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### HOUSE BILL 338\* Committee Substitute Favorable 4/24/01

Short Title: Technical Corrections Act.

Sponsors:

Referred to:

### March 1, 2001

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS AND CONFORMING
3	CHANGES TO THE GENERAL STATUTES AS RECOMMENDED BY THE
4	GENERAL STATUTES COMMISSION.
5	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
6	<b>SECTION 1.</b> Effective July 1, 2001, G.S. 23-30.1 reads as rewritten:
7	"§ 23-30.1. Provisional release.
8	Every person who has filed a petition under the provisions of G.S. 23-30 shall be
9	brought before a judge within 72 hours after filing the petition and shall be provisionally
10	released from imprisonment unless a hearing shall be held and the creditor shall
11	establish that the prisoner has fraudulently concealed assets. If, at the time he is brought
12	before a judge, the prisoner makes a showing of indigency, counsel shall be appointed
13	for the prisoner in accordance with rules adopted by the Office of Indigent Defense
14	Services. A provisional release under this section shall not constitute a discharge of the
15	debtor, and the creditor may oppose the discharge by suggesting fraud even if he has
16	unsuccessfully attempted to oppose the provisional release on the basis of fraudulent
17	concealment. The debtor may be provisionally released even though actual service upon
18	the creditor has not been accomplished if 72 hours has passed since the debtor delivered
19	the notice to the sheriff for service upon the creditor."
20	<b>SECTION 2.(a)</b> G.S. 120-123(57) reads as rewritten:
21	"No member of the General Assembly may serve on any of the following boards or
22	commissions:
23	
24	(57) The Information Resource Management Commission, as established
25	
26	by <del>G.S. 143B-426.21.</del> <u>G.S. 147-33.78.</u>
	"
27 28	•

29 of this Chapter shall not apply to:

(Public)

1 2 (17)The executive director of the independent staff of the Information 3 Resources Management Commission established under G.S. 143B-4 472.41A.G.S. 147-33.78. ...." 5 6 SECTION 2.(c) G.S. 143-52.1 reads as rewritten: 7 "§ 143-52.1. Board of Awards. 8 There is created the Board of Awards. The Board shall consist of three (a) 9 members at a time, appointed by the Chair of the Commission. Members of the Board 10 shall be appointed on a rotating basis from the membership of the Commission and the 11 Council of State. Two out of three members appointed for each meeting of the Board 12 shall constitute a quorum of the Board. 13 (b) The Board shall meet weekly as called by the Chair of the Commission, 14 except in weeks when no contracts have been submitted to the Board for review. 15 When the dollar value of a contract exceeds the benchmark established either (c) 16 pursuant to G.S. 143-53.1 or G.S. 143B-472.63, G.S. 147-33.101, the Board shall review 17 and make a recommendation on action to be taken by the Secretary of Administration 18 on contracts to be awarded under Article 3 of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes and 19 on contracts to be awarded by the Secretary of Commerce Chief Information Officer 20 under Part 16 of Article 10 of Chapter 143B-Article 3D of Chapter 147 of the General 21 Statutes, prior to the awarding of the contract. 22 The State Budget Officer shall designate a secretary for the Board. The (d) Secretaries Secretary of Administration and Commerce the State Chief Information 23 24 Officer shall each submit their matters for consideration to the secretary for inclusion on 25 the Board's agenda. Records shall be kept of each meeting and made public by the 26 applicable Secretary of Administration or Commerce State Chief Information Officer, 27 as applicable unless the applicable Secretary of Administration or State Chief 28 Information Officer, as applicable, determines a specific record of the meeting needs to 29 be confidential due to the nature of the contract. The applicable Secretary of 30 Administration or State Chief Information Officer, as applicable, may elect to proceed 31 with the award of a contract without a recommendation of the Board in cases of 32 emergencies or in the event that a Board is not available. In those cases, contracts 33 awarded without Board review shall be reported to the next meeting of the Board as a 34 matter of record. 35 (e) Reports on recommendations made by the Board on matters presented by the 36 Secretary of Commerce State Chief Information Officer to the Board shall be reported 37 monthly by the Board to the chairs of the Joint Select Committee on Information 38 Technology." 39 **SECTION 2.(d)** G.S. 143-56 reads as rewritten: 40 "§ 143-56. Certain purchases excepted from provisions of Article. 41 Unless as may otherwise be ordered by the Secretary of Administration, the 42 purchase of supplies, materials and equipment through the Secretary of Administration shall be mandatory in the following cases: 43

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- (1)Published books, manuscripts, maps, pamphlets and periodicals.
- (2)Perishable articles such as fresh vegetables, fresh fish, fresh meat, eggs, and others as may be classified by the Secretary of Administration.

5 Purchase through the Secretary of Administration shall not be mandatory for information technology purchased in accordance with Part 16 of Article 10 of Chapter 6 7 143B Article 3D of Chapter 147 of the General Statutes, for a purchase of supplies, 8 materials or equipment for the General Assembly if the total expenditures is less than 9 the expenditure benchmark established under the provisions of G.S. 143-53.1, for group 10 purchases made by hospitals through a competitive bidding purchasing program, as 11 defined in G.S. 143-129, by the University of North Carolina Health Care System 12 pursuant to G.S. 116-37(h), by the University of North Carolina Hospitals at Chapel Hill 13 pursuant to G.S. 116-37(a)(4), by the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill on 14 behalf of the clinical patient care programs of the School of Medicine of the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill pursuant to G.S. 116-37(a)(4), or by East Carolina 15 16 University on behalf of the Medical Faculty Practice Plan pursuant to G.S. 116-40.6(c).

17 All purchases of the above articles made directly by the departments, institutions and agencies of the State government shall, whenever possible, be based on competitive 18 19 bids. Whenever an order is placed or contract awarded for such articles by any of the 20 departments, institutions and agencies of the State government, a copy of such order or 21 contract shall be forwarded to the Secretary of Administration and a record of the 22 competitive bids upon which it was based shall be retained for inspection and review." 23

**SECTION 2.(e)** G.S. 150B-21.1(a4) reads as rewritten:

24 "(a4) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, the Secretary 25 of Commerce State Chief Information Officer may adopt temporary rules to implement 26 the information technology procurement provisions of Part 16 of Article 10 of Chapter 27 143B Article 3D of Chapter 147 of the General Statutes. After having the proposed temporary rule published in the North Carolina Register and at least 30 days prior to 28 29 adopting a temporary rule pursuant to this subsection, the Secretary Officer shall:

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Notify persons on its mailing list maintained pursuant to G.S. (1)150B-21.2(d) and any other interested parties of its intent to adopt a temporary rule;

- 32 33
- Accept oral and written comments on the proposed temporary rule; (2)and
- 34 35
- (3) Hold at least one public hearing on the proposed temporary rule.

36 When the Secretary Officer adopts a temporary rule pursuant to this subsection, the 37 Secretary-Officer must submit a reference to this subsection as the Secretary'sOfficer's 38 statement of need to the Codifier of Rules.

39 Notwithstanding any other provision of this Chapter, the Codifer of Rules shall 40 publish in the North Carolina Register a proposed temporary rule received from the 41 Secretary Officer in accordance with this subsection."

