exceed the lesser of
20				(i) the conforming loan size limit for a single-family dwelling
21			;	as established from time to time by the Federal National
22				Mortgage Association, Fannie Mae, or (ii) three hundred
23			1	thousand dollars (\$300,000);
24			b. '	The borrower is a natural person;
25			c. '	The debt is incurred by the borrower primarily for personal,
26				family, or household purposes;
27			d. '	The loan is secured by either (i) a security interest in a
28			1	manufactured home (as defined in G.S. 143-147(7)) which is or
29				will be occupied by the borrower as the borrower's principal
30				dwelling, or (ii) a mortgage or deed of trust on real estate upon
31				which there is located or there is to be located a structure or
32				structures designed principally for occupancy of from one to
33				four families which is or will be occupied by the borrower as
34				the borrower's principal dwelling; and
35				The terms of the loan exceed one or more of the thresholds as
36				defined in subdivision (6) of this section.
37		•••		
38		(6)		holds" means:
39				Without regard to whether the loan transaction is or may be a
40				"residential mortgage transaction" (as the term "residential
41				mortgage transaction" is defined in section 226.2(a)(24) of Title
42				12 of the Code of Federal Regulations, as amended from time to
43			1	time), the annual percentage rate of the loan at the time the loan

1		is con	summated is such that the loan is considered a "mortgage"
2		under	section 152 of the Home Ownership and Equity
3			ction Act of 1994 (Pub. Law 103-25, [15 U.S.C. §
4			(aa)]), as the same may be amended from time to time, and
5		regula	ations adopted pursuant thereto by the Federal Reserve
6		-	l, including section 226.32 of Title 12 of the Code of
7			al Regulations, as the same may be amended from time to
8		time;	
9	b.	,	otal points and fees payable by the borrower at or before
10			oan closing exceed five percent (5%) of the total loan
11			nt if the total loan amount is twenty thousand dollars
12			000) or more, or (ii) the lesser of eight percent (8%) of the
13			loan amount or one thousand dollars (\$1,000), if the total
14			amount is less than twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000);
15			ded, the following discount points and prepayment fees
16		*	enalties shall be excluded from the calculation of the total
17		1	s and fees payable by the borrower:
18		1.	Up to and including two bona fide loan discount points
19		1.	payable by the borrower in connection with the loan
20			transaction, but only if the interest rate from which the
20			loan's interest rate will be discounted does not exceed by
21			more than one percentage point (1%) the required net
22			yield for a 90-day standard mandatory delivery
23 24			
24 25			commitment for a reasonably comparable loan from
			either the Federal National Mortgage Association Fannie
26 27			<u>Mae</u> or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation,
27		2	whichever is greater;
28		2.	Up to and including one bona fide loan discount point
29			payable by the borrower in connection with the loan
30			transaction, but only if the interest rate from which the
31			loan's interest rate will be discounted does not exceed by
32			more than two percentage points (2%) the required net
33			yield for a 90-day standard mandatory delivery
34			commitment for a reasonably comparable loan from
35			either the Federal National Mortgage Association Fannie
36			<u>Mae</u> or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation,
37		-	whichever is greater;
38		3.	Prepayment fees and penalties which may be charged or
39			collected under the terms of the loan documents which
40			do not exceed one percent (1%) of the amount prepaid,
41			provided the loan documents do not permit the lender to
42			charge or collect any prepayment fees or penalties more
43			than 30 months after the loan closing; or".

1 2 3 4	<b>SECTION 3.(b)</b> G.S. 53-270.1(a)(3) reads as rewritten: "(a) A lender and a borrower may agree, in writing, that in addition to the principal and any interest accruing on the outstanding balance of a reverse mortgage loan, the lender may receive:
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5	$(2) \qquad The shared energy is the set of th$
6	(3) The shared appreciation or shared value is paid in conjunction with a
7	loan that:
8	a. Is outstanding for 24 months or longer; and
9	b. Either (i) is guaranteed or insured by an agency of the federal
10	government, or (ii) has been originated under a reverse
11	mortgage program approved by the Federal National Mortgage
12	Association, Fannie Mae, the Government National Mortgage
13	Association, or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation,
14	provided the loan is sold to one of those agencies or enterprises
15	within 90 days of loan closing, or (iii) has been originated under
16	a reverse mortgage program of a person, firm, or corporation
17	approved as an authorized lender by the Commissioner; and
18	c. Provides that the borrower receives additional economic benefit
19	in exchange for paying the shared appreciation or shared value,
20	including, but not limited to, larger monthly payments or a
21	larger line of credit. The specific nature of the economic benefit
22	shall be provided to the Commissioner with the other
23	information about the reverse mortgage program required under
24	G.S. 53-264 for dissemination to the reverse mortgage
25	counselors; and
26	d. At least 14 days prior to closing, the borrower receives a
27	disclosure that explains the additional costs and benefits of
28	shared appreciation or shared value and compares those costs
29	and benefits with a comparable loan without shared
30	appreciation or shared value. These costs and benefits shall also
31	be included in the information required under G.S. 53-264."
32	<b>SECTION 3.(c)</b> G.S. 54-109.88(3) reads as rewritten:
33	"(3) Assets which are issued by, fully guaranteed as to principal and
34	interest by, or due from the U.S. government, its agencies, the Federal
35	National Mortgage Association, Fannie Mae, or the Government
36	National Mortgage Association."
37	<b>SECTION 3.(d)</b> G.S. 54B-187 reads as rewritten:
38	"§ 54B-187. Federal National Mortgage Association <u>Fannie Mae</u> obligations.
39	A State association may invest in stock or other evidences of indebtedness or
40	obligations of the Federal National Mortgage Association, Fannie Mae, or any successor
41	thereto."
42	<b>SECTION 3.(e)</b> G.S. 54C-136 reads as rewritten:
43	"§ 54C-136. Federal government-sponsored enterprise obligations.

SESSION 2001

1	A savings bank may invest in stock or other evidences of indebtedness or obligations
2	of the Federal National Mortgage Association, Fannie Mae, the Federal Home Loan
3	Mortgage Corporation, or any other federal government sponsored enterprise, or any
4	successor thereto."
5	<b>SECTION 3.(f)</b> G.S. 58-3-140 reads as rewritten:
6	"§ 58-3-140. Temporary contracts of insurance permitted.
7	A lender engaged in making or servicing real estate mortgage or deed of trust loans
8	on one to four family residences shall accept as evidence of insurance a temporary
9	written contract of insurance meeting the requirements of G.S. 58-44-20(4) and issued
10	by any duly licensed insurance agent, broker, or insurance company.
11	Nothing herein prohibits the lender from refusing to accept a binder or from
12	disapproving such insurer or agent provided such refusal or disapproval is reasonable.
13	Such lender need not accept a binder unless such binder:
14	(1) Includes:
15	a. The name and address of the insured;
16	b. The name and address of the mortgagee;
17	c. A description of the insured collateral;
18	d. A provision that it may not be cancelled within a term of the
19	binder except upon 10 days' written notice to the mortgagee;
20	and
21	e. The amount of insurance bound.
22	(2) Is accompanied by a paid receipt for one year's premium, except in the
23	case of the renewal of a policy subsequent to the closing of a loan; and
24	(3) Includes an undertaking of agent to use his best efforts to have the
25	insurance company issue a policy.
26	The Department may require binders to contain any additional information to permit
27	the binders to comply with the reasonable requirements of the Federal National
28	Mortgage Association, Fannie Mae, Government National Mortgage Association, or
29	Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation for purchase of mortgage loans."
30	<b>SECTION 3.(g)</b> G.S. 58-7-173(8) reads as rewritten:
31	"(8) Bonds, debentures, or other securities of the following agencies,
32	whether or not those obligations are guaranteed by the U.S.
33	Government:
34	a. The Federal National Mortgage Association, Fannie Mae, and
35	stock thereof when acquired in connection with the sale of
36	mortgage loans to the Association.
37	b. Any federal land bank, when the securities are issued under the
38	Farm Loan Act;
39	c. Any federal home loan bank, when the securities are issued
40	under the Home Loan Bank Act;
41	d. The Home Owners' Loan Corporation, created by the Home
42	Owners' Loan Act of 1933;

1		e	. Any	federal	intermediate	credit	bank,	created	by	the
2			Agric	ultural Ci	redits Act;				•	
3		f.	The (	Central H	Bank for Coo	peratives	s and r	egional b	anks	for
4			coope	ratives o	rganized unde	er the Fai	rm Cred	it Act of	1933	, or
5			by an	y of suc	h banks; and	any not	tes, bon	ds, deben	tures	, or
6			other	similar c	bligations, co	nsolidate	ed or oth	nerwise, i	ssued	l by
7			farm o	credit inst	titutions under	the Farn	n Credit	Act of 19	71;	
8		g	. Any o	other sim	ilar agency o	of the U.	S. Gove	ernment t	hat is	s of
9					al quality."					
10		SECTIO	<b>DN 3.(h)</b> G	.S. 115C	-443(c)(6) read	ds as rew	ritten:			
11	"(c) I	Moneys	may be inv	ested in t	he following o	classes of	securiti	es, and no	o othe	ers:
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15					eral National N				<u>nie N</u>	∕lae,
16				-	atives, and the			inks."		
17					5.6(d) reads as					
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41				by Dun	& Bradstreet,	Inc., as	Prime-1	or by Sta	indar	d&
42	Poor's Corp			G 100 Å	11(0) 1(1)		•			
43		SECTI(	<b>JN 3.(j)</b> G.	S. 122A-	11(3) and (4)	read as re	ewritten	•		

SESSION 2001

1		"(3)	In obligations which are collateralized by mortgage pass-through
2			securities guaranteed by the Government National Mortgage
3			Association, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, or the
4			Federal National Mortgage Association; Fannie Mae;
5		(4)	In a trust certificate or similar instrument evidencing an equity
6			investment in a trust or other similar arrangement which is formed for
7			the purpose of issuing obligations which are collateralized by
8			mortgage pass-through or participation certificates guaranteed by the
9			Government National Mortgage Association, the Federal Home Loan
10			Mortgage Corporation or the Federal National Mortgage Association;
11			Fannie Mae; and".
12		SEC	<b>FION 3.(k)</b> G.S. 122D-16(b)(2) reads as rewritten:
13	"(b)	All m	noneys of the Authority may be invested in the following:
14		•••	
15		(2)	Non-convertible debt securities of the following issuers:
16			a. The Federal Home Loan Bank Board;
17			b. The Federal National Mortgage Association; Fannie Mae;
18			c. The Federal Farm Credit Bank; and
19			d. The Student Loan Marketing Association;".
20		SEC	<b>FION 3.(I)</b> G.S. 143B-472.8(7) reads as rewritten:
21		"(7)	Obligations of the Federal Intermediate Credit Banks, the Federal
22			Home Loan Banks, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Fannie
23			Mae, the Banks for Cooperatives, and the Federal Land Banks,
24			maturing no later than 18 months after the date of purchase."
25		SEC	<b>FION 3.(m)</b> G.S. 147-69.1(c)(2) reads as rewritten:
26	"(c)	It sha	all be the duty of the State Treasurer to invest the cash of the funds
27	enumerat	ted in s	ubsection (b) of this section in excess of the amount required to meet the
28	current n	eeds ar	nd demands on such funds, selecting from among the following:
29		•••	
30		(2)	Obligations of the Federal Financing Bank, the Federal Farm Credit
31			Bank, the Bank for Cooperatives, the Federal Intermediate Credit
32			Bank, the Federal Land Banks, the Federal Home Loan Banks, the
33			Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, the Federal National
34			Mortgage Association, Fannie Mae, the Government National
35			Mortgage Association, the Federal Housing Administration, the
36			Farmers Home Administration, the United States Postal Service, the
37			Export-Import Bank, the International Bank for Reconstruction and
38			Development, the International Finance Corporation, the
39			Inter-American Development Bank, the Asian Development Bank, the
40			African Development Bank, and the Student Loan Marketing
41			Association."
42		SECT	<b>FION 3.(n)</b> G.S. 159B-18(b) reads as rewritten:

1	"(b)	Any r	noneys	receiv	ed pursuant to the authority of this Chapter and any other
2	moneys av	vailabl	e to a j	oint age	ency for investment may be invested:
3	-	(1)	As pro	ovided	in subsection (a) of this section;
4		(2)	As pro	ovided	in G.S. 159-30, except that:
5			a.	A joir	nt agency may also invest, in addition to the obligations
6				enume	erated in G.S. 159-30(c)(2), in bonds, debentures, notes,
7					ipation certificates, or other evidences of indebtedness
8				-	, or the principal of and the interest on which are
9				uncon	ditionally guaranteed, whether directly or indirectly, by
10					gency or instrumentality of, or corporation wholly owned
11				• •	e United States of America.
12			b.	For p	urposes of G.S. 159-30(c)(12), a joint agency may also
13				-	into repurchase agreements with respect to, in addition to
14				the ob	ligations enumerated in G.S. 159-30(c)(12):
15				1.	Obligations of the Federal Financing Bank, the Federal
16					Farm Credit Bank, the Bank for Cooperatives, the
17					Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, the Federal Land
18					Banks, the Federal Home Loan Banks, the Federal Home
19					Loan Mortgage Corporation, the Federal National
20					Mortgage Association, Fannie Mae, the Government
21					National Mortgage Association, the Federal Housing
22					Administration, the Farmers Home Administration, and
23					the United States Postal Service;
24				2.	Bonds, debentures, notes, participation certificates, or
25					other evidences of indebtedness issued, or the principal
26					of and the interest on which are unconditionally
27					guaranteed, whether directly or indirectly, by any agency
28					or instrumentality of, or corporation wholly owned by,
29					the United States of America;
30				3.	Mortgage-backed pass-through securities guaranteed by
31					the Government National Mortgage Association, the
32					Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, or the
33					Federal National Mortgage Association; Fannie Mae;
34				4.	Direct or indirect obligations which are collateralized by
35					or represent beneficial ownership interests in
36					mortgage-backed pass-through securities guaranteed by
37					the Government National Mortgage Association, the
38					Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, or the
39					Federal National Mortgage Association; Fannie Mae;
40					and
41				5.	Direct or indirect obligations, trust certificates, or other
42					similar instruments which are both: (i) guaranteed by the
43					Government National Mortgage Association, the Federal

SESSION 2001

1		Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, or the Federal
2		National Mortgage Association; Fannie Mae; (ii)
3		collateralized by or represent beneficial ownership
4		interests in mortgage-backed pass-through securities
5		which are guaranteed by the Government National
6		Mortgage Association, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage
7		Corporation, or the Federal National Mortgage
8		Association, Fannie Mae; including, but not limited to,
9		Real Estate Mortgage Investment Conduit Certificates;
10		and (iii) for purposes of the second proviso of G.S.
11		159-30(c)(12)a, the financial institution serving either as
12		trustee or as fiscal agent for a joint agency holding the
13		obligations subject to the repurchase agreement may also
14		be the provider of the repurchase agreement if the
15		obligations that are subject to the repurchase agreement
16		are held in trust by the trustee or fiscal agent for the
17		benefit of the joint agency;
18		(3) In mortgage-backed pass-through securities guaranteed by the
19		Government National Mortgage Association, the Federal Home Loan
20		Mortgage Corporation, or the Federal National Mortgage
21		Association; Fannie Mae;
22		(4) In direct or indirect obligations which are collateralized by or represent
23		beneficial ownership interests in mortgage-backed pass-through
24		securities guaranteed by the Government National Mortgage
25		Association, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, or the
26		Federal National Mortgage Association; Fannie Mae; and
27		(5) In direct or indirect obligations, trust certificates, or other similar
28		instruments which are (i) guaranteed by the Government National
29		Mortgage Association, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation,
30		or the Federal National Mortgage Association, Fannie Mae, and (ii)
31		collateralized by or represent beneficial ownership interests in
32		mortgage-backed pass-through securities which are guaranteed by the
33		Government National Mortgage Association, the Federal Home Loan
34		Mortgage Corporation, or the Federal National Mortgage
35		Association, Fannie Mae, including, but not limited to, Real Estate
36		Mortgage Investment Conduit Certificates."
37		SECTION 3.(o) G.S. 159-30(c)(2) reads as rewritten:
38	"(c)	Moneys may be invested in the following classes of securities, and no others:
39		
40		(2) Obligations of the Federal Financing Bank, the Federal Farm Credit
40		Bank, the Bank for Cooperatives, the Federal Intermediate Credit
42		Bank, the Federal Land Banks, the Federal Home Loan Banks, the
43		Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, the Federal National
10		reactar frome Louis frongage corporation, the reactar futional

1	
1	Mortgage Association, Fannie Mae, the Government National
2	Mortgage Association, the Federal Housing Administration, the
3	Farmers Home Administration, the United States Postal Service."
4	<b>SECTION 4.</b> G.S. 1-17 reads as rewritten:
5	"§ 1-17. Disabilities.
6	(a) A person entitled to commence an action who is <u>under a disability</u> at the time
7	the cause of action accrued <del>either</del>
8	(1) Within the age of 18 years; or
9	$\frac{(2)}{(2)}  \text{Insane; or}  (2)  \text{Insane; or}  (3)  $
10	(3) Incompetent as defined in G.S. 35A 1101(7) or (8)
11	may bring his <u>or her action</u> within the time herein limited, limited in this Subchapter,
12	after the disability is removed, except in an action for the recovery of real property, or to
13	make an entry or defense founded on the title to real property, or to rents and services
14	out of the same, when he real property, when the person must commence his or her
15	action, or make <u>his the</u> entry, within three years next after the removal of the disability,
16	and at no time thereafter.
17	For the purpose of this section, a person is under a disability if the person meets one
18	or more of the following conditions:
19	$(1) \qquad \frac{\text{The person is within the age of 18 years.}}{\text{The person is within the age of 18 years.}}$
20	$(2) \qquad \frac{\text{The person is insane.}}{\text{The person is insane.}}$
21	$(3) \qquad \text{The person is incompetent as defined in G.S. 35A-1101(7) or (8).}$
22	(a1) For those persons under a disability on January 1, 1976, as a result of being
23	imprisoned on a criminal charge, or in execution under sentence for a criminal offense,
24	the statute of limitations shall commence to run and no longer be tolled from January 1,
25	1976.
26	(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, an action on
27	behalf of a minor for malpractice arising out of the performance of or failure to perform
28	professional services shall be commenced within the limitations of time specified in
29	G.S. 1-15(c): Provided, that if said G.S. 1-15(c), except that if those time limitations
30	expire before such the minor attains the full age of 19 years, the action may be brought
31	before said the minor attains the full age of 19 years."
32	<b>SECTION 5.</b> G.S. 7B-507(b)(4) reads as rewritten:
33	"(4) A court of competent jurisdiction has determined that: the parent has
34	committed murder or voluntary manslaughter of another child of the
35	parent; has aided, abetted, attempted, conspired, or solicited to commit
36	murder or voluntarily voluntary manslaughter of the child or another
37	child of the parent; or has committed a felony assault resulting in
38	serious bodily injury to the child or another child of the parent."
39	<b>SECTION 6.</b> G.S. 7B-1501 reads as rewritten:
40	"§ 7B-1501. Definitions.
41	In this Subchapter, unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the following
42	words have the listed meanings: meanings. The singular includes the plural, unless
43	otherwise specified.

1 2 3	(1)	Chief court counselor. – The person responsible for administration and supervision of juvenile intake, probation, and post-release supervision in each judicial district, operating under the supervision of the
4		Department of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention.
5	(2)	Clerk. – Any clerk of superior court, acting clerk, or assistant or
6	~ /	deputy clerk.
7	(3)	Community-based program. – A program providing nonresidential or
8		residential treatment to a juvenile under the jurisdiction of the juvenile
9		court in the community where the juvenile's family lives. A
10		community-based program may include specialized foster care, family
11		counseling, shelter care, and other appropriate treatment.
12	(4)	Court. – The district court division of the General Court of Justice.
13	(5)	Court counselor. – A person responsible for probation and post-release
14	~ /	supervision to juveniles under the supervision of the chief court
15		counselor.
16	(6)	Custodian. – The person or agency that has been awarded legal
17		custody of a juvenile by a court.
18	(7)	Delinquent juvenile. – Any juvenile who, while less than 16 years of
19		age but at least 6 years of age, commits a crime or infraction under
20		State law or under an ordinance of local government, including
21		violation of the motor vehicle laws.
22	(7a)	Department. – The Department of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency
23	~ /	Prevention created under Article 12 of Chapter 143B of the General
24		Statutes.
25	(8)	Detention. – The secure confinement of a juvenile under a court order.
26	(9)	Detention facility. – A facility approved to provide secure confinement
27		and care for juveniles. Detention facilities include both State and
28		locally administered detention homes, centers, and facilities.
29	(10)	District. – Any district court district as established by G.S. 7A-133.
30	(11)	Holdover facility. – A place in a jail which has been approved by the
31		Department of Health and Human Services as meeting the State
32		standards for detention as required in G.S. 153A-221 providing close
33		supervision where the juvenile cannot converse with, see, or be seen
34		by the adult population.
35	(12)	House arrest. – A requirement that the juvenile remain at the juvenile's
36		residence unless the court or the juvenile court counselor authorizes
37		the juvenile to leave for specific purposes.
38	(13)	Intake counselor. – A person who screens and evaluates a complaint
39		alleging that a juvenile is delinquent or undisciplined to determine
40		whether the complaint should be filed as a petition.
41	(14)	Interstate Compact on Juveniles An agreement ratified by 50 states
42		and the District of Columbia providing a formal means of returning a

1		juvenile, who is an absconder, escapee, or runaway, to the juvenile's
2		home state, and codified in Article 28 of this Chapter.
3	(15)	Judge. – Any district court judge.
4	(16)	Judicial district. – Any district court district as established by G.S.
5		7A-133.
6	(17)	Juvenile Except as provided in subdivisions (7) and (27) of this
7		section, any person who has not reached the person's eighteenth
8		birthday and is not married, emancipated, or a member of the armed
9		forces of the United States. Wherever the term "juvenile" is used with
10		reference to rights and privileges, that term encompasses the attorney
11		for the juvenile as well.
12	(18)	Juvenile court Any district court exercising jurisdiction under this
13		Chapter.
14	(19)	Repealed by Session Laws 2000, c. 137, s. 2.
15	(20)	Petitioner. – The individual who initiates court action by the filing of a
16		petition or a motion for review alleging the matter for adjudication.
17	(21)	Post-release supervision. – The supervision of a juvenile who has been
18		returned to the community after having been committed to the
19		Department for placement in a training school.
20	(22)	Probation The status of a juvenile who has been adjudicated
21		delinquent, is subject to specified conditions under the supervision of a
22		court counselor, and may be returned to the court for violation of those
23		conditions during the period of probation.
24	(23)	Prosecutor. – The district attorney or assistant district attorney
25		assigned by the district attorney to juvenile proceedings.
26	(24)	Protective supervision The status of a juvenile who has been
27		adjudicated undisciplined and is under the supervision of a court
28		counselor.
29	(25)	Teen court program A community resource for the diversion of
30		cases in which a juvenile has allegedly committed certain offenses for
31		hearing by a jury of the juvenile's peers, which may assign the juvenile
32		to counseling, restitution, curfews, community service, or other
33		rehabilitative measures.
34	(26)	Training school A secure residential facility authorized to provide
35		long-term treatment, education, and rehabilitative services for
36		delinquent juveniles committed by the court to the Department.
37	(27)	Undisciplined juvenile. –
38		a. A juvenile who, while less than 16 years of age but at least 6
39		years of age, is unlawfully absent from school; or is regularly
40		disobedient to and beyond the disciplinary control of the
41		juvenile's parent, guardian, or custodian; or is regularly found in
42		places where it is unlawful for a juvenile to be; or has run away
43		from home for a period of more than 24 hours; or