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SECTION 2.(f) G.S. 150B-38(a) reads as rewritten:

43 "(a) The provisions of this Article shall apply to the following agencies: apply to:

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8		<ol> <li>Occupational licensing agencies;</li> <li>The State Banking Commission, the Commissioner of Banks, the Savings Institutions Division of the Department of Commerce, and the Credit Union Division of the Department of Commerce; and</li> <li>The Department of Insurance and the Commissioner of Insurance.</li> <li>The Department of Commerce State Chief Information Officer in the administration of the provisions of Part 16 of Article 10 of Chapter 143P. Article 3D of Chapter 147 of the Compared Statutes "</li> </ol>
8 9		$\frac{143B-Article 3D \text{ of Chapter 147}}{142} \text{ of the General Statutes."}$
9 10	"(a)	<b>SECTION 3.(a)</b> G.S. 24-1.1E(a)(4) and (a)(6) read as rewritten:
10	"(a)	Definitions. – The following definitions apply for the purposes of this section:
12		(4) A "high-cost home loan" means a loan other than an open-end credit
12		plan or a reverse mortgage transaction in which:
13		a. The principal amount of the loan does not exceed the lesser of
15		(i) the conforming loan size limit for a single-family dwelling
16		as established from time to time by the Federal National
17		Mortgage Association, Fannie Mae, or (ii) three hundred
18		thousand dollars (\$300,000);
19		b. The borrower is a natural person;
20		c. The debt is incurred by the borrower primarily for personal,
21		family, or household purposes;
22		d. The loan is secured by either (i) a security interest in a
23		manufactured home (as defined in G.S. 143-147(7)) which is or
24		will be occupied by the borrower as the borrower's principal
25		dwelling, or (ii) a mortgage or deed of trust on real estate upon
26		which there is located or there is to be located a structure or
27		structures designed principally for occupancy of from one to
28		four families which is or will be occupied by the borrower as
29 20		the borrower's principal dwelling; and
30		e. The terms of the loan exceed one or more of the thresholds as
31 32		defined in subdivision (6) of this section.
32 33		(6) "Thresholds" means:
33 34		
35		a. Without regard to whether the loan transaction is or may be a "residential mortgage transaction" (as the term "residential
36		mortgage transaction" is defined in section 226.2(a)(24) of Title
37		12 of the Code of Federal Regulations, as amended from time to
38		time), the annual percentage rate of the loan at the time the loan
39		is consummated is such that the loan is considered a "mortgage"
40		under section 152 of the Home Ownership and Equity
41		Protection Act of 1994 (Pub. Law 103-25, [15 U.S.C. §
42		1602(aa)]), as the same may be amended from time to time, and
43		regulations adopted pursuant thereto by the Federal Reserve

Board, including section 226.32 of Title 12 of the Code of

	al Regulations, as the same may be amended from time to
time; b. The to	otal points and face payable by the horrower at or before
	otal points and fees payable by the borrower at or before oan closing exceed five percent (5%) of the total loan
	an closing exceed live percent (5%) of the total loan int if the total loan amount is twenty thousand dollars
	(00) or more, or (ii) the lesser of eight percent (8%) of the
	oan amount or one thousand dollars (\$1,000), if the total
	amount is less than twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000);
	led, the following discount points and prepayment fees
—	enalties shall be excluded from the calculation of the total
-	and fees payable by the borrower:
1.	Up to and including two bona fide loan discount points
	payable by the borrower in connection with the loan
	transaction, but only if the interest rate from which the
	loan's interest rate will be discounted does not exceed by
	more than one percentage point (1%) the required net
	yield for a 90-day standard mandatory delivery
	commitment for a reasonably comparable loan from
	either the Federal National Mortgage Association Fannie
	Mae or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation,
	whichever is greater;
2.	Up to and including one bona fide loan discount point
	payable by the borrower in connection with the loan
	transaction, but only if the interest rate from which the
	loan's interest rate will be discounted does not exceed by
	more than two percentage points (2%) the required net
	yield for a 90-day standard mandatory delivery
	commitment for a reasonably comparable loan from
	either the Federal National Mortgage Association Fannie
	Mae or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation,
	whichever is greater;
3.	Prepayment fees and penalties which may be charged or
	collected under the terms of the loan documents which
	do not exceed one percent (1%) of the amount prepaid,
	provided the loan documents do not permit the lender to
	charge or collect any prepayment fees or penalties more
	than 30 months after the loan closing; or".
SECTION 3.(b) G	.S. 53-270.1(a)(3) reads as rewritten:
	prover may agree, in writing, that in addition to the
	cruing on the outstanding balance of a reverse mortgage
loan, the lender may receive:	

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1	(2)	T11.	
1	(3)		nared appreciation or shared value is paid in conjunction with a
2		loan th	
3		a.	Is outstanding for 24 months or longer; and
4		b.	Either (i) is guaranteed or insured by an agency of the federal
5			government, or (ii) has been originated under a reverse
6			mortgage program approved by the Federal National Mortgage
7			Association, Fannie Mae, the Government National Mortgage
8			Association, or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation,
9			provided the loan is sold to one of those agencies or enterprises
10			within 90 days of loan closing, or (iii) has been originated under
11			a reverse mortgage program of a person, firm, or corporation
12			approved as an authorized lender by the Commissioner; and
13		c.	Provides that the borrower receives additional economic benefit
14			in exchange for paying the shared appreciation or shared value,
15			including, but not limited to, larger monthly payments or a
16			larger line of credit. The specific nature of the economic benefit
17			shall be provided to the Commissioner with the other
18			information about the reverse mortgage program required under
19			G.S. 53-264 for dissemination to the reverse mortgage
20			counselors; and
21		d.	At least 14 days prior to closing, the borrower receives a
22			disclosure that explains the additional costs and benefits of
23			shared appreciation or shared value and compares those costs
24			and benefits with a comparable loan without shared
25			appreciation or shared value. These costs and benefits shall also
26			be included in the information required under G.S. 53-264."
27	SECT	'ION 3	(c) G.S. 54-109.88(3) reads as rewritten:
28	"(3)		which are issued by, fully guaranteed as to principal and
29	(5)		at by, or due from the U.S. government, its agencies, the Federal
30			al Mortgage Association, Fannie Mae, or the Government
31			al Mortgage Association."
32	SFCT		(d) G.S. 54B-187 reads as rewritten:
33			ational Mortgage Association Fannie Mae obligations.
33 34			may invest in stock or other evidences of indebtedness or
35			al National Mortgage Association, Fannie Mae, or any successor
36	thereto."		ar National Mortgage Association, <u>Painte Mac</u> , of any successor
37		'ION 3	(e) G.S. 54C-136 reads as rewritten:
38			overnment-sponsored enterprise obligations.
38 39		-	
			invest in stock or other evidences of indebtedness or obligations
40 41			1 Mortgage Association, Fannie Mae, the Federal Home Loan
41	successor thereto		or any other federal government sponsored enterprise, or any
			(f) $C \leq 52.2.140$ mode as normittan.
43	SECI	TON 3	(f) G.S. 58-3-140 reads as rewritten:

1	"§ 58-3-140. Temporary contracts of insurance permitted.
2	A lender engaged in making or servicing real estate mortgage or deed of trust loans
3	on one to four family residences shall accept as evidence of insurance a temporary
4	written contract of insurance meeting the requirements of G.S. 58-44-20(4) and issued
5	by any duly licensed insurance agent, broker, or insurance company.
6	Nothing herein prohibits the lender from refusing to accept a binder or from
7	disapproving such insurer or agent provided such refusal or disapproval is reasonable.
8	Such lender need not accept a binder unless such binder:
9	(1) Includes:
10	a. The name and address of the insured;
11	b. The name and address of the mortgagee;
12	c. A description of the insured collateral;
13	d. A provision that it may not be cancelled within a term of the
14	binder except upon 10 days' written notice to the mortgagee;
15	and
16	e. The amount of insurance bound.
17	(2) Is accompanied by a paid receipt for one year's premium, except in the
18	case of the renewal of a policy subsequent to the closing of a loan; and
19	(3) Includes an undertaking of agent to use his best efforts to have the
20	insurance company issue a policy.
21	The Department may require binders to contain any additional information to permit
22	the binders to comply with the reasonable requirements of the Federal National
23	Mortgage Association, Fannie Mae, Government National Mortgage Association, or
24	Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation for purchase of mortgage loans."
25	SECTION 3.(g) G.S. 58-7-173(8) reads as rewritten:
26	"(8) Bonds, debentures, or other securities of the following agencies,
27	whether or not those obligations are guaranteed by the U.S.
28	Government:
29	a. The Federal National Mortgage Association, Fannie Mae, and
30	stock thereof when acquired in connection with the sale of
31	mortgage loans to the Association.
32	b. Any federal land bank, when the securities are issued under the
33	Farm Loan Act;
34	c. Any federal home loan bank, when the securities are issued
35	under the Home Loan Bank Act;
36	d. The Home Owners' Loan Corporation, created by the Home
37	Owners' Loan Act of 1933;
38	e. Any federal intermediate credit bank, created by the
39	Agricultural Credits Act;
40	f. The Central Bank for Cooperatives and regional banks for
41	cooperatives organized under the Farm Credit Act of 1933, or
42	by any of such banks; and any notes, bonds, debentures, or