# SESSION 2001

1 2 3 4 5 6		(28)	<ul> <li>b. A juvenile who is 16 or 17 years of age and who is regularly disobedient to and beyond the disciplinary control of the juvenile's parent, guardian, or custodian; or is regularly found in places where it is unlawful for a juvenile to be; or has run away from home for a period of more than 24 hours.</li> <li>Wilderness program. – A rehabilitative residential treatment program</li> </ul>
7			in a rural or outdoor setting.
8	The si	ingular	includes the plural, unless otherwise specified."
9		-	<b>TON 7.</b> Effective July 1, 2001, G.S. 7B-1808(b)(2) reads as rewritten:
10	"(b)	At the	first appearance, the court shall:
11		•••	
12		(2)	Determine whether the juvenile has retained counsel or has been
13			assigned counsel;".
14		SECT	<b>TON 8.</b> Effective June 30, 2001, G.S. 17C-3(a)(5) reads as rewritten:
15		"(5)	Citizens and Others The President of The University of North
16			Carolina; the Director of the Institute of Government; and two citizens,
17			one of whom shall be selected by the Governor and one of whom shall
18			be selected by the Attorney General. The General Assembly shall
19			appoint two persons, one upon the recommendation of the Speaker of
20			the House of Representatives and one upon the recommendation of the
21			President Pro Tempore of the Senate. Appointments by the General
22			Assembly shall be made in accordance with G.S. 120-122.
23			Appointments by the General Assembly shall serve be for two-year
24			terms to conclude on June 30th in odd-numbered years."
25			<b>TON 9.</b> G.S. 20-16.5(a)(4) reads as rewritten:
26	"(a)		tions. – As used in this section the following words and phrases have
27	the follow	ving me	eanings:
28		•••	
29		(4)	Revocation Report. – A sworn statement by a charging officer and a
30			chemical analyst containing facts indicating that the conditions of
31			subsection (b) have been met, and whether the person has a pending
32			offense for which their the person's license had been or is revoked
33			under this section. When one chemical analyst analyzes a person's
34			blood and another chemical analyst informs a person of his rights and responsibilities under $C = 20.162$ , the report must include the
35 36			responsibilities under G.S. 20-16.2, the report must include the statements of both analysts."
30 37		SECT	<b>TON 10.</b> G.S. 20-16.5(g) reads as rewritten:
38	"(g)		ng before Magistrate or Judge if Person Contests Validity of
39	ίų,		A person whose license is revoked under this section may request in
40			g to contest the validity of the revocation. The request may be made at
41	-		erson's initial appearance, or within 10 days of the effective date of the
42		-	e clerk or a magistrate designated by the clerk, and may specifically
43			hearing be conducted by a district court judge. The Administrative

Office of the Courts must develop a hearing request form for any person requesting a 1 2 hearing. Unless a district court judge is requested, the hearing must be conducted within 3 the county by a magistrate assigned by the chief district <u>court</u> judge to conduct such 4 hearings. If the person requests that a district court judge hold the hearing, the hearing 5 must be conducted within the district court district as defined in G.S. 7A-133 by a 6 district court judge assigned to conduct such hearings. The revocation remains in effect 7 pending the hearing, but the hearing must be held within three working days following 8 the request if the hearing is before a magistrate or within five working days if the 9 hearing is before a district court judge. The request for the hearing must specify the 10 grounds upon which the validity of the revocation is challenged and the hearing must be 11 limited to the grounds specified in the request. A witness may submit his evidence by 12 affidavit unless he is subpoenaed to appear. Any person who appears and testifies is 13 subject to questioning by the judicial official conducting the hearing, and the judicial official may adjourn the hearing to seek additional evidence if he is not satisfied with 14 15 the accuracy or completeness of evidence. The person contesting the validity of the 16 revocation may, but is not required to, testify in his own behalf. Unless contested by the 17 person requesting the hearing, the judicial official may accept as true any matter stated 18 in the revocation report. If any relevant condition under subsection (b) is contested, the 19 judicial official must find by the greater weight of the evidence that the condition was 20 met in order to sustain the revocation. At the conclusion of the hearing the judicial 21 official must enter an order sustaining or rescinding the revocation. The judicial 22 official's findings are without prejudice to the person contesting the revocation and to 23 any other potential party as to any other proceedings, civil or criminal, that may involve 24 facts bearing upon the conditions in subsection (b) considered by the judicial official. 25 The decision of the judicial official is final and may not be appealed in the General 26 Court of Justice. If the hearing is not held and completed within three working days of 27 the written request for a hearing before a magistrate or within five working days of the 28 written request for a hearing before a district court judge, the judicial official must enter 29 an order rescinding the revocation, unless the person contesting the revocation 30 contributed to the delay in completing the hearing. If the person requesting the hearing 31 fails to appear at the hearing or any rescheduling thereof after having been properly 32 notified, he forfeits his right to a hearing."

33

**SECTION 11.** G.S. 20-28.3(m) reads as rewritten:

"(m) Trial Priority. – District court trials of impaired driving offenses involving
forfeitures of motor vehicles pursuant to G.S. 20-28.2 shall be scheduled on the
arresting officer's next court date or within 30 days of the offense, whichever comes
first.

38 Once scheduled, the case shall not be continued unless all of the following 39 conditions are met:

- 40
- (1) A written motion for continuance is filed with notice given to the
- 41 opposing party prior to the motion being heard.
- 42 (2) The judge makes a finding of a "compelling reason" for the 43 continuance.

1	1 (3) The motion and finding are attached	to the court case record.
2	C C	
3		-
4	5 E 5	sie, and the judge shan issue the
5		erior court any party who has not
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14		0
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16		internet interving impared arring in
17	1	is rewritten:
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19		
20		
21		tion do not apply to a vehicle that
22		
23		
24		om a distribution yard or a
25		ite within a North Carolina county
26		blina State border to a destination in
27	27 an adjacent state as verified	by a weight ticket in the driver's
28	•	for inspection by enforcement
29	-	· ·
30	b. Does not operate on an inters	state highway or posted bridge.
31	c. Does not exceed 69,850 p	bounds gross vehicle weight and
32	32 53,850 pounds per axle gr	rouping for tri-axle vehicles. For
33	33 purposes of this subsection,	a tri-axle vehicle is a single unit
34	34 vehicle with a three conse	ecutive axle group on which the
35	35 respective distance between	any two consecutive axles of the
36	36 group, measured longitudina	ally center to center to the nearest
37	37 foot, does not exceed eight fe	eet. For purposes of this subsection,
38	38 the tolerance provisions of s	ubsection (h) of this section do not
39	11 2	
40	1	ovisions of this Article remain
41	11	
42	42 <b>SECTION 13.</b> G.S. 20-294(2) reads as re-	written:

1 2 3	15 of t	lly and intentionally failing to comply with this Article, Article his Chapter, or G.S. 20-52.1, 20-75, <del>20-82,</del> 20-108, 20-109, or a opted by the Division under this Article."
4		4. Effective July 1, 2001, G.S. 25-9-705(c) reads as rewritten:
5		date filing in jurisdiction formerly governing perfection. – This
6		fective an effective financing statement that, before July 1, 2001,
7		e applicable requirements for perfection under the law of the
8		perfection as provided in G.S. 25-9-103 of former Article 9.
9		nerwise provided in subsections (d) and (e) of this section and
10	G.S. 25-9-706, the finan	cing statement ceases to be effective at the earlier of:
11		me the financing statement would have ceased to be effective
12		he law of the jurisdiction in which it is filed; and or
13		0, 2006."
14		5. G.S. 30-3.2 reads as rewritten:
15	"§ 30-3.2. Definitions.	
16	-	tions apply in this Article:
17	· / <del></del>	' means the Internal Revenue Code in effect at the time of the
18		nt's death.
19 20		taxes" means any estate, inheritance, succession, and similar
20 21		imposed by any taxing authority, reduced by any applicable against those taxes.
$\frac{21}{22}$		dverse trustee" means a trustee who would be deemed
22		verse under section 672 of the Code.
23 24		Net Assets" means, after the payment or provision for payment
25		decedent's funeral expenses, year's allowances to persons other
26		o the surviving spouse, debts, claims, and administration
27		es, the sum of the following:
28		All property to which the decedent had legal and equitable title
29		immediately prior to death;
30	<del>(2)<u>b.</u></del>	All property received by the decedent's personal representative
31		by reason of the decedent's death, other than wrongful death
32		proceeds;
33		One-half of the value of any property held by the decedent and
34		the surviving spouse as tenants by the entirety, or as joint
35		tenants with rights of survivorship;
36	· · · —	The entire value of any interest in property held by the decedent
37		and another person, other than the surviving spouse, as joint
38		tenants with right of survivorship, except to the extent that
39		contribution can be proven by clear and convincing evidence;
40		The value of any property which would be included in the
41		taxable estate of the decedent pursuant to sections 2033, 2035,
42		2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, or 2040 of the Code.

1	<del>(6)<u>f.</u></del>	Any donative transfers of property made by the decedent to
2		donees other than the surviving spouse within six months of the
3		decedent's death, excluding:
4		a. <u>1.</u> Any gifts within the annual exclusion provisions of
5		section 2503 of the Code;
6		b.2. Any gifts to which the surviving spouse consented. A
7		signing of a deed, or income or gift tax return reporting
8		such gift shall be considered consent; and
9	<i>(</i> <b>_</b> )	e. <u>3.</u> Any gifts made prior to marriage;
10	<del>(7)</del> <u>g.</u>	Any proceeds of any individual retirement account, pension or
11		profit-sharing plan, or any private or governmental retirement
12		plan or annuity of which the decedent controlled the designation
13		of beneficiary, excluding any benefits under the federal social
14		security system;
15	<del>(8)<u>h.</u></del>	Any other Property Passing to Surviving Spouse under G.S.
16		30-3.3; and
17	<del>(9)<u>i.</u></del>	In case of overlapping application of the same property under
18		more than one provision, the property shall be included only
19		once under the provision yielding the greatest value."
20		<b>16.</b> G.S. 40A-64(c) reads as rewritten:
21		er is to be allowed to remove any timber, building or other
22		ent of fixtures improvement, or fixtures from the property, the
23		be included in the compensation award, but the cost of removal
24		an element to be compensated."
25		<b>17.</b> G.S. 58-5-15 reads as rewritten:
26		deposit required upon admission.
27	-	do business in the State of North Carolina every foreign or alien
28		d marine, fidelity, surety or casualty company shall deposit with
29		curities in the amounts required under G.S. 58-5-5 and G.S.
30	58-5-10."	
31		<b>18.</b> G.S. 58-31-40(b) reads as rewritten:
32		or other person authorized or directed by law to select a plan and
33		use of the State or any State institution shall receive and approve
34		ibmitted to and approved by the Commissioner as to the safety of
35		from fire, including the property's occupants or contents. No
36		norized or directed by law to select a plan or erect a building
37		are feet or or more for the use of any county, city, or school
38		d approve of the plan until it is submitted to and approved by the
39		the safety of the proposed building from fire, including the
40	property's occupants or	
41		<b>19.</b> The catch line of G.S. 59-31 reads as rewritten:
42		ticle.North Carolina Uniform Partnership Act."
43	SECTION 2	<b>20.</b> G.S. 59-1106 reads as rewritten:

1	"§ 59-1106. Fe	ees; expedited filing.
2		ry of State shall collect the following fees and remit them to the State
3	Treasurer for the	e use of the State:
4	(1)	For filing a certificate of limited partnership
5		(G.S. 59-201)\$50.00
6	(2)	For filing a certificate of amendment
7		(G.S. 59-202; 59-905)
8	(3)	For filing a certificate of cancellation
9		(G.S. 59-203; 59-906)
10	(4)	For filing an application for reservation of name
11		(G.S. 59-104(a))
12	(5)	For filing a transfer of name
13		(G.S. 59-104(d))
14	(6)	For filing an application for registration
15		as foreign limited partnership
16		(G.S. 59-502)(G.S. 59-902)
17	(7)	For preparing and furnishing a copy of any
18		document, instrument or paper filed or recorded
19 20		relating to a limited partnership (G.S. 59-206(c))
20		For each page
21 22	( <b>0</b> )	For affixing the certificate and official seal thereto
22 23	(8)	For comparing a copy furnished to him of any document, instrument or paper filed or recorded
23 24		
24 25		relating to a limited partnership For each page1.00
25 26	(9)	For filing any other document not herein specifically
27	$(\mathcal{I})$	provided for
28	(10)	For the expedited filing by the end of the same
29	(10)	business day of a document received in good order
30		by 12:00 noon Eastern Standard Time
31		additional fee
32	(11)	For the expedited filing of a document received in
33	× /	good order within 24 hours after receipt, excluding
34		weekends and holidays
35		additional fee
36	(12)	Advisory review of a document
37	The Secretar	ry of State shall not collect the fees allowed in subdivisions (10) and (11)
38	of this section	unless the person submitting the document for filing requests an
39	expedited filing	and is informed by the Secretary of State of the fees prior to the filing
40	of the document	nt. Upon receipt of a document in proper form and payment of the
41		fee, the Secretary of State shall guarantee the expedited filing of the
42	document."	
43	SEC	<b>FION 21.</b> G.S. 90-88(d) reads as rewritten:

If any substance is designated, rescheduled or deleted as a controlled 1 "(d) 2 substance under federal law, the Commission shall similarly control or cease control of, 3 the substance under this Article unless the Commission objects to such inclusion. The 4 Commission, at its next regularly scheduled meeting that takes place 30 days after 5 publication in the Federal Register of a final order scheduling a substance, shall 6 determine either to adopt a rule to similarly control the substance under this Article or to 7 object to such action. No rule-making notice or hearing as specified by Chapter 150B 8 150B of the General Statutes is required if the Commission makes a decision to 9 similarly control a substance. However, if the Commission makes a decision to object to 10 adoption of the federal action, it shall initiate rule-making procedures pursuant to 11 Chapter 150B of the General Statutes within 180 days of its decision to object."

12

17

SECTION 22. G.S. 96-35(b) reads as rewritten:

"(b) The Office of State Budget, Planning, and Management shall report to-to the
Governor and to the General Assembly upon the convening of each biennial session, its
evaluation of and recommendations regarding job training, education, and placement
programs for which data was provided to the CFS."

**SECTION 23.** G.S. 105-357(b)(2) reads as rewritten:

- 18 Penalty. – In addition to interest for nonpayment of taxes provided by "(2) 19 G.S. 105-360 and in addition to any criminal penalties provided by law 20 for the giving of worthless checks, the penalty for giving in payment of 21 taxes a check that is returned because of insufficient funds or 22 nonexistence of an account of the drawer is ten percent (10%) of the 23 amount of the check, subject to a minimum of one dollar (\$1.00) and a 24 maximum of one thousand dollars (\$1,000). This penalty does not 25 apply if the tax collector finds that, when the check was presented for 26 payment, the drawer of the check had sufficient funds in an account at 27 a financial institution in this State to pay the check and, by 28 inadvertance, inadvertence, the drawer of the check failed to draw the 29 check on the account that had sufficient funds. This penalty shall be 30 added to and collected in the same manner as the taxes for which the 31 check was given."
- 32

**SECTION 24.** G.S. 113A-241(c) reads as rewritten:

"(c) The Secretary of Environment and Natural Resources shall report to the
Governor and the Environmental Review Commission annually beginning on
September 1, 2000, on the State's progress towards attaining the goal established in
Section 2 of this Article."

37

**SECTION 25.** G.S. 116D-4(b) reads as rewritten:

38 "(b) Participation in providing professional services.Participation in Providing 39 Professional Services. – The Department of State Treasurer shall provide contracting 40 opportunities for historically underutilized businesses in providing professional services 41 in connection with the issuance of bonds and notes authorized by this section. As used 42 in this subsection, the term `historically underutilized business' means a business 43 described in G.S. 143-48. The Department of State Treasurer shall strive to increase the

amount of legal, financial, and other professional services acquired by it from 1 2 historically underutilized businesses. With the assistance of the Office for Historically 3 Underutilized Businesses in the Department of Administration, the Department of State 4 Treasurer shall set objectives for contracting with these businesses, identify and 5 eliminate barriers or constraints that may restrict these businesses from contracting with 6 the Department, and develop a plan for meeting its objectives. The Department of State 7 Treasurer shall report quarterly to the Office for Historically Underutilized Businesses 8 on its progress in carrying out the requirements of this subsection."

9

**SECTION 26.** G.S. 116D-11(g) reads as rewritten:

10 "(g) University Improvement Bonds Fund. – The proceeds of university 11 improvement general obligation bonds and notes, including premium thereon, if any, 12 except the proceeds of bonds the issuance of which has been anticipated by bond 13 anticipation notes or the proceeds of refunding bonds or notes, shall be placed by the 14 State Treasurer in a special fund to be designated `University Improvement Bonds 15 Fund'. Moneys in the University Improvement Bonds Fund shall be used for the 16 purposes set forth in this Article.

Any additional moneys that may be received by means of a grant or grants from the United States of America or any agency or department thereof or from any other source to aid in financing the cost of any university improvements authorized by this Article may be placed by the State Treasurer in the University Improvement Bonds Fund or in a separate account or fund and shall be disbursed, to the extent permitted by the terms of the grant or grants, without regard to any limitations imposed by this act. Article.

23 The proceeds of university improvement general obligation bonds and notes may be 24 used with any other moneys made available by the General Assembly for the making of 25 university improvements, including the proceeds of any other State bond issues, 26 whether previously made available or which may be made available after the effective 27 date of this Article. The proceeds of university improvement bonds and notes shall be 28 expended and disbursed under the direction and supervision of the Director of the 29 Budget. The funds provided by this Article for university improvements shall be 30 disbursed for the purposes provided in this Article upon warrants drawn on the State 31 Treasurer by the State Controller, which warrants shall not be drawn until requisition 32 has been approved by the Director of the Budget and which requisition shall be 33 approved only after full compliance with the Executive Budget Act, Article 1 of Chapter 34 143 of the General Statutes."

35

#### **SECTION 27.** G.S. 116D-46(g) reads as rewritten:

36 "(g) Community College Bonds Fund. – The proceeds of community college 37 general obligation bonds and notes, including premium thereon, if any, except the 38 proceeds of bonds the issuance of which has been anticipated by bond anticipation notes 39 or the proceeds of refunding bonds or notes, shall be placed by the State Treasurer in a 40 special fund to be designated `Community College Bonds Fund'. Moneys in the 41 Community College Bonds Fund shall be used for the purposes set forth in this Article.

42 Any additional moneys that may be received by means of a grant or grants from the 43 United States of America or any agency or department thereof or from any other source

#### **SESSION 2001**

1 to aid in financing the cost of any community college capital facilities authorized by this

2 Article may be placed by the State Treasurer in the Community College Bonds Fund or

3 in a separate account or fund and shall be disbursed, to the extent permitted by the terms

4 of the grant or grants, without regard to any limitations imposed by this act. Article.

5 The proceeds of community college general obligation bonds and notes may be used 6 with any other moneys made available by the General Assembly for the making of 7 grants to community colleges for capital facilities, including the proceeds of any other 8 State bond issues, whether previously made available or which may be made available 9 after the effective date of this Article. The proceeds of community college bonds and 10 notes shall be expended and disbursed under the direction and supervision of the 11 Director of the Budget. The funds provided by this Article for grants to community 12 colleges shall be disbursed for the purposes provided in this Article upon warrants 13 drawn on the State Treasurer by the State Controller, which warrants shall not be drawn 14 until requisition has been approved by the Director of the Budget and which requisition 15 shall be approved only after full compliance with the Executive Budget Act, Article 1 of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes." 16

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SECTION 28. Effective July 1, 2001, G.S. 122C-269(b) reads as rewritten:

"(b) An official of the facility shall immediately notify the clerk of superior court of the county in which the facility is located of a determination to hold the respondent pending hearing. That clerk shall request transmittal of all documents pertinent to the proceedings from the clerk of superior court where the proceedings were initiated. The requesting clerk shall assume all duties set forth in G.S. 122C-264. The counsel for indigent respondents the counsel-provided for in G.S. 122C-268(d) shall be appointed in accordance with rules adopted by the Office of Indigent Defense Services."

25 26 **SECTION 29.** G.S. 131D-2(b)(1) reads as rewritten:

- "(b) Licensure; inspections. –
- 27 The Department of Health and Human Services shall inspect and (1)28 license, under rules adopted by the Medical Care Commission, all 29 adult care homes for persons who are aged or mentally or physically 30 disabled except those exempt in subsection (c) of this section. Licenses 31 issued under the authority of this section shall be valid for one year 32 from the date of issuance unless revoked earlier by the Secretary for 33 failure to comply with any part of this section or any rules adopted 34 hereunder adult care. hereunder. Licenses shall be renewed annually 35 upon filing and the Department's approval of the renewal application. 36 A license shall not be renewed if outstanding fines and penalties 37 imposed by the State against the home have not been paid. Fines and 38 penalties for which an appeal is pending are exempt from 39 consideration. The renewal application shall contain all necessary and 40 reasonable information that the Department may by rule require. 41 Except as otherwise provided in this subdivision, the Department may 42 amend a license by reducing it from a full license to a provisional

1	licens	e for a pe	riod of not more than 90 days whenever the Department
2	finds	_	
3	a.	The lic	ensee has substantially failed to comply with the
4		provisio	ns of Articles 1 and 3 of Chapter 131D of the General
5		Statutes	and the rules adopted pursuant to these Articles;
6	b.		s a reasonable probability that the licensee can remedy
7			nsure deficiencies within a reasonable length of time;
8		and	-
9	c.	There is	a reasonable probability that the licensee will be able
10			er to remain in compliance with the licensure rules for
11			seeable future.
12	The I	Departme	nt may extend a provisional license for not more than
13		-	90-day period upon finding that the licensee has made
14			gress toward remedying the licensure deficiencies that
15		_	nse to be reduced to provisional status.
16			nt may revoke a license whenever:
17	a.	•	partment finds that:
18		-	The licensee has substantially failed to comply with the
19			rovisions of Articles 1 and 3 of Chapter 131D of the
20		-	General Statutes and the rules adopted pursuant to these
21			Articles; and
22			t is not reasonably probable that the licensee can remedy
23			he licensure deficiencies within a reasonable length of
24			me; or
25	b.		partment finds that:
26		-	The licensee has substantially failed to comply with the
27			rovisions of Articles 1 and 3 of Chapter 131D of the
28		-	General Statutes and the rules adopted pursuant to these
29			Articles; and
30		2. A	Although the licensee may be able to remedy the
31		d	eficiencies within a reasonable time, it is not reasonably
32			robable that the licensee will be able to remain in
33		-	ompliance with licensure rules for the foreseeable
34			uture; or
35	c.		partment finds that the licensee has failed to comply
36			provisions of Articles 1 and 3 of Chapter 131D of the
37			Statutes and the rules adopted pursuant to these
38			, and the failure to comply endangered the health,
39			or welfare of the patients in the facility.
40	The I	•	nt may also issue a provisional license to a facility,
41		-	iles adopted by the Medical Care Commission, for
42	-		ure to comply with the provisions of this section or rules
43			ant to this section. Any facility wishing to contest the

issuance of a provisional license shall be entitled to an administrative hearing as provided in the Administrative Procedure Act, Chapter 150B of the General Statutes. A petition for a contested case shall be filed within 30 days after the Department mails written notice of the issuance of the provisional license."

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**SECTION 30.** Effective July 1, 2003, G.S. 143-15.3B(a) reads as rewritten:

7 (Effective July 1, 2003) The Clean Water Management Trust Fund is "(a) 8 established in G.S. 113-145.3. The General Assembly finds that, due to the critical need 9 in this State to clean up pollution in the State's surface waters and to protect and 10 conserve those waters that are not yet polluted, it is imperative that the State provide a 11 minimum of one hundred million dollars (\$100,000,000) each calendar year to the 12 Clean Water Management Management Trust Fund; therefore, there is annually 13 appropriated from the General Fund to the Clean Water Management Trust Fund the 14 sum of one hundred million dollars (\$100,000,000)."