1 2 3	other similar obligations, consolidated or otherwise, issued by farm credit institutions under the Farm Credit Act of 1971;
	g. Any other similar agency of the U.S. Government that is of
4	similar financial quality."
5	<b>SECTION 3.(h)</b> G.S. 115C-443(c)(6) reads as rewritten:
6 7	"(c) Moneys may be invested in the following classes of securities, and no others:
8	 (6) Obligations maturing no later than 18 months after the data of
o 9	(6) Obligations maturing no later than 18 months after the date of purchase of the Federal Intermediate Credit Banks, the Federal Home
10	Loan Banks, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Fannie Mae,
10	the Banks for Cooperatives, and the Federal Land Banks."
12	<b>SECTION 3.(i)</b> G.S. 122A-5.6(d) reads as rewritten:
12	"(d) The loans to mortgage lenders shall be general obligations of the respective
14	mortgage lenders owing them. The Agency shall require that such loans shall be
15	additionally secured as to payment of both principal and interest by a pledge and lien
16	upon collateral security. The collateral security itself shall be in such amount as the
17	Agency determines will assure the payment of the principal of and the interest on the
18	bonds as they become due. Collateral security shall be deemed to be sufficient if the
19	principal of and the interest on the collateral security, when due, will be sufficient to
20	pay the principal of and the interest on the bonds. The collateral security shall consist of
21	any of the following items: (i) direct obligations of, or obligations guaranteed by, the
22	State or the United States of America; (ii) bonds, debentures, notes or other evidences of
23	indebtedness, satisfactory to the Agency, issued by any of the following federal
24	agencies: Bank for Cooperatives, Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan
25 26	Bank System, Export-Import Bank of Washington, Federal Land Banks, the Federal
26	National Mortgage Association Fannie Mae or the Government National Mortgage
27 28	Association; (iii) direct obligations of or obligations guaranteed by the State; (iv) mortgages insured or guaranteed by the United States of America or an instrumentality
28 29	of it as to payment of principal and interest; (v) any other mortgages secured by real
30	estate on which there is located a residential structure, the collateral value of which shall
31	be determined by the regulations issued from time to time by the Agency; (vi)
32	obligations of Federal Home Loan Banks; (vii) certificates of deposit of banks or trust
33	companies, including the trustee, organized under the laws of the United States or any
34	state, which have a combined capital and surplus of at least fifteen million dollars
35	(\$15,000,000); (viii) Bankers Acceptances; and (ix) commercial paper that has been
36	classified for rating purposes by Dun & Bradstreet, Inc., as Prime-1 or by Standard &
37	Poor's Corp. as A-1."
38	SECTION 3.(j) G.S. 122A-11(3) and (4) read as rewritten:
39	"(3) In obligations which are collateralized by mortgage pass-through
40	securities guaranteed by the Government National Mortgage
41	Association, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, or the

Federal National Mortgage Association; Fannie Mae;

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1 2 3 4 5 6 7		(4)	In a trust certificate or similar instrument evidencing an equity investment in a trust or other similar arrangement which is formed for the purpose of issuing obligations which are collateralized by mortgage pass-through or participation certificates guaranteed by the Government National Mortgage Association, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation or the Federal National Mortgage Association; Fannie Mae; and".
8		SEC	<b>FION 3.(k)</b> G.S. 122D-16(b)(2) reads as rewritten:
9	"(b)	All m	oneys of the Authority may be invested in the following:
10		•••	
11		(2)	Non-convertible debt securities of the following issuers:
12			a. The Federal Home Loan Bank Board;
13			b. The Federal National Mortgage Association; Fannie Mae;
14			c. The Federal Farm Credit Bank; and
15			d. The Student Loan Marketing Association;".
16		SEC	<b>FION 3.(I)</b> G.S. 143B-472.8(7) reads as rewritten:
17		"(7)	Obligations of the Federal Intermediate Credit Banks, the Federal
18			Home Loan Banks, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Fannie
19			Mae, the Banks for Cooperatives, and the Federal Land Banks,
20			maturing no later than 18 months after the date of purchase."
21		SEC	<b>FION 3.(m)</b> G.S. 147-69.1(c)(2) reads as rewritten:
22	"(c)	It sha	all be the duty of the State Treasurer to invest the cash of the funds
23	enumerat	ed in s	ubsection (b) of this section in excess of the amount required to meet the
24			nd demands on such funds, selecting from among the following:
25			
26		(2)	Obligations of the Federal Financing Bank, the Federal Farm Credit
27			Bank, the Bank for Cooperatives, the Federal Intermediate Credit
28			Bank, the Federal Land Banks, the Federal Home Loan Banks, the
29			Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, the Federal National
30			Mortgage Association, Fannie Mae, the Government National
31			Mortgage Association, the Federal Housing Administration, the
32			Farmers Home Administration, the United States Postal Service, the
33			Export-Import Bank, the International Bank for Reconstruction and
34			Development, the International Finance Corporation, the
35			Inter-American Development Bank, the Asian Development Bank, the
36			
37			Affican Development Dank, and the Student Loan Marketing
38			African Development Bank, and the Student Loan Marketing Association."
00		SEC	Association."
39	"(b)		Association." <b>FION 3.(n)</b> G.S. 159B-18(b) reads as rewritten:
39 40	"(b) moneys a	Any i	Association." <b>FION 3.(n)</b> G.S. 159B-18(b) reads as rewritten: moneys received pursuant to the authority of this Chapter and any other
39 40 41	. ,	Any i	Association." <b>FION 3.(n)</b> G.S. 159B-18(b) reads as rewritten:

1	a.	e	It agency may also invest, in addition to the obligations $C = 150(20(2))$ in hands, dependent on the second seco
2			erated in G.S. $159-30(c)(2)$ , in bonds, debentures, notes,
3		-	pation certificates, or other evidences of indebtedness
4			, or the principal of and the interest on which are
5			ditionally guaranteed, whether directly or indirectly, by
6			gency or instrumentality of, or corporation wholly owned
7		•	e United States of America.
8	b.	For p	urposes of G.S. 159-30(c)(12), a joint agency may also
9		enter i	into repurchase agreements with respect to, in addition to
10		the ob	ligations enumerated in G.S. 159-30(c)(12):
11		1.	Obligations of the Federal Financing Bank, the Federal
12			Farm Credit Bank, the Bank for Cooperatives, the
13			Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, the Federal Land
14			Banks, the Federal Home Loan Banks, the Federal Home
15			Loan Mortgage Corporation, the Federal National
16			Mortgage Association, Fannie Mae, the Government
17			National Mortgage Association, the Federal Housing
18			Administration, the Farmers Home Administration, and
19			the United States Postal Service;
20		2.	Bonds, debentures, notes, participation certificates, or
21			other evidences of indebtedness issued, or the principal
22			of and the interest on which are unconditionally
23			guaranteed, whether directly or indirectly, by any agency
24			or instrumentality of, or corporation wholly owned by,
25			the United States of America;
26		3.	Mortgage-backed pass-through securities guaranteed by
27			the Government National Mortgage Association, the
28			Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, or the
29			Federal National Mortgage Association; Fannie Mae;
30		4.	Direct or indirect obligations which are collateralized by
31			or represent beneficial ownership interests in
32			mortgage-backed pass-through securities guaranteed by
33			the Government National Mortgage Association, the
34			Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, or the
35			Federal National Mortgage Association; Fannie Mae;
36			and
37		5.	Direct or indirect obligations, trust certificates, or other
38			similar instruments which are both: (i) guaranteed by the
39			Government National Mortgage Association, the Federal
40			Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, or the Federal
41			National Mortgage Association; Fannie Mae; (ii)
42			collateralized by or represent beneficial ownership
43			interests in mortgage-backed pass-through securities