15

**SECTION 31.** G.S. 143B-434(b) reads as rewritten:

16 "(b) Membership. - The Economic Development Board shall consist of 36 17 members. The Secretary of Commerce shall serve ex officio as a member and as the 18 secretary of the Economic Development Board. Four members of the House of 19 Representatives appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, four 20 members of the Senate appointed by the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, the 21 President of The University of North Carolina, or designee, the President of the North 22 Carolina Community College System, or designee, the Secretary of State, and the 23 President of the Senate (or the designee of the President of the Senate), shall serve as 24 members of the Board. The Governor shall appoint the remaining 23 members of the 25 Board, provided that effective Board. Effective with the terms beginning July 1, 1997, 26 one of those the Governor's appointees shall be a representative of a nonprofit 27 organization involved in economic development and two of those the Governor's 28 appointees shall be county economic development representatives. The Governor shall designate a chair and a vice-chair from among the members of the Board. Appointments 29 30 to the Board made by the Governor for terms beginning July 1, 1997, and appointments 31 to the Board made by the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President Pro 32 Tempore of the Senate for terms beginning July 9, 1993, should reflect the ethnic and 33 gender diversity of the State as nearly as practical.

The initial appointments to the Board shall be for terms beginning on July 9, 1993. Of the initial appointments made by the Governor, the terms shall expire July 1, 1997. Of the initial appointments made by the Speaker of the House of Representatives and by the President Pro Tempore of the Senate two appointments of each shall be designated to expire on July 1, 1995; the remaining terms shall expire July 1, 1997. Thereafter, all appointments shall be for a term of four years.

40 The appointing officer shall make a replacement appointment to serve for the 41 unexpired term in the case of a vacancy.

42 The members of the Economic Development Board shall receive per diem and 43 necessary travel and subsistence expenses payable to members of State Boards and

agencies generally pursuant to G.S. 138-5 and [G.S.]-G.S. 138-6, as the case may be. 1 2 The members of the Economic Development Board who are members of the General 3 Assembly shall not receive per diem but shall receive necessary travel and subsistence 4 expenses at rates prescribed by G.S. 120-3.1." 5 SECTION 32. G.S. 143B-456.1(e) reads as rewritten: Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Authority may agree that all 6 "(e) 7 contracts relating to the acquisition, construction, installation and equipping of the 8 special user project shall be solicited, negotiated, awarded and executed by the private 9 party or parties for which the Authority is financing the special user project or their 10 agents subject only to such approvals by the Authority as the Authority may require. 11 The Authority may, out of the proceeds of bonds or notes, make advances to or 12 reimburse such private parties or such agents for all or a portion of the costs incurred in 13 connection with such contracts. The provisions of Section-G.S. 143B-463 of this Part 14 shall have no application to funds and moneys derived pursuant to this section."

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SECTION 33. G.S. 147-33.85(b) reads as rewritten:

16 "(b) The Office shall coordinate with the Office of State Budget, Planning, and 17 Management and the Office of State Budget, Planning, and Management to integrate 18 agency strategic and business planning, technology planning and budgeting, and project 19 expenditure processes into the Office's information technology portfolio-based 20 management. The Office shall provide recommendations for agency annual budget 21 requests for information technology investments, projects, and initiatives to the Office 22 of State Budget, Planning, and Management."

**SECTION 34.** Effective July 1, 2001, G.S. 159D-23 reads as rewritten:

#### 24 "§ 159D-23. Application of Article 9 of Chapter 25.

Article 9 of Chapter 25 of the General Statutes applies to transactions under this Chapter.

27 G.S. Article as if G.S.".

SECTION 35. G.S. 160A-37(f1) and (f2) read as rewritten:

29 "(f1) Property Subject to Present-Use Value Appraisal. – If an area described in an 30 annexation ordinance includes agricultural land, horticultural land, or forestland that 31 <u>meets either of the conditions listed below</u> on the effective date of <del>annexation is:</del> 32 <u>annexation, then the annexation becomes effective as to that property pursuant to</u> 33 <u>subsection (f2) of this section:</u>

- 34 35
- (1) <u>The land</u> is being taxed at present-use value pursuant to G.S.  $\frac{105-277.4}{277.4}$ ; or  $\frac{105-277.4}{277.4}$ .
- 36

(2) <u>The land meets both of the following conditions:</u>

37a.Was on On the date of the resolution of intent for annexation it38was being used for actual production and is eligible for39present-use value taxation under G.S. 105-277.4, but had not40been in use for actual production for the required time under41G.S. 105-277.3; and 105-277.3.

1 b. The assessor for the county where the land subject to 2 annexation is located has certified to the city that the land meets 3 the requirements of this subdivision subdivision. 4 the annexation becomes effective as to that property pursuant to subsection (f2) of this 5 section. 6 (f2)Effective Date of Annexation for Certain Property. – Annexation of property 7 subject to annexation under subsection (f1) of this section shall become effective: 8 becomes effective as provided in this subsection. 9 Upon the effective date of the annexation ordinance, the property is (1)10 considered part of the city only (i) for the purpose of establishing city 11 boundaries for additional annexations pursuant to this Article and (ii) 12 for the exercise of city authority pursuant to Article 19 of this Chapter. 13 (2)For all other purposes, the annexation becomes effective as to each 14 tract of the property or part thereof on the last day of the month in 15 which that tract or part thereof becomes ineligible for classification 16 pursuant to G.S. 105-227.4 -105-277.4 or no longer meets the 17 requirements of subdivision (f1)(2) of this section. Until annexation of 18 a tract or a part of a tract becomes effective pursuant to this 19 subdivision, the tract or part of a tract is not subject to taxation by the 20 city under Article 12 of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes nor is the 21 tract or part of a tract entitled to services provided by the city." 22 SECTION 36. G.S. 160A-300.1(d) reads as rewritten: 23 "(d) This act applies to the Cities of Charlotte, Fayetteville, Greensboro, High 24 Point, Rocky Mount, Wilmington, Greenville, and Lumberton, Greenville, High Point, 25 Lumberton, Rocky Mount, and Wilmington, and the Towns of Chapel Hill, Cornelius, 26 Huntersville, Matthews, and Pineville only." 27 **SECTION 37.(a)** G.S. 93A-2 reads as rewritten: 28 "§ 93A-2. Definitions and exceptions. A real estate broker within the meaning of this Chapter is any person, 29 (a) 30 partnership, corporation, limited liability company, association, or other business entity 31 who for a compensation or valuable consideration or promise thereof lists or offers to 32 list, sells or offers to sell, buys or offers to buy, auctions or offers to auction 33 (specifically not including a mere crier of sales), or negotiates the purchase or sale or 34 exchange of real estate, or who leases or offers to lease, or who sells or offers to sell leases of whatever character, or rents or offers to rent any real estate or the improvement 35 36 thereon, for others. 37 (a1) The term broker-in-charge within the meaning of this Chapter shall mean 38 means a real estate broker who has been designated as the broker having responsibility 39 for the supervision of real estate salesperson salespersons engaged in real estate brokerage at a particular real estate office and for other administrative and supervisory 40

41 duties as the Commission shall prescribe by rule.

**GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA** 

42 (b) The term real estate salesperson within the meaning of this Chapter shall 43 mean and include any person who under the supervision of a real estate broker

**SESSION 2001** 

1	designated as b	roker-in-charge of a real estate office, for a compensation or valuable		
2	consideration is associated with or engaged by or on behalf of a licensed real estate			
3	broker to do, perform or deal in any act, acts or transactions set out or comprehended by			
4	the foregoing de	efinition of real estate broker.		
5	(c) The p	rovisions of this Chapter shall do not apply to and shall do not include:		
6	(1)	Any person, partnership, corporation, limited liability company,		
7		association, or other business entity who, as owner or lessor, shall		
8		perform any of the acts aforesaid with reference to property owned or		
9		leased by them, where the acts are performed in the regular course of		
10		or as incident to the management of that property and the investment		
11		therein.		
12	(2)	Any person acting as an attorney-in-fact under a duly executed power		
13		of attorney from the owner authorizing the final consummation of		
14		performance of any contract for the sale, lease or exchange of real		
15		estate.		
16	(3)	The acts or services of an attorney-at-law.		
17	(4)	Any person, while acting as a receiver, trustee in bankruptcy, guardian,		
18		administrator or executor or any person acting under order of any		
19		court.		
20	(5)	Any person, while acting as a trustee under a trust agreement, deed of		
21		trust or will, or his-that person's regular salaried employees.		
22	(6)	Any salaried person employed by a licensed real estate broker, for and		
23		on behalf of the owner of any real estate or the improvements thereon,		
24		which the licensed broker has contracted to manage for the owner, if		
25		the salaried employee employee's employment is limited in his		
26		employment to: exhibiting units on the real estate to prospective		
27		tenants; providing the prospective tenants with information about the		
28		lease of the units; accepting applications for lease of the units;		
29		completing and executing preprinted form leases; and accepting		
30		security deposits and rental payments for the units only when the		
31		deposits and rental payments are made payable to the owner or the		
32		broker employed by the owner. The salaried employee shall not		
33 24		negotiate the amount of security deposits or rental payments and shall		
34 35		not negotiate leases or any rental agreements on behalf of the owner or broker.		
35 36	(7)			
30 37	(7)	Any owner who personally leases or sells his the owner's own		
38	(8)	property. Any housing authority organized in accordance with the provisions of		
38 39	(8)			
39 40		Chapter 157 of the General Statutes and any regular salaried employees of the housing authority when performing acts authorized		
40 41		in this Chapter as to any property owned or leased by the housing		
42		authority. This exception shall not apply to any person, partnership,		
42 43		corporation, limited liability company, association, or other business		
+J		corporation, minute nativity company, association, or other busiless		

2         property owned or leased by the housing authority."           3         SECTION 37.(b) G.S. 93A-6 reads as rewritten:           "\$ 93A-6. Disciplinary action by Commission.           6         a) The Commission shall have-has power to take disciplinary action. Upon its own initiative, or on the complaint of any person, the Commission may investigate the actions of any person or entity licensed under this Chapter, or any other person or entity who shall assume to act in such capacity. If the Commission finds probable cause that a licensee has violated any of the provisions of this Chapter, the Commission may hold a hearing on the allegations of misconduct.           11         The Commission shall have-has power to suspend or revoke at any time a license issued under the provisions of this Chapter, or to reprimand or censure any licensee, if, following a hearing, the Commission adjudges the licensee to be guilty of:           14         (1) Making any willful or negligent misrepresentation or any willful or negligent omission of material fact.           16         (2) Making any false promises of a character likely to influence, persuade, or induce.           18         (3) Pursuing a course of misrepresentation or making of false promises through agents, salespersons, advertising or otherwise.           20         (4) Accting for more than one party in a transaction without the knowledge of all parties for whom he or she acts.           21         (5) Accepting a commission or valuable consideration as a real estate salesperson for the performance of any of the acts specified in this Article or Article 4 of this Chapter, from any person except his or her broker-in-chare	1		entity that contracts with a housing authority to sell or manage
<ul> <li><sup>*</sup>§ 93A-6. Disciplinary action by Commission.</li> <li>(a) The Commission shall have-has power to take disciplinary action. Upon its own initiative, or on the complaint of any person, the Commission may investigate the actions of any person or entity licensed under this Chapter, or any other person or entity who shall assume to act in such capacity. If the Commission finds probable cause that a licensee has violated any of the provisions of this Chapter, the Commission may hold a hearing on the allegations of misconduct.</li> <li>The Commission shall have-has power to suspend or revoke at any time a license issued under the provisions of this Chapter, or to reprimand or censure any licensee, if, following a hearing, the Commission adjudges the licensee to be guilty of:</li> <li>(1) Making any willful or negligent misrepresentation or any willful or negligent mission of material fact.</li> <li>(2) Making any false promises of a character likely to influence, persuade, or induce.</li> <li>(3) Pursuing a course of misrepresentation or making of false promises through agents, salespersons, advertising or otherwise.</li> <li>(4) Acting for more than one party in a transaction without the knowledge of all parties for whom he or she acts.</li> <li>(5) Accepting a commission or valuable consideration as a real estate salesperson for the performance of any of the acts specified in this Article or Article 4 of this Chapter, from any person except his or her broker-in-charge or licensed broker by whom he or she is employed.</li> <li>(6) Representing or attempting to represent a real estate broker other than the broker by whom he or she is associated, without the express knowledge and consent of the broker with whom he or she is associated.</li> <li>(7) Failing, within a reasonable time, to account for or to remit any moneys-monies_comming into his or her possession which belong to others.</li> <li>(8) Being unworthy or incompetent to act as a real estate broker or salesperson in a manner as to endanger the inter</li></ul>	2		
<ul> <li>(a) The Commission shall have has power to take disciplinary action. Upon its own initiative, or on the complaint of any person, the Commission may investigate the actions of any person or entity licensed under this Chapter, or any other person or entity who shall assume to act in such capacity. If the Commission finds probable cause that a licensee has violated any of the provisions of this Chapter, the Commission may hold a hearing on the allegations of misconduct.</li> <li>The Commission shall have has power to suspend or revoke at any time a license issued under the provisions of this Chapter, or to reprimand or censure any licensee, if, following a hearing, the Commission adjudges the licensee to be guilty of:</li> <li>(1) Making any willful or negligent misrepresentation or any willful or negligent omission of material fact.</li> <li>(2) Making any false promises of a character likely to influence, persuade, or induce.</li> <li>(3) Pursuing a course of misrepresentation or making of false promises through agents, salespersons, advertising or otherwise.</li> <li>(4) Acting for more than one party in a transaction without the knowledge of all parties for whom he or she acts.</li> <li>(5) Accepting a commission or valuable consideration as a real estate salesperson for the performance of any of the acts specified in this Article or Article 4 of this Chapter, from any person except his or her broker-in-charge or licensed broker by whom he or she is employed.</li> <li>(6) Representing or attempting to represent a real estate broker or the than the broker by whom he or she is engaged or associated, without the express knowledge and consent of the broker with whom he or she is associated.</li> <li>(7) Failing, within a reasonable time, to account for or to remit any moneys-monies coming into his or her possession which belong to others.</li> <li>(8) Being unworthy or incompetent to act as a real estate broker or salesperson in a manner as to endanger the interest of the public.</li> <li>(9) Paying a com</li></ul>			
<ul> <li>own initiative, or on the complaint of any person, the Commission may investigate the actions of any person or entity licensed under this Chapter, or any other person or entity who shall assume to act in such capacity. If the Commission finds probable cause that a licensee has violated any of the provisions of this Chapter, the Commission may hold a hearing on the allegations of misconduct.</li> <li>The Commission shall have has power to suspend or revoke at any time a license issued under the provisions of this Chapter, or to reprimand or censure any license, if, following a hearing, the Commission adjudges the licensee to be guilty of: <ul> <li>(1) Making any willful or negligent misrepresentation or any willful or negligent omission of material fact.</li> <li>(2) Making any false promises of a character likely to influence, persuade, or induce.</li> </ul> </li> <li>(3) Pursuing a course of misrepresentation or making of false promises through agents, salespersons, advertising or otherwise.</li> <li>(4) Acting for more than one party in a transaction without the knowledge of all parties for whom he or she acts.</li> <li>(5) Accepting a commission or valuable consideration as a real estate salesperson for the performance of any of the acts specified in this Article or Article 4 of this Chapter, from any person except his or her broker-in-charge or licensed by ker by whom he or she is employed.</li> <li>(6) Representing or attempting to represent a real estate broker other than the broker by whom he or she is englaged or associated, without the express knowledge and consent of the broker with whom he or she is associated.</li> <li>(7) Failing, within a reasonable time, to account for or to remit any moneys-monies coming into his or her possession which belong to others.</li> <li>(8) Being unworthy or incompetent to act as a real estate broker or salesperson in a manner as to endanger the interest of the public.</li> <li>(9) Paying a commission or valuable consideration to any person for acts or service</li></ul>			
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<ul> <li>9 licensee has violated any of the provisions of this Chapter, the Commission may hold a hearing on the allegations of misconduct.</li> <li>The Commission shall have has power to suspend or revoke at any time a license issued under the provisions of this Chapter, or to reprimand or censure any licensee, if, following a hearing, the Commission adjudges the licensee to be guilty of: <ol> <li>(1) Making any willful or negligent misrepresentation or any willful or negligent omission of material fact.</li> <li>(2) Making any false promises of a character likely to influence, persuade, or induce.</li> </ol> </li> <li>(3) Pursuing a course of misrepresentation or making of false promises through agents, salespersons, advertising or otherwise.</li> <li>(4) Acting for more than one party in a transaction without the knowledge of all parties for whom he or she acts.</li> <li>(5) Accepting a commission or valuable consideration as a real estate salesperson for the performance of any of the acts specified in this Article or Article 4 of this Chapter, from any person except his or her broker-in-charge or licensed broker by whom he or she is employed.</li> <li>(6) Representing or attempting to represent a real estate broker other than the broker by whom he or she is easociated.</li> <li>(7) Failing, within a reasonable time, to account for or to remit any moneys-monies coming into his or her possession which belong to others.</li> <li>(8) Being unworthy or incompetent to act as a real estate broker or salesperson in a manner as to endanger the interest of the public.</li> <li>(9) Paying a commission or valuable consideration to any person for acts or services performed in violation of this Chapter.</li> <li>(10) Any other conduct which constitutes improper, fraudulent or dishonest dealing.</li> <li>(11) Performing or undertaking to perform any legal service, as set forth in G.S. 84-2.1, or any other acts constituting the practice of law.</li> </ul>		• •	
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<ul> <li>36 or services performed in violation of this Chapter.</li> <li>37 (10) Any other conduct which constitutes improper, fraudulent or dishonest dealing.</li> <li>39 (11) Performing or undertaking to perform any legal service, as set forth in G.S. 84-2.1, or any other acts constituting the practice of law.</li> <li>41 (12) Commingling the money or other property of his or her principals with his or her own or failure to maintain and deposit in a trust or escrow</li> </ul>		( <b>0</b> )	· · · ·
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<ul> <li>dealing.</li> <li>dealing.</li> <li>(11) Performing or undertaking to perform any legal service, as set forth in G.S. 84-2.1, or any other acts constituting the practice of law.</li> <li>(12) Commingling the money or other property of his or her principals with his or her own or failure to maintain and deposit in a trust or escrow</li> </ul>		(10)	
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<ul> <li>40</li> <li>41</li> <li>42</li> <li>41</li> <li>42</li> <li>43</li> <li>44</li> <li>44</li> <li>45</li> <li>44</li> <li>45</li> <li>45</li> <li>46</li> <li>47</li> <li>47</li> <li>48</li> <li>49</li> <li>49</li> <li>49</li> <li>40</li> <li>41</li> <li>41</li> <li>42</li> <li>41</li> <li>42</li> <li>42</li> <li>44</li> <li>45</li> <li>45</li> <li>46</li> <li>47</li> <li>47</li> <li>47</li> <li>48</li> <li>49</li> <li>49</li> <li>49</li> <li>40</li> <li>41</li> <li>41</li> <li>42</li> <li>41</li> <li>42</li> <li>41</li> <li>42</li> <li>42</li> <li>42</li> <li>44</li> <li>44</li> <li>45</li> <li>46</li> <li>47</li> &lt;</ul>	39	(11)	6
<ul> <li>41 (12) Commingling the money or other property of his or her principals with</li> <li>42 his or her own or failure to maintain and deposit in a trust or escrow</li> </ul>	40	. ,	
42 his or her own or failure to maintain and deposit in a trust or escrow	41	(12)	
43 account in an insured bank or savings and loan association in North	42	. ,	
	43		account in an insured bank or savings and loan association in North

1		Carolina all money received by him or her as a real estate licensee
2		acting in that capacity, or an escrow agent, or the temporary custodian
3		of the funds of others, in a real estate transaction; provided, these
4		accounts shall not bear interest unless the principals authorize in
5		writing the deposit be made in an interest bearing account and also
6		provide for the disbursement of the interest accrued.
7	(13)	Failing to deliver, within a reasonable time, a completed copy of any
8		purchase agreement or offer to buy and sell real estate to the buyer and
9		to the seller.
10	(14)	Failing, at the time the transaction is consummated, to deliver to the
11		seller in every real estate transaction, a complete detailed closing
12		statement showing all of the receipts and disbursements handled by
13		him or her for the seller or failing to deliver to the buyer a complete
14		statement showing all money received in the transaction from the
15		buyer and how and for what it was disbursed.
16	(15)	
17		ve Director shall transmit a certified copy of all final orders of the
18		spending or revoking licenses issued under this Chapter to the clerk of
19	superior court o	f the county in which the licensee maintains his or her principal place of
20	business. The cl	erk shall enter these orders upon the judgment docket of the county.
21	(b) Follow	wing a hearing, the Commission shall also have power to suspend or
22	revoke any lice	ense issued under the provisions of this Chapter or to reprimand or
23	censure any lice	nsee when:
24	(1)	The licensee has obtained a license by false or fraudulent
25		representation;
26	(2)	The licensee has been convicted or has entered a plea of guilty or no
27		contest upon which final judgment is entered by a court of competent
28		jurisdiction in this State, or any other state, of the criminal offenses of:
29		embezzlement, obtaining money under false pretense, fraud, forgery,
30		conspiracy to defraud, or any other offense involving moral turpitude
31		which would reasonably affect the licensee's performance in the real
32		estate business;
33	(3)	The licensee has violated any of the provisions of G.S. 93A-6(a) when
34		selling, leasing, or buying his the licensee's own property;
35	(4)	The broker's unlicensed employee, who is exempt from the provisions
36		of this Chapter under G.S. 93A-2(c)(6), has committed, in the regular
37		course of business, any act which, if committed by the broker, would
38		constitute a violation of G.S. 93A-6(a) for which the broker could be
39		disciplined; or
40	(5)	The licensee, who is also a State-licensed or State-certified real estate
41		appraiser pursuant to Chapter 93E of the General Statutes, has violated
42		any provisions of Chapter 93E of the General Statutes and has been

1 2 reprimanded or has had his <u>an</u> appraiser license or certificate suspended or revoked by the Appraisal Board.

3 (c) The Commission may appear in its own name in superior court in actions for 4 injunctive relief to prevent any person from violating the provisions of this Chapter or 5 rules promulgated by the Commission. The superior court shall have the power to grant 6 these injunctions even if criminal prosecution has been or may be instituted as a result 7 of the violations, or whether the person is a licensee of the Commission.

8 (d) Each broker shall maintain complete records showing the deposit, 9 maintenance, and withdrawal of money or other property owned by <u>his-the broker's</u> 10 principals or held in escrow or in trust for <u>his-the broker's</u> principals. The Commission 11 may inspect these records periodically, without prior notice and may also inspect these 12 records whenever the Commission determines that they are pertinent to an investigation 13 of any specific complaint against a licensee.

14 (e) When a person or entity licensed under this Chapter is accused of any act, 15 omission, or misconduct which would subject the licensee to disciplinary action, the 16 licensee, with the consent and approval of the Commission, may surrender his or its the 17 license and all the rights and privileges pertaining to it for a period of time established 18 by the Commission. A person or entity who surrenders his or its a license shall not 19 thereafter be eligible for or submit any application for licensure as a real estate broker or 20 salesperson during the period of license surrender."

21

**SECTION 37.(c)** G.S. 93A-16 reads as rewritten:

22 "§ 93A-16. Real Estate Recovery Fund created; payment to fund; management.