1		which are guaranteed by the Government National
2		Mortgage Association, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage
3		Corporation, or the Federal National Mortgage
4		Association, Fannie Mae; including, but not limited to,
5		Real Estate Mortgage Investment Conduit Certificates;
6		and (iii) for purposes of the second proviso of G.S.
7		159-30(c)(12)a, the financial institution serving either as
8		trustee or as fiscal agent for a joint agency holding the
9		obligations subject to the repurchase agreement may also
10		be the provider of the repurchase agreement if the
11		obligations that are subject to the repurchase agreement
12		are held in trust by the trustee or fiscal agent for the
13		benefit of the joint agency;
14		(3) In mortgage-backed pass-through securities guaranteed by the
15		Government National Mortgage Association, the Federal Home Loan
16		Mortgage Corporation, or the Federal National Mortgage
17		Association;Fannie Mae:
18		(4) In direct or indirect obligations which are collateralized by or represent
19		beneficial ownership interests in mortgage-backed pass-through
20		securities guaranteed by the Government National Mortgage
21		Association, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, or the
22		Federal National Mortgage Association; Fannie Mae; and
23		(5) In direct or indirect obligations, trust certificates, or other similar
24		instruments which are (i) guaranteed by the Government National
25		Mortgage Association, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation,
26		or the Federal National Mortgage Association, Fannie Mae, and (ii)
27		collateralized by or represent beneficial ownership interests in
28		mortgage-backed pass-through securities which are guaranteed by the
29		Government National Mortgage Association, the Federal Home Loan
30		Mortgage Corporation, or the Federal National Mortgage
31		Association, Fannie Mae, including, but not limited to, Real Estate
32		Mortgage Investment Conduit Certificates."
33		<b>SECTION 3.(0)</b> G.S. 159-30(c)(2) reads as rewritten:
34	"(c)	Moneys may be invested in the following classes of securities, and no others:
35	(•)	
36		(2) Obligations of the Federal Financing Bank, the Federal Farm Credit
37		Bank, the Bank for Cooperatives, the Federal Intermediate Credit
38		Bank, the Federal Land Banks, the Federal Home Loan Banks, the
39		Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, the Federal National
40		Mortgage Association, Fannie Mae, the Government National
41		Mortgage Association, the Federal Housing Administration, the
42		Farmers Home Administration, the United States Postal Service."
43		SECTION 4. G.S. 1-17 reads as rewritten:

1	"§ 1-17. Disabilities.
2	(a) A person entitled to commence an action who is <u>under a disability</u> at the time
3	the cause of action accrued either
4	(1) Within the age of 18 years; or
5	(2) Insane; or
6	(3) Incompetent as defined in G.S. 35A-1101(7) or (8)
7	may bring his or her action within the time herein limited, limited in this Subchapter,
8	after the disability is removed, except in an action for the recovery of real property, or to
9	make an entry or defense founded on the title to real property, or to rents and services
10	out of the same, when he real property, when the person must commence his or her
11	action, or make his the entry, within three years next after the removal of the disability,
12	and at no time thereafter.
13	For the purpose of this section, a person is under a disability if the person meets one
14	or more of the following conditions:
15	(1) The person is within the age of 18 years.
16	(2) The person is insane.
17	(3) The person is incompetent as defined in G.S. 35A-1101(7) or (8).
18	(a1) For those persons under a disability on January 1, 1976, as a result of being
19	imprisoned on a criminal charge, or in execution under sentence for a criminal offense,
20	the statute of limitations shall commence to run and no longer be tolled from January 1,
21	1976.
22	(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, an action on
23	behalf of a minor for malpractice arising out of the performance of or failure to perform
24	professional services shall be commenced within the limitations of time specified in
25	G.S. 1-15(c): Provided, that if said G.S. 1-15(c), except that if those time limitations
26	expire before such the minor attains the full age of 19 years, the action may be brought
27	before said the minor attains the full age of 19 years."
28	<b>SECTION 5.</b> G.S. 7B-507(b)(4) reads as rewritten:
29	"(4) A court of competent jurisdiction has determined that: the parent has
30	committed murder or voluntary manslaughter of another child of the
31	parent; has aided, abetted, attempted, conspired, or solicited to commit
32	murder or voluntarily voluntary manslaughter of the child or another
33	child of the parent; or has committed a felony assault resulting in
34	serious bodily injury to the child or another child of the parent."
35	<b>SECTION 6.</b> G.S. 7B-1501 reads as rewritten:
36	"§ 7B-1501. Definitions.
37	In this Subchapter, unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the following
38	words have the listed meanings: meanings. The singular includes the plural, unless
39	otherwise specified.
40	(1) Chief court counselor. – The person responsible for administration and
41	supervision of juvenile intake, probation, and post-release supervision
42	in each judicial district, operating under the supervision of the
43	Department of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention.

1	(2)	Clerk Any clerk of superior court, acting clerk, or assistant or
2	$\langle \mathbf{O} \rangle$	deputy clerk.
3	(3)	Community-based program. – A program providing nonresidential or
4		residential treatment to a juvenile under the jurisdiction of the juvenile
5		court in the community where the juvenile's family lives. A
6		community-based program may include specialized foster care, family
7		counseling, shelter care, and other appropriate treatment.
8	(4)	Court. – The district court division of the General Court of Justice.
9	(5)	Court counselor. – A person responsible for probation and post-release
10		supervision to juveniles under the supervision of the chief court
11		counselor.
12	(6)	Custodian The person or agency that has been awarded legal
13		custody of a juvenile by a court.
14	(7)	Delinquent juvenile Any juvenile who, while less than 16 years of
15		age but at least 6 years of age, commits a crime or infraction under
16		State law or under an ordinance of local government, including
17		violation of the motor vehicle laws.
18	(7a)	Department The Department of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency
19		Prevention created under Article 12 of Chapter 143B of the General
20		Statutes.
21	(8)	Detention. – The secure confinement of a juvenile under a court order.
22	(9)	Detention facility. – A facility approved to provide secure confinement
23		and care for juveniles. Detention facilities include both State and
24		locally administered detention homes, centers, and facilities.
25	(10)	District. – Any district court district as established by G.S. 7A-133.
26	(11)	Holdover facility. – A place in a jail which has been approved by the
27		Department of Health and Human Services as meeting the State
28		standards for detention as required in G.S. 153A-221 providing close
29		supervision where the juvenile cannot converse with, see, or be seen
30		by the adult population.
31	(12)	House arrest. – A requirement that the juvenile remain at the juvenile's
32		residence unless the court or the juvenile court counselor authorizes
33		the juvenile to leave for specific purposes.
34	(13)	Intake counselor. – A person who screens and evaluates a complaint
35	( - )	alleging that a juvenile is delinquent or undisciplined to determine
36		whether the complaint should be filed as a petition.
37	(14)	Interstate Compact on Juveniles. – An agreement ratified by 50 states
38	~ /	and the District of Columbia providing a formal means of returning a
39		juvenile, who is an absconder, escapee, or runaway, to the juvenile's
40		home state, and codified in Article 28 of this Chapter.
41	(15)	Judge. – Any district court judge.
42	(16)	Judicial district. – Any district court district as established by G.S.
43	()	7A-133.

1	(17)	Juvenile Except as provided in subdivisions (7) and (27) of this
2		section, any person who has not reached the person's eighteenth
3		birthday and is not married, emancipated, or a member of the armed
4		forces of the United States. Wherever the term "juvenile" is used with
5		reference to rights and privileges, that term encompasses the attorney
6		for the juvenile as well.
7	(18)	Juvenile court. – Any district court exercising jurisdiction under this
8	. ,	Chapter.
9	(19)	Repealed by Session Laws 2000, c. 137, s. 2.
10	(20)	Petitioner. – The individual who initiates court action by the filing of a
11	~ /	petition or a motion for review alleging the matter for adjudication.
12	(21)	Post-release supervision. – The supervision of a juvenile who has been
13	()	returned to the community after having been committed to the
14		Department for placement in a training school.
15	(22)	Probation. – The status of a juvenile who has been adjudicated
16	()	delinquent, is subject to specified conditions under the supervision of a
17		court courselor, and may be returned to the court for violation of those
18		conditions during the period of probation.
19	(23)	Prosecutor. – The district attorney or assistant district attorney
20	(23)	assigned by the district attorney to juvenile proceedings.
21	(24)	Protective supervision. – The status of a juvenile who has been
22	(21)	adjudicated undisciplined and is under the supervision of a court
23		counselor.
24	(25)	Teen court program. – A community resource for the diversion of
25	(23)	cases in which a juvenile has allegedly committed certain offenses for
26		hearing by a jury of the juvenile's peers, which may assign the juvenile
27		to counseling, restitution, curfews, community service, or other
28		rehabilitative measures.
29	(26)	Training school. – A secure residential facility authorized to provide
30	(20)	long-term treatment, education, and rehabilitative services for
31		delinquent juveniles committed by the court to the Department.
32	(27)	Undisciplined juvenile. –
33	(27)	
33 34		a. A juvenile who, while less than 16 years of age but at least 6
35		years of age, is unlawfully absent from school; or is regularly dischadiant to and bayond the disciplinary control of the
36		disobedient to and beyond the disciplinary control of the
		juvenile's parent, guardian, or custodian; or is regularly found in
37		places where it is unlawful for a juvenile to be; or has run away
38		from home for a period of more than 24 hours; or
39 40		b. A juvenile who is 16 or 17 years of age and who is regularly
40		disobedient to and beyond the disciplinary control of the
41		juvenile's parent, guardian, or custodian; or is regularly found in
42		places where it is unlawful for a juvenile to be; or has run away
43		from home for a period of more than 24 hours.