(a) There is hereby created a special fund to be known as the "Real Estate
Recovery Fund" which shall be set aside and maintained by the North Carolina Real
Estate Commission. Said-The fund shall be used in the manner provided under this
Article for the payment of unsatisfied judgments where the aggrieved person has
suffered a direct monetary loss by reason of certain acts committed by any real estate
broker or salesperson licensed under this Chapter.

29 On September 1, 1979, the Commission shall transfer the sum of one hundred (b) 30 thousand dollars (\$100,000) from its expense reserve fund to the Real Estate Recovery 31 Fund. Thereafter, the Commission may transfer to the Real Estate Recovery Fund 32 additional sums of money from whatever funds the Commission may have, provided 33 that, if on December 31 of any year the amount remaining in the fund is less than fifty 34 thousand dollars (\$50,000), the Commission may determine that each person or entity licensed under this Chapter, when renewing his or its a license, shall pay in addition to 35 36 his the license renewal fee, a fee not to exceed ten dollars (\$10.00) per broker and five 37 dollars (\$5.00) per salesperson as shall be determined by the Commission for the purpose of replenishing the fund. 38

39 (c) The Commission shall invest and reinvest the <u>moneys\_monies\_in</u> the Real 40 Estate Recovery Fund in the same manner as provided by law for the investment of 41 funds by the clerk of superior court. The proceeds from such investments shall be 42 deposited to the credit of the fund.

1 2	(d) The Commission shall have the authority to adopt reasonable rules and procedures not inconsistent with the provisions of this Article, to provide for the			
3	orderly, fair and efficient administration and payment of monies held in the Real Estate			
4	Recovery Fund."			
5	<b>SECTION 37.(d)</b> G.S. 93A-18 reads as rewritten:			
6	"§ 93A-18. Hearing; required showing.			
7	Upon such application by an aggrieved person, the Commission shall conduct a			
8	hearing and the aggrieved person shall be required to show: show that the aggrieved			
9	person:			
10	(1) <u>He is Is not a spouse of the judgment debtor or a person representing</u>			
11	such the spouse; and			
12	(2) <u>He is Is making application not more than one year after termination of</u>			
13	all judicial proceedings, including appeals, in connection with the			
14	judgment;			
15	(3) <u>He has Has complied with all requirements of this Article;</u>			
16	(4) <u>He has Has</u> obtained a judgment as described in G.S. 93A-17, stating			
17	the amount owing thereon at the date of application;			
18	(5) <u>He has Has made all reasonable searches and inquiries to ascertain</u>			
19 20	whether the judgment debtor is possessed of real or personal property or other assets liable to be sold or applied in satisfaction of the			
20 21	or other assets liable to be sold or applied in satisfaction of the judgment;			
21	(6) That by such search he <u>After searching as described in subdivision (5)</u>			
22	of this section, has discovered no real or personal property or other			
23 24	assets liable to be sold or applied, or that he has discovered certain of			
25	them, describing them, but that the amount so realized was insufficient			
25 26	to satisfy the judgment, stating the amount realized and the balance			
20 27	remaining due on the judgment after application of the amount			
28	realized; and			
29	(7) <u>He has Has</u> diligently pursued his remedies including attempted the			
30	aggrieved person's remedies, which include attempting execution on			
31	the judgment against all the judgment debtors debtors, which			
32	execution has been returned unsatisfied. In addition to that, he knows			
33	Knows of no assets of the judgment debtor and that he has attempted			
34	collection from all other persons who may be liable to him in for the			
35	transaction for which he the aggrieved person seeks payment from the			
36	Real Estate Recovery Fund if there be any such other persons."			
37	<b>SECTION 37.(e)</b> G.S. 93A-19 reads as rewritten:			
38	"§ 93A-19. Response and defense by Commission and judgment debtor; proof of			
39	conversion.			
40	(a) Whenever the Commission proceeds upon an application as set forth in this			
41	Article, counsel for the Commission may defend such action on behalf of the fund and			
42	shall have recourse to all appropriate means of defense, including the examination of			
43	witnesses. The judgment debtor may defend such action on his or her own behalf and			

1 shall have recourse to all appropriate means of defense, including the examination of 2 witnesses. Counsel for the Commission and the judgment debtor may file responses to 3 the application, setting forth answers and defenses. Responses shall be filed with the 4 Commission and copies shall be served upon every party by the filing party. If at any 5 time it appears there are no triable issues of fact and the application for payment from 6 the fund is without merit, the Commission shall dismiss the application. A motion to 7 dismiss may be supported by affidavit of any person or persons having knowledge of 8 the facts and may be made on the basis that the application or the judgment referred to 9 therein do not form a basis for meritorious recovery within the purview of G.S. 93A-17, 10 that the applicant has not complied with the provisions of this Article, or that the 11 liability of the fund with regard to the particular licensee or transaction has been 12 exhausted; provided, however, notice of such the motion shall be given at least 10 days 13 prior to the time fixed for hearing. If the applicant or judgment debtor fails to appear at 14 the hearing after receiving notice of the hearing, the applicant or judgment debtor shall 15 waive his or her rights waives the person's rights unless the absence is excused by the 16 Commission.

17 (b) Whenever the judgment obtained by an applicant is by default, stipulation, or 18 consent, or whenever the action against the licensee was defended by a trustee in 19 bankruptcy, the applicant, for purposes of this Article, shall have the burden of proving 20 <u>his-the</u> cause of action for conversion of trust funds. Otherwise, the judgment shall 21 create a rebuttable presumption of the conversion of trust funds. This presumption is a 22 presumption affecting the burden of producing evidence."

23

**SECTION 37.(f)** G.S. 93A-22 reads as rewritten:

#### 24 "§ 93A-22. Repayment to fund; automatic suspension of license.

Should the Commission pay from the Real Estate Recovery Fund any amount in settlement of a claim or toward satisfaction of a judgment against a licensed real estate broker or salesperson, the license of the broker or salesperson shall be automatically suspended upon the effective date of the order authorizing payment from the fund. No such broker or salesperson shall be granted a reinstatement until <u>he has the fund has</u> been repaid in full, <u>plus including</u> interest at the legal rate as provided for in <u>G.S. 24-1</u>, the amount paid from the Real Estate Recovery Fund.G.S. 24-1."

**SECTION 37.(g)** G.S. 93A-23 reads as rewritten:

33 "§ 93A-23. Subrogation of rights.

When the Commission has paid from the Real Estate Recovery Fund any sum to the judgment creditor, the Commission shall be subrogated to all of the rights of the judgment creditor to the extent of the amount so paid and the judgment creditor shall assign all his-right, title, and interest in the judgment to the extent of the amount so paid to the Commission and any amount and interest so recovered by the Commission on the judgment shall be deposited in the Real Estate Recovery Fund."

40

32

**SECTION 37.(h)** G.S. 93A-25 reads as rewritten:

#### 41 "§ 93A-25. Persons ineligible to recover from fund.

42 No real estate broker or real estate salesperson who suffers the loss of any 43 commission from any transaction in which he <u>or she</u> was acting in the capacity of a real

1 estate broker or real estate salesperson shall be entitled to make application for payment 2 from the Real Estate Recovery Fund for such the loss." 3 SECTION 37.(i) G.S. 93A-42 reads as rewritten: 4 "§ 93A-42. Time shares deemed real estate. 5 A time share is deemed to be an interest in real estate, and shall be governed (a) 6 by the law of this State relating to real estate. 7 (b) A purchaser of a time share may in accordance with G.S. 47-18 register the 8 time share instrument by which he the purchaser acquired his the interest and upon such 9 registration shall be entitled to the protection provided by Chapter 47 of the General 10 Statutes for the recordation of other real property instruments. A time share instrument 11 transferring or encumbering a time share shall not be rejected for recordation because of the nature or duration of that estate, provided all other requirements necessary to make 12 13 an instrument recordable are complied with. 14 (c) The developer shall record or cause to be recorded a time share instrument: 15 (1)Not less than six days nor more than 45 days following the execution 16 of the contract of sale by the purchaser; or 17 (2)Not later than 180 days following the execution of the contract of sale 18 by the purchaser, provided that all payments made by the purchaser 19 shall be placed by the developer with an independent escrow agent 20 upon the expiration of the 10-day escrow period provided by G.S. 21 93A-45(c). 22 (d) The independent escrow agent provided by G.S. 93A-42(c)(2) shall deposit 23 and maintain the purchaser's payments in an insured trust or escrow account in a bank or 24 savings and loan association located in this State. The trust or escrow account may be 25 interest-bearing and the interest earned shall belong to the developer, if agreed upon in 26 writing by the purchaser; Provided, however, if the time share instrument is not 27 recorded within the time periods specified in this section, then the interest earned shall 28 belong to the purchaser. The independent escrow agent shall return all payments to the 29 purchaser at the expiration of 180 days following the execution of the contract of sale 30 by the purchaser, unless prior to that time the time share instrument has been recorded. 31 However, if prior to the expiration of 180 days following the execution of the contract 32 of sale, the developer and the purchaser provide their written consent to the independent 33 escrow agent, the developer's obligation to record the time share instrument and the 34 escrow period may be extended for an additional period of 120 days. Upon recordation 35 of the time share instrument, the independent escrow agent shall pay the purchaser's 36 funds to the developer. Upon request by the Commission, the independent escrow agent 37 shall promptly make available to the Commission inspection of records of money held 38 by him.the independent escrow agent. 39 In no event shall the developer be required to record a time share instrument (e) if the purchaser is in default of his-the purchaser's obligations. 40

41 (f) Recordation under the provisions of this section of the time share instrument 42 shall constitute delivery of that instrument from the developer to the purchaser."

**SECTION 37.(j)** G.S. 93A-45(d) reads as rewritten:

43

1	"(d) If a d	eveloper fails to provide a purchaser to whom a time share is transferred		
2	with the stateme	ent as required by subsection (a), the purchaser, in addition to any rights		
3	to damages or other relief, is entitled to receive from the developer an amount equal to			
4	ten percent (10%) of the sales price of the time share not to exceed three thousand			
5	dollars (\$3,000)	). A receipt signed by the purchaser stating that he the purchaser has		
6	received the sta	tement required by subsection (a) is prima facie evidence of delivery of		
7	such the stateme	ent."		
8	SEC	<b>FION 37.(k)</b> G.S. 93A-48 reads as rewritten:		
9	"§ 93A-48. Exc	change programs.		
10	(a) If a	purchaser is offered the opportunity to subscribe to any exchange		
11	program, the d	eveloper shall, except as provided in subsection (b), deliver to the		
12	purchaser, prior	r to the execution of (i) any contract between the purchaser and the		
13	exchange comp	bany, and (ii) the sales contract, at least the following information		
14	regarding such	the exchange program:		
15	(1)	The name and address of the exchange company;		
16	(2)	The names of all officers, directors, and shareholders owning five		
17		percent (5%) or more of the outstanding stock of the exchange		
18		company;		
19	(3)	Whether the exchange company or any of its officers or directors has		
20		any legal or beneficial interest in any developer or managing agent for		
21		any time share project participating in the exchange program and, if so,		
22		the name and location of the time share project and the nature of the		
23		interest;		
24	(4)	Unless the exchange company is also the developer a statement that		
25		the purchaser's contract with the exchange company is a contract		
26		separate and distinct from the sales contract;		
27	(5)	Whether the purchaser's participation in the exchange program is		
28		dependent upon the continued affiliation of the time share project with		
29		the exchange program;		
30	(6)	Whether the purchaser's membership or participation, or both, in the		
31		exchange program is voluntary or mandatory;		
32	(7)	A complete and accurate description of the terms and conditions of the		
33		purchaser's contractual relationship with the exchange company and		
34		the procedure by which changes thereto may be made;		
35	(8)	A complete and accurate description of the procedure to qualify for		
36		and effectuate exchanges;		
37	(9)	A complete and accurate description of all limitations, restrictions, or		
38		priorities employed in the operation of the exchange program,		
39		including, but not limited to, limitations on exchanges based on		
40		seasonality, unit size, or levels of occupancy, expressed in boldfaced		
41		type, and, in the event that such limitations, restrictions, or priorities		
42		are not uniformly applied by the exchange program, a clear description		
43		of the manner in which they are applied;		

1	(10)	Whether exchanges are arranged on a space available basis and
2		whether any guarantees of fulfillment of specific requests for
3		exchanges are made by the exchange program;
4	(11)	Whether and under what circumstances an owner, in dealing with the
5		exchange company, may lose the use and occupancy of his the owner's
6		time share in any properly applied for exchange without his-being
7		provided with substitute accommodations by the exchange company;
8	(12)	The expenses, fees or range of fees for participation by owners in the
9		exchange program, a statement whether any such fees may be altered
10		by the exchange company, and the circumstances under which
11		alterations may be made;
12	(13)	The name and address of the site of each time share project or other
13	· /	property which is participating in the exchange program;
14	(14)	The number of units in each project or other property participating in
15	~ /	the exchange program which are available for occupancy and which
16		qualify for participation in the exchange program, expressed within the
17		following numerical groupings, 1-5, 6-10, 11-20, 21-50 and 51, and
18		over;
19	(15)	The number of owners with respect to each time share project or other
20	~ /	property which are eligible to participate in the exchange program
21		expressed within the following numerical groupings, 1-100, 101-249,
22		250-499, 500-999, and 1,000 and over, and a statement of the criteria
23		used to determine those owners who are currently eligible to
24		participate in the exchange program;
25	(16)	The disposition made by the exchange company of time shares
26	~ /	deposited with the exchange program by owners eligible to participate
27		in the exchange program and not used by the exchange company in
28		effecting exchanges;
29	(17)	The following information which, except as provided in subsection (b)
30	~ /	below, shall be independently audited by a certified public accountant
31		in accordance with the standards of the Accounting Standards Board of
32		the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and reported
33		for each year no later than July 1, of the succeeding year:
34		a. The number of owners enrolled in the exchange program and
35		such numbers shall disclose the relationship between the
36		exchange company and owners as being either fee paying or
37		gratuitous in nature;
38		b. The number of time share projects or other properties eligible to
39		participate in the exchange program categorized by those
40		having a contractual relationship between the developer or the
41		association and the exchange company and those having solely
42		a contractual relationship between the exchange company and
43		owners directly;

## **SESSION 2001**

1 2 3 4 5 6	c. The percentage of confirmed exchanges, which shall be number of exchanges confirmed by the exchange comp divided by the number of exchanges properly applied together with a complete and accurate statement of the crit used to determine whether an exchange requested was prop applied for;	any for, eria
7	d. The number of time shares or other intervals for which	the
8	exchange company has an outstanding obligation to provide	e an
9	exchange to an owner who relinquished a time share or inte	
10	during the year in exchange for a time share or interval in	any
11	future year; and	
12	e. The number of exchanges confirmed by the exchange comp	any
13	during the year; and	
14	(18) A statement in boldfaced type to the effect that the percen	-
15 16	described in <del>subparagraph (17)c. of subsection (a)</del> <u>sub-subdivision</u>	
10	<u>subdivision (17) of this subsection</u> is a summary of the exchance requests entered with the exchange company in the period reported	-
18	that the percentage does not indicate a purchaser's/owr	
19	probabilities of being confirmed to any specific choice or range	
20	choices, since availability at individual locations may vary.	/ 01
21	The purchaser shall certify in writing to the receipt of the information required	l bv
22	this subsection and any other information which the Commissioners Commission	-
23	by rule require.	2
24	(b) The information required by subdivisions (a), (2), (3), (13), (14), (15),	and
25	(17) shall be accurate as of December 31 of the year preceding the year in which	
26	information is delivered, except for information delivered within the first 180 day	s of
27	any calendar year which shall be accurate as of December 31 of the year two y	
28	preceding the year in which the information is delivered to the purchaser. The remain	•
29	information required by subsection (a) shall be accurate as of a date which is no n	
30	than 30 days prior to the date on which the information is delivered to the purchaser.	
31	(c) In the event an exchange company offers an exchange program directly to	
32	purchaser or owner, the exchange company shall deliver to each purchaser or ow	
33	concurrently with the offering and prior to the execution of any contract between	
34	purchaser or owner and the exchange company the information set forth in subsec	
35	(a) above. The requirements of this paragraph shall not apply to any renewal of an analysis of the second on a such as a second on	ла
36 27	(d) All promotional brochuras namphlats advartisements or other mate	
37 38	(d) All promotional brochures, pamphlets, advertisements, or other mater disseminated by the exchange company to purchasers in this State which contain	
38 39	percentage of confirmed exchanges described in $(a)(17)c$ . must include the statemen	
57	percentage of comminde exchanges accenticed in (a)(17)e. must merude the statement	

40 forth in (a)(18)."

41

- **SECTION 37.(I)** G.S. 93A-54 reads as rewritten:
- 42 "§ 93A-54. Disciplinary action by Commission.

1	(a) The Commission shall have has power to take disciplinary action. Upon its
2	own motion, or on the verified complaint of any person, the Commission may
3	investigate the actions of any time share salesperson, developer, or project broker of a
4	time share project registered under this Article, or any other person or entity who shall
5	assume to act in such capacity. If the Commission finds probable cause that a time share
6	salesperson, developer, or project broker has violated any of the provisions of this
7	Article, the Commission may hold a hearing on the allegations of misconduct.
-	

8 The Commission shall have<u>has</u> the power to suspend or revoke at any time a real 9 estate license issued to a time share salesperson or project broker, or a certificate of 10 registration of a time share project issued to a developer; or to reprimand or censure 11 such salesperson, developer, or project broker; or to fine such developer in the amount 12 of five hundred dollars (\$500.00) for each violation of this Article, if, after a hearing, 13 the Commission adjudges either the salesperson, developer, or project broker to be 14 guilty of:

15 16	(1)	Making any willful or negligent misrepresentation or any willful or
10		negligent omission of material fact about any time share or time share
17	( <b>2</b> )	project; Maling any false promises of a character likely to influence, persuade
18	(2)	Making any false promises of a character likely to influence, persuade,
	( <b>2</b> )	or induce;
20	(3)	Pursuing a course of misrepresentation or making of false promises
21		through agents, salesperson, advertising or otherwise;
22	(4)	Failing, within a reasonable time, to account for all money received
23		from others in a time share transaction, and failing to remit such
24		monies as may be required in G.S. 93A-45 of this Article;
25	(5)	Acting as a time share salesperson or time share developer in a manner
26		as to endanger the interest of the public;
27	(6)	Paying a commission, salary, or other valuable consideration to any
28		person for acts or services performed in violation of this Article;
29	(7)	Any other conduct which constitutes improper, fraudulent, or
30		dishonest dealing;
31	(8)	Performing or undertaking to perform any legal service as set forth in
32		G.S. 84-2.1, or any other acts not specifically set forth in that section;
33	(9)	Failing to deposit and maintain in a trust or escrow account in an
34		insured bank or savings and loan association in North Carolina all
35		money received from others in a time share transaction as may be
36		required in G.S. 93A-45 of this Article or failing to place with an
37		independent escrow agent the funds of a time share purchaser when
38		required by G.S. 93A-42(c);
39	(10)	Failing to deliver to a purchaser a public offering statement containing
40		the information required by G.S. 93A-44 and any other disclosures that
41		the Commission may by regulation require;
42	(11)	Failing to comply with the provisions of Chapter 75 of the General
43		Statutes in the advertising or promotion of time shares for sale, or

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- 1failing to assure such compliance by persons engaged on behalf of a2developer;
- 3 (12) Failing to comply with the provisions of G.S. 93A-48 in furnishing 4 complete and accurate information to purchasers concerning any 5 exchange program which may be offered to such purchaser;
  - (13) Making any false or fraudulent representation on an application for registration;
    - (14) Violating any rule or regulation promulgated by the Commission;
  - (15) Failing to record or cause to be recorded a time share instrument as required by G.S. 93A-42(c), or failing to provide a purchaser the protection against liens required by G.S. 93A-57(a); or
- 12 (16) Failing as a time share project broker to exercise reasonable and 13 adequate supervision of the conduct of sales at <u>his-a</u> project or location 14 by the brokers and salespersons under <u>his-the time share project</u> 15 <u>broker's control.</u>

(a1) The clear proceeds of fines collected pursuant to subsection (a) of this section
shall be remitted to the Civil Penalty and Forfeiture Fund in accordance with G.S.
115C-457.2.

19 (b) Following a hearing, the Commission shall also have power to suspend or 20 revoke any certificate of registration issued under the provisions of this Article or to 21 reprimand or censure any developer when the registrant has been convicted or has 22 entered a plea of guilty or no contest upon which final judgment is entered by a court of 23 competent jurisdiction in this State, or any other state, of the criminal offenses of: 24 embezzlement, obtaining money under false pretense, fraud, forgery, conspiracy to 25 defraud, or any other offense involving moral turpitude which would reasonably affect 26 the developer's performance in the time share business.

(c) The Commission may appear in its own name in superior court in actions for
injunctive relief to prevent any person or entity from violating the provisions of this
Article or rules promulgated by the Commission. The superior court shall have the
power to grant these injunctions even if criminal prosecution has been or may be
instituted as a result of the violations, or regardless of whether the person or entity has
been registered by the Commission.

(d) Each developer shall maintain or cause to be maintained complete records of
every time share transaction including records pertaining to the deposit, maintenance,
and withdrawal of money required to be held in a trust or escrow account, or as
otherwise required by the Commission, under G.S. 93A-45 of this Article. The
Commission may inspect these records periodically without prior notice and may also
inspect these records whenever the Commission determines that they are pertinent to an
investigation of any specific complaint against a registrant.

40 (e) When a licensee is accused of any act, omission, or misconduct under this 41 Article which would subject the licensee to disciplinary action, the licensee may, with 42 the consent and approval of the Commission, surrender <u>his or itsthe licensee's</u> license 43 and all the rights and privileges pertaining to it for a period of time to be established by

#### **SESSION 2001**

the Commission. A licensee who surrenders his or itsa license shall not be eligible for, or submit any application for, licensure as a real estate broker or salesperson or registration of a time share project during the period of license surrender. For the purposes of this section, the term licensee shall include a time share developer."

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SECTION 37.(m) G.S. 93A-58 reads as rewritten:

### "§ 93A-58. Registrar required; criminal penalties; project broker.

7 (a) Every developer of a registered project shall, by affidavit filed with the 8 Commission, designate a natural person to serve as time share registrar for its registered 9 projects. The registrar shall be responsible for the recordation of time share instruments 10 and the release of liens required by G.S. 93A-42(c) and G.S. 93A-57(a). A developer 11 may, from time to time, change the designated time share registrar by proper filing with 12 the Commission and by otherwise complying with this subsection. No sales or offers to 13 sell shall be made until the registrar is designated for a time share project.

The registrar has the duty to ensure that the provisions of this Article are complied with in a time share project for which <u>he the person</u> is registrar. No registrar shall record a time share instrument except as provided by this Article.

17 (b) A time share registrar shall be is guilty of a Class I felony if he or she 18 knowingly or recklessly fails to record or cause to be recorded a time share instrument 19 as required by this Article.

A person responsible as general partner, corporate officer, joint venturer or sole proprietor of the developer of a time share project shall be is guilty of a Class I felony if <u>he-the person</u> intentionally allows the offering for sale or the sale of time share to purchasers without first designating a time share registrar.

(c) The developer shall designate for each project and other locations where time shares are sold or offered for sale a project broker. The project broker shall act as supervising broker for all persons licensed as salespersons at the project or other location and shall directly, personally, and actively supervise all persons licensed as brokers or salespersons at the project or other location in a manner to reasonably ensure that the sale of time shares will be conducted in accordance with the provisions of this Chapter.

**SECTION 37.1** The catch line for G.S. 14-34.7 reads as rewritten:

- 32 "\$ 14-34.7. Assault <u>inflicting serious injury on a law enforcement</u>, probation, or
   33 parole officer or on a person employed at a State or local detention
   34 facility."
- 35 **SECTION 38.** This act is effective when it becomes law.