1		(28)	Wilderness program A rehabilitative residential treatment program
2			in a rural or outdoor setting.
3	The s	-	includes the plural, unless otherwise specified."
4			<b>FION 7.</b> Effective July 1, 2001, G.S. 7B-1808(b)(2) reads as rewritten:
5	"(b)	At the	e first appearance, the court shall:
6		•••	
7		(2)	Determine whether the juvenile has retained counsel or has been
8			assigned <del>counsel</del> counsel;".
9			<b>FION 8.</b> Effective June 30, 2001, G.S. 17C-3(a)(5) reads as rewritten:
10		"(5)	Citizens and Others The President of The University of North
11			Carolina; the Director of the Institute of Government; and two citizens,
12			one of whom shall be selected by the Governor and one of whom shall
13			be selected by the Attorney General. The General Assembly shall
14			appoint two persons, one upon the recommendation of the Speaker of
15			the House of Representatives and one upon the recommendation of the
16			President Pro Tempore of the Senate. Appointments by the General
17			Assembly shall be made in accordance with G.S. 120-122.
18			Appointments by the General Assembly shall serve be for two-year
19			terms to conclude on June 30th in odd-numbered years."
20			<b>ΓΙΟΝ 9.</b> G.S. 20-16.5(a)(4) reads as rewritten:
21	"(a)		itions. – As used in this section the following words and phrases have
22	the follow	wing m	eanings:
23		•••	
24		(4)	Revocation Report. – A sworn statement by a charging officer and a
25			chemical analyst containing facts indicating that the conditions of
26			subsection (b) have been met, and whether the person has a pending
27			offense for which their the person's license had been or is revoked
28			under this section. When one chemical analyst analyzes a person's
29			blood and another chemical analyst informs a person of his rights and
30			responsibilities under G.S. 20-16.2, the report must include the
31		CEC	statements of both analysts."
32	11(-)		<b>FION 10.</b> G.S. 20-16.5(g) reads as rewritten:
33	"(g)		ng before Magistrate or Judge if Person Contests Validity of
34			A person whose license is revoked under this section may request in
35	-		ing to contest the validity of the revocation. The request may be made at
36		-	person's initial appearance, or within 10 days of the effective date of the
37			he clerk or a magistrate designated by the clerk, and may specifically
38	-		e hearing be conducted by a district court judge. The Administrative
39 40			ourts must develop a hearing request form for any person requesting a a district court judge is requested, the hearing must be conducted within
40 41	-		a district court judge is requested, the hearing must be conducted within a magistrate assigned by the chief district court judge to conduct such
41 42			a magistrate assigned by the chief district <u>court</u> judge to conduct such
			person requests that a district court judge hold the hearing, the hearing $C = \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2$
43	must be	condu	cted within the district court district as defined in G.S. 7A-133 by a

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district court judge assigned to conduct such hearings. The revocation remains in effect 1 2 pending the hearing, but the hearing must be held within three working days following 3 the request if the hearing is before a magistrate or within five working days if the 4 hearing is before a district court judge. The request for the hearing must specify the 5 grounds upon which the validity of the revocation is challenged and the hearing must be 6 limited to the grounds specified in the request. A witness may submit his evidence by 7 affidavit unless he is subpoenaed to appear. Any person who appears and testifies is 8 subject to questioning by the judicial official conducting the hearing, and the judicial 9 official may adjourn the hearing to seek additional evidence if he is not satisfied with 10 the accuracy or completeness of evidence. The person contesting the validity of the 11 revocation may, but is not required to, testify in his own behalf. Unless contested by the 12 person requesting the hearing, the judicial official may accept as true any matter stated 13 in the revocation report. If any relevant condition under subsection (b) is contested, the 14 judicial official must find by the greater weight of the evidence that the condition was 15 met in order to sustain the revocation. At the conclusion of the hearing the judicial 16 official must enter an order sustaining or rescinding the revocation. The judicial 17 official's findings are without prejudice to the person contesting the revocation and to 18 any other potential party as to any other proceedings, civil or criminal, that may involve 19 facts bearing upon the conditions in subsection (b) considered by the judicial official. 20 The decision of the judicial official is final and may not be appealed in the General 21 Court of Justice. If the hearing is not held and completed within three working days of 22 the written request for a hearing before a magistrate or within five working days of the 23 written request for a hearing before a district court judge, the judicial official must enter 24 an order rescinding the revocation, unless the person contesting the revocation 25 contributed to the delay in completing the hearing. If the person requesting the hearing 26 fails to appear at the hearing or any rescheduling thereof after having been properly 27 notified, he forfeits his right to a hearing."

28

#### SECTION 11. G.S. 20-28.3(m) reads as rewritten:

"(m) Trial Priority. – District court trials of impaired driving offenses involving
forfeitures of motor vehicles pursuant to G.S. 20-28.2 shall be scheduled on the
arresting officer's next court date or within 30 days of the offense, whichever comes
first.

33 Once scheduled, the case shall not be continued unless all of the following 34 conditions are met:

- 35 36
- (1) A written motion for continuance is filed with notice given to the opposing party prior to the motion being heard.
- 37 38
- (2) The judge makes a finding of a "compelling reason" for the continuance.
- 39
- (3) The motion and finding are attached to the court case record.

40 Upon a determination of guilt, the issue of vehicle forfeiture shall be heard by the 41 judge immediately, or as soon thereafter as feasible, and the judge shall issue the 42 appropriate orders pursuant to G.S. 20-28.2(d).

<ul> <li>9 vehicle continues, and the terms and conditions of the original bond remain the same as those required for the initial release of the motor vehicle under subsection (e) of this section, pending the resolution of the underlying offense involving impaired driving in superior court."</li> <li>3 SECTION 12. G.S. 20-118(c)(14) reads as rewritten: <ul> <li>"(c) Exceptions. – The following exceptions apply to G.S. 20-118(b) and 20-118(e).</li> <li></li> <li>(14) Subsections (b) and (e) of this section do not apply to a vehicle that meets all of the following conditions: conditions below, but all other enforcement provisions of this Article remain applicable:</li> <li>a. Is hauling aggregates from a distribution yard or a State-permitted production site within a North Carolina county contiguous to the North Carolina State border to a destination in an adjacent state as verified by a weight ticket in the driver's possession and available for inspection by enforcement personnel.</li> <li>b. Does not operate on an interstate highway or posted bridge.</li> <li>c. Does not exceed 69,850 pounds gross vehicle weight and 53,850 pounds per axle grouping for tri-axle vehicles. For purposes of this subsection, a tri-axle vehicle is a single unit vehicle with a three consecutive axle group on which the respective distance between any two consecutive axles of the group, measured longitudinally center to center to the nearest foot, does not exceed eight feet. For purposes of this subsection, the tolerance provisions of subsection (h) of this section do not</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Should a defendant appeal the conviction to superior court, any party who has not previously been heard on a petition for pretrial release under <u>subsections subsection</u> (e1) or (e3) of this section or any party whose motor vehicle has not been the subject of a forfeiture hearing held pursuant to G.S. 20-28.2(d) may be heard on a petition for pretrial release pursuant to <u>subsections subsection</u> (e1) or (e3) of this section. The provisions of subsection (e) of this section shall also apply to seized motor vehicles pending trial in superior court. Where a motor vehicle was released pursuant to subsection (e) of this section pending trial in district court, the release of the motor
11       section, pending the resolution of the underlying offense involving impaired driving in superior court."         13       SECTION 12. G.S. 20-118(c)(14) reads as rewritten:         14       "(c) Exceptions. – The following exceptions apply to G.S. 20-118(b) and 20-118(e).         16          17       (14) Subsections (b) and (e) of this section do not apply to a vehicle that meets all of the following conditions:conditions below, but all other enforcement provisions of this Article remain applicable:         20       a. Is hauling aggregates from a distribution yard or a State-permitted production site within a North Carolina county contiguous to the North Carolina State border to a destination in an adjacent state as verified by a weight ticket in the driver's possession and available for inspection by enforcement personnel.         26       b. Does not operate on an interstate highway or posted bridge.         27       c. Does not exceed 69,850 pounds gross vehicle weight and 53,850 pounds per axle grouping for tri-axle vehicles. For purposes of this subsection, a tri-axle vehicle. For purposes of this subsection, a tri-axle vehicle. For purposes of this subsection, a tri-axle vehicle is a single unit vehicle with a three consecutive axle group on which the respective distance between any two consecutive axles of the group, measured longitudinally center to center to the nearest foot, does not exceed eight feet. For purposes of this subsection, the tolerance provisions of subsection (h) of this section do not	9	vehicle continues, and the terms and conditions of the original bond remain the same as
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27c.Does not exceed 69,850 pounds gross vehicle weight and 53,850 pounds per axle grouping for tri-axle vehicles. For purposes of this subsection, a tri-axle vehicle is a single unit vehicle with a three consecutive axle group on which the respective distance between any two consecutive axles of the group, measured longitudinally center to center to the nearest foot, does not exceed eight feet. For purposes of this subsection, the tolerance provisions of subsection (h) of this section do not		1
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30vehicle with a three consecutive axle group on which the31respective distance between any two consecutive axles of the32group, measured longitudinally center to center to the nearest33foot, does not exceed eight feet. For purposes of this subsection,34the tolerance provisions of subsection (h) of this section do not	28	53,850 pounds per axle grouping for tri-axle vehicles. For
31respective distance between any two consecutive axles of the32group, measured longitudinally center to center to the nearest33foot, does not exceed eight feet. For purposes of this subsection,34the tolerance provisions of subsection (h) of this section do not	29	purposes of this subsection, a tri-axle vehicle is a single unit
<ul> <li>group, measured longitudinally center to center to the nearest</li> <li>foot, does not exceed eight feet. For purposes of this subsection,</li> <li>the tolerance provisions of subsection (h) of this section do not</li> </ul>	30	vehicle with a three consecutive axle group on which the
<ul> <li>foot, does not exceed eight feet. For purposes of this subsection,</li> <li>the tolerance provisions of subsection (h) of this section do not</li> </ul>		*
34 the tolerance provisions of subsection (h) of this section do not		
35 apply.		
36 d. <u>All other enforcement provisions of this Article remain</u>		
<ul> <li>37 applicable."</li> <li>38 SECTION 13. G.S. 20-294(2) reads as rewritten:</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>38 SECTION 13. G.S. 20-294(2) reads as rewritten:</li> <li>39 "(2) Willfully and intentionally failing to comply with this Article, Article</li> </ul>		
40 (2) Winning and intendonary ranning to comply with this Article, Article 15 of this Chapter, or G.S. 20-52.1, 20-75, <del>20-82,</del> 20-108, 20-109, or a		
41 rule adopted by the Division under this Article."		
42 SECTION 14. Effective July 1, 2001, G.S. 25-9-705(c) reads as rewritten:		

1 2	"(c) Pre-effective-date filing in jurisdiction formerly governing perfection. – This act does not render ineffective an effective financing statement that, before July 1, 2001,
2	is filed and satisfies the applicable requirements for perfection under the law of the
4	jurisdiction governing perfection as provided in G.S. 25-9-103 of former Article 9.
5	However, except as otherwise provided in subsections (d) and (e) of this section and
6	G.S. 25-9-706, the financing statement ceases to be effective at the earlier of:
7	(1) The time the financing statement would have ceased to be effective
8	under the law of the jurisdiction in which it is filed; and or
9	(2) June 30, 2006."
10	SECTION 15. G.S. 30-3.2 reads as rewritten:
11	"§ 30-3.2. Definitions.
12	The following definitions apply in this Article:
13	(a)(1) "Code" means the Internal Revenue Code in effect at the time of the
14	decedent's death.
15	(b)(2) "Death taxes" means any estate, inheritance, succession, and similar
16	taxes imposed by any taxing authority, reduced by any applicable
17	credits against those taxes.
18	(c)(3) "Nonadverse trustee" means a trustee who would be deemed
19	nonadverse under section 672 of the Code.
20	(d)(4) "Total Net Assets" means, after the payment or provision for payment
21	of the decedent's funeral expenses, year's allowances to persons other
22	than to the surviving spouse, debts, claims, and administration
23	expenses, the sum of the following:
24	(1) <u>a.</u> All property to which the decedent had legal and equitable title
25	immediately prior to death;
26	(2) <u>b</u> . All property received by the decedent's personal representative
27	by reason of the decedent's death, other than wrongful death
28	proceeds;
29	(3) <u>c.</u> One-half of the value of any property held by the decedent and
30	the surviving spouse as tenants by the entirety, or as joint
31	tenants with rights of survivorship;
32	$(4)\underline{d}$ . The entire value of any interest in property held by the decedent
33	and another person, other than the surviving spouse, as joint
34 35	tenants with right of survivorship, except to the extent that
35 36	contribution can be proven by clear and convincing evidence; (5)a The value of any property which would be included in the
30 37	(5) <u>e.</u> The value of any property which would be included in the taxable estate of the decedent pursuant to sections 2033, 2035,
38	2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, or 2040 of the Code.
38 39	(6) <u>f.</u> Any donative transfers of property made by the decedent to
40	donees other than the surviving spouse within six months of the
41	decedent's death, excluding:
42	$\frac{1}{a.1.}$ Any gifts within the annual exclusion provisions of
43	section 2503 of the Code;

1 2 3 4	b.2. Any gifts to which the surviving spouse consented. A signing of a deed, or income or gift tax return reporting such gift shall be considered consent; and
4 5	e. <u>3.</u> Any gifts made prior to marriage; (7)g. Any proceeds of any individual retirement account, pension or
6	(7)g. Any proceeds of any individual retirement account, pension or profit-sharing plan, or any private or governmental retirement
7	plan or annuity of which the decedent controlled the designation
8	of beneficiary, excluding any benefits under the federal social
9	security system;
10	(8) <u>h.</u> Any other Property Passing to Surviving Spouse under G.S.
11	30-3.3; and
12	(9) <u>i.</u> In case of overlapping application of the same property under
13	more than one provision, the property shall be included only
14	once under the provision yielding the greatest value."
15	<b>SECTION 16.</b> G.S. 40A-64(c) reads as rewritten:
16	"(c) If the owner is to be allowed to remove any timber, building or other
17	permanent improvement of fixtures improvement, or fixtures from the property, the
18	value thereof shall not be included in the compensation award, but the cost of removal
19	shall be considered as an element to be compensated."
20	SECTION 17. G.S. 58-5-15 reads as rewritten:
21	"§ 58-5-15. Minimum deposit required upon admission.
22	Upon admission to do business in the State of North Carolina every foreign or alien
23	fire, marine, or fire and marine, fidelity, surety or casualty company shall deposit with
24	the Commissioner securities in the amounts required under G.S. 58-5-5 and G.S.
25	58-5-10."
26	<b>SECTION 18.</b> G.S. 58-31-40(b) reads as rewritten:
27	"(b) No agency or other person authorized or directed by law to select a plan and
28	erect a building for the use of the State or any State institution shall receive and approve
29	of the plan until it is submitted to and approved by the Commissioner as to the safety of
30	the proposed building from fire, including the property's occupants or contents. No
31	agency or person authorized or directed by law to select a plan or erect a building
32	comprising 10,000 square feet or or more for the use of any county, city, or school
33	district shall receive and approve of the plan until it is submitted to and approved by the
34	Commissioner as to the safety of the proposed building from fire, including the
35	property's occupants or contents."
36	<b>SECTION 19.</b> The catch line of G.S. 59-31 reads as rewritten:
37	"§ 59-31. Name of Article.North Carolina Uniform Partnership Act."
38	SECTION 20. G.S. 59-1106 reads as rewritten:
39 40	"§ 59-1106. Fees; expedited filing. The Secretary of State shall collect the following fees and remit them to the State
40	The Secretary of State shall collect the following fees and remit them to the State Treasurer for the use of the State:
41 42	(1) For filing a certificate of limited partnership
42 43	(1) For fining a certificate of fininted partnership $(G.S. 59-201)$
40	(0.3, 37-201)

1	(2)	For filing a certificate of amendment
2		(G.S. 59-202; 59-905)
3	(3)	For filing a certificate of cancellation
4		(G.S. 59-203; 59-906)
5	(4)	For filing an application for reservation of name
6		(G.S. 59-104(a)) 10.00
7	(5)	For filing a transfer of name
8		(G.S. 59-104(d))
9	(6)	For filing an application for registration
10		as foreign limited partnership
11		(G.S. 59-502)(G.S. 59-902)
12	(7)	For preparing and furnishing a copy of any
13	~ /	document, instrument or paper filed or recorded
14		relating to a limited partnership (G.S. 59-206(c))
15		For each page1.00
16		For affixing the certificate and official seal thereto
17	(8)	For comparing a copy furnished to him of any
18	(0)	document, instrument or paper filed or recorded
19		relating to a limited partnership
20		For each page
20	(9)	For filing any other document not herein specifically
22	$(\mathcal{I})$	provided for
23	(10)	For the expedited filing by the end of the same
23 24	(10)	business day of a document received in good order
24 25		by 12:00 noon Eastern Standard Time
23 26		additional fee
20 27	(11)	For the expedited filing of a document received in
28	(11)	
28 29		good order within 24 hours after receipt, excluding
		weekends and holidays
30	(12)	
31	(12)	Advisory review of a document
32		y of State shall not collect the fees allowed in subdivisions (10) and (11)
33		unless the person submitting the document for filing requests an
34		and is informed by the Secretary of State of the fees prior to the filing
35		nt. Upon receipt of a document in proper form and payment of the
36		fee, the Secretary of State shall guarantee the expedited filing of the
37	document."	
38		<b>FION 21.</b> G.S. 90-88(d) reads as rewritten:
39		y substance is designated, rescheduled or deleted as a controlled
40		federal law, the Commission shall similarly control or cease control of,
41		nder this Article unless the Commission objects to such inclusion. The
42	Commission, at	t its next regularly scheduled meeting that takes place 30 days after

42 Commission, at its next regularly scheduled meeting that takes place 30 days after 43 publication in the Federal Register of a final order scheduling a substance, shall

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1 determine either to adopt a rule to similarly control the substance under this Article or to 2 object to such action. No rule-making notice or hearing as specified by Chapter 150B 3 150B of the General Statutes is required if the Commission makes a decision to 4 similarly control a substance. However, if the Commission makes a decision to object to 5 adoption of the federal action, it shall initiate rule-making procedures pursuant to 6 Chapter 150B of the General Statutes within 180 days of its decision to object." 7 **SECTION 22.** G.S. 96-35(b) reads as rewritten: 8 The Office of State Budget, Planning, and Management shall report to the "(b) 9 Governor and to the General Assembly upon the convening of each biennial session, its 10 evaluation of and recommendations regarding job training, education, and placement 11 programs for which data was provided to the CFS." 12 SECTION 23. G.S. 105-357(b)(2) reads as rewritten: 13 "(2) Penalty. – In addition to interest for nonpayment of taxes provided by 14 G.S. 105-360 and in addition to any criminal penalties provided by law 15 for the giving of worthless checks, the penalty for giving in payment of taxes a check that is returned because of insufficient funds or 16 17 nonexistence of an account of the drawer is ten percent (10%) of the 18 amount of the check, subject to a minimum of one dollar (\$1.00) and a 19 maximum of one thousand dollars (\$1,000). This penalty does not 20 apply if the tax collector finds that, when the check was presented for 21 payment, the drawer of the check had sufficient funds in an account at 22 a financial institution in this State to pay the check and, by 23 inadvertance, inadvertence, the drawer of the check failed to draw the 24 check on the account that had sufficient funds. This penalty shall be 25 added to and collected in the same manner as the taxes for which the 26 check was given." 27 SECTION 24. G.S. 113A-241(c) reads as rewritten: 28 The Secretary of Environment and Natural Resources shall report to the "(c)29 Governor and the Environmental Review Commission annually beginning on 30 September 1, 2000, on the State's progress towards attaining the goal established in 31 Section 2 of this Article." 32 **SECTION 25.** G.S. 116D-4(b) reads as rewritten: 33 Participation in providing professional services. Participation in Providing "(b) 34 Professional Services. - The Department of State Treasurer shall provide contracting 35 opportunities for historically underutilized businesses in providing professional services 36 in connection with the issuance of bonds and notes authorized by this section. As used 37 in this subsection, the term `historically underutilized business' means a business 38 described in G.S. 143-48. The Department of State Treasurer shall strive to increase the 39 amount of legal, financial, and other professional services acquired by it from 40 historically underutilized businesses. With the assistance of the Office for Historically 41 Underutilized Businesses in the Department of Administration, the Department of State 42 Treasurer shall set objectives for contracting with these businesses, identify and

43 eliminate barriers or constraints that may restrict these businesses from contracting with

the Department, and develop a plan for meeting its objectives. The Department of State
 Treasurer shall report quarterly to the Office for Historically Underutilized Businesses

3 on its progress in carrying out the requirements of this subsection."

4

**SECTION 26.** G.S. 116D-11(g) reads as rewritten:

5 "(g) University Improvement Bonds Fund. – The proceeds of university 6 improvement general obligation bonds and notes, including premium thereon, if any, 7 except the proceeds of bonds the issuance of which has been anticipated by bond 8 anticipation notes or the proceeds of refunding bonds or notes, shall be placed by the 9 State Treasurer in a special fund to be designated `University Improvement Bonds 10 Fund'. Moneys in the University Improvement Bonds Fund shall be used for the 11 purposes set forth in this Article.

Any additional moneys that may be received by means of a grant or grants from the United States of America or any agency or department thereof or from any other source to aid in financing the cost of any university improvements authorized by this Article may be placed by the State Treasurer in the University Improvement Bonds Fund or in a separate account or fund and shall be disbursed, to the extent permitted by the terms of the grant or grants, without regard to any limitations imposed by this act. Article.

18 The proceeds of university improvement general obligation bonds and notes may be 19 used with any other moneys made available by the General Assembly for the making of 20 university improvements, including the proceeds of any other State bond issues, 21 whether previously made available or which may be made available after the effective 22 date of this Article. The proceeds of university improvement bonds and notes shall be 23 expended and disbursed under the direction and supervision of the Director of the 24 Budget. The funds provided by this Article for university improvements shall be 25 disbursed for the purposes provided in this Article upon warrants drawn on the State 26 Treasurer by the State Controller, which warrants shall not be drawn until requisition 27 has been approved by the Director of the Budget and which requisition shall be 28 approved only after full compliance with the Executive Budget Act, Article 1 of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes." 29

30

#### **SECTION 27.** G.S. 116D-46(g) reads as rewritten:

31 "(g) Community College Bonds Fund. – The proceeds of community college 32 general obligation bonds and notes, including premium thereon, if any, except the 33 proceeds of bonds the issuance of which has been anticipated by bond anticipation notes 34 or the proceeds of refunding bonds or notes, shall be placed by the State Treasurer in a 35 special fund to be designated `Community College Bonds Fund'. Moneys in the 36 Community College Bonds Fund shall be used for the purposes set forth in this Article.

Any additional moneys that may be received by means of a grant or grants from the United States of America or any agency or department thereof or from any other source to aid in financing the cost of any community college capital facilities authorized by this Article may be placed by the State Treasurer in the Community College Bonds Fund or in a separate account or fund and shall be disbursed, to the extent permitted by the terms of the grant or grants, without regard to any limitations imposed by this act. Article.

1 The proceeds of community college general obligation bonds and notes may be used 2 with any other moneys made available by the General Assembly for the making of 3 grants to community colleges for capital facilities, including the proceeds of any other 4 State bond issues, whether previously made available or which may be made available 5 after the effective date of this Article. The proceeds of community college bonds and 6 notes shall be expended and disbursed under the direction and supervision of the 7 Director of the Budget. The funds provided by this Article for grants to community colleges shall be disbursed for the purposes provided in this Article upon warrants 8 9 drawn on the State Treasurer by the State Controller, which warrants shall not be drawn 10 until requisition has been approved by the Director of the Budget and which requisition 11 shall be approved only after full compliance with the Executive Budget Act, Article 1 of 12 Chapter 143 of the General Statutes."

SECTION 28. Effective July 1, 2001, G.S. 122C-269(b) reads as rewritten:

"(b) An official of the facility shall immediately notify the clerk of superior court of the county in which the facility is located of a determination to hold the respondent pending hearing. That clerk shall request transmittal of all documents pertinent to the proceedings from the clerk of superior court where the proceedings were initiated. The requesting clerk shall assume all duties set forth in G.S. 122C-264. The counsel for indigent respondents the counsel-provided for in G.S. 122C-268(d) shall be appointed in accordance with rules adopted by the Office of Indigent Defense Services."

**SECTION 29.** G.S. 131D-2(b)(1) reads as rewritten:

22 "(b) Licensure; inspections. –

13

21

- 23 (1)The Department of Health and Human Services shall inspect and 24 license, under rules adopted by the Medical Care Commission, all 25 adult care homes for persons who are aged or mentally or physically 26 disabled except those exempt in subsection (c) of this section. Licenses 27 issued under the authority of this section shall be valid for one year 28 from the date of issuance unless revoked earlier by the Secretary for 29 failure to comply with any part of this section or any rules adopted 30 hereunder adult care. hereunder. Licenses shall be renewed annually 31 upon filing and the Department's approval of the renewal application. 32 A license shall not be renewed if outstanding fines and penalties 33 imposed by the State against the home have not been paid. Fines and 34 penalties for which an appeal is pending are exempt from 35 consideration. The renewal application shall contain all necessary and 36 reasonable information that the Department may by rule require. 37 Except as otherwise provided in this subdivision, the Department may 38 amend a license by reducing it from a full license to a provisional 39 license for a period of not more than 90 days whenever the Department 40 finds that:
- a. The licensee has substantially failed to comply with the
  provisions of Articles 1 and 3 of Chapter 131D of the General
  Statutes and the rules adopted pursuant to these Articles;

1	b. There is a reasonable probability that the licensee can remedy
2	the licensure deficiencies within a reasonable length of time;
3	and
4	c. There is a reasonable probability that the licensee will be able
5	thereafter to remain in compliance with the licensure rules for
6	the foreseeable future.
7	The Department may extend a provisional license for not more than
8	one additional 90-day period upon finding that the licensee has made
9	substantial progress toward remedying the licensure deficiencies that
10	caused the license to be reduced to provisional status.
11	The Department may revoke a license whenever:
12	a. The Department finds that:
13	1. The licensee has substantially failed to comply with the
14	provisions of Articles 1 and 3 of Chapter 131D of the
15	General Statutes and the rules adopted pursuant to these
16	Articles; and
17	2. It is not reasonably probable that the licensee can remedy
18	the licensure deficiencies within a reasonable length of
19	time; or
20	b. The Department finds that:
21	1. The licensee has substantially failed to comply with the
22	provisions of Articles 1 and 3 of Chapter 131D of the
23	General Statutes and the rules adopted pursuant to these
24	Articles; and
25	2. Although the licensee may be able to remedy the
26	deficiencies within a reasonable time, it is not reasonably
27	probable that the licensee will be able to remain in
28	compliance with licensure rules for the foreseeable
29	future; or
30	c. The Department finds that the licensee has failed to comply
31	with the provisions of Articles 1 and 3 of Chapter 131D of the
32	General Statutes and the rules adopted pursuant to these
33	Articles, and the failure to comply endangered the health,
34	safety, or welfare of the patients in the facility.
35	The Department may also issue a provisional license to a facility,
36	pursuant to rules adopted by the Medical Care Commission, for
37	substantial failure to comply with the provisions of this section or rules
38	adopted pursuant to this section. Any facility wishing to contest the
39	issuance of a provisional license shall be entitled to an administrative
40	hearing as provided in the Administrative Procedure Act, Chapter
41	150B of the General Statutes. A petition for a contested case shall be
42	filed within 30 days after the Department mails written notice of the
43	issuance of the provisional license."

1 **SECTION 30.** Effective July 1, 2003, G.S. 143-15.3B(a) reads as rewritten: 2 "(a) (Effective July 1, 2003) The Clean Water Management Trust Fund is 3 established in G.S. 113-145.3. The General Assembly finds that, due to the critical need 4 in this State to clean up pollution in the State's surface waters and to protect and 5 conserve those waters that are not yet polluted, it is imperative that the State provide a 6 minimum of one hundred million dollars (\$100,000,000) each calendar year to the 7 Clean Water Management Management Trust Fund; therefore, there is annually 8 appropriated from the General Fund to the Clean Water Management Trust Fund the 9 sum of one hundred million dollars (\$100,000,000)."

10

**SECTION 31.** G.S. 143B-434(b) reads as rewritten:

11 Membership. - The Economic Development Board shall consist of 36 "(b) 12 members. The Secretary of Commerce shall serve ex officio as a member and as the 13 secretary of the Economic Development Board. Four members of the House of 14 Representatives appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, four members of the Senate appointed by the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, the 15 16 President of The University of North Carolina, or designee, the President of the North 17 Carolina Community College System, or designee, the Secretary of State, and the 18 President of the Senate (or the designee of the President of the Senate), shall serve as 19 members of the Board. The Governor shall appoint the remaining 23 members of the 20 Board, provided that effective Board. Effective with the terms beginning July 1, 1997, 21 one of those the Governor's appointees shall be a representative of a nonprofit 22 organization involved in economic development and two of those-the Governor's 23 appointees shall be county economic development representatives. The Governor shall 24 designate a chair and a vice-chair from among the members of the Board. Appointments 25 to the Board made by the Governor for terms beginning July 1, 1997, and appointments 26 to the Board made by the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President Pro 27 Tempore of the Senate for terms beginning July 9, 1993, should reflect the ethnic and 28 gender diversity of the State as nearly as practical.

29 The initial appointments to the Board shall be for terms beginning on July 9, 1993. 30 Of the initial appointments made by the Governor, the terms shall expire July 1, 1997. 31 Of the initial appointments made by the Speaker of the House of Representatives and by 32 the President Pro Tempore of the Senate two appointments of each shall be designated 33 to expire on July 1, 1995; the remaining terms shall expire July 1, 1997. Thereafter, all 34 appointments shall be for a term of four years.

35 The appointing officer shall make a replacement appointment to serve for the 36 unexpired term in the case of a vacancy.

37 The members of the Economic Development Board shall receive per diem and 38 necessary travel and subsistence expenses payable to members of State Boards and 39 agencies generally pursuant to G.S. 138-5 and [G.S.]-G.S. 138-6, as the case may be. 40 The members of the Economic Development Board who are members of the General 41 Assembly shall not receive per diem but shall receive necessary travel and subsistence 42 expenses at rates prescribed by G.S. 120-3.1." 43

1	"(e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Authority may agree that all
2	contracts relating to the acquisition, construction, installation and equipping of the
3	special user project shall be solicited, negotiated, awarded and executed by the private
4	party or parties for which the Authority is financing the special user project or their
5	agents subject only to such approvals by the Authority as the Authority may require.
6	The Authority may, out of the proceeds of bonds or notes, make advances to or
7	reimburse such private parties or such agents for all or a portion of the costs incurred in
8	connection with such contracts. The provisions of Section-G.S. 143B-463 of this Part
9	shall have no application to funds and moneys derived pursuant to this section."
10	SECTION 33. G.S. 147-33.85(b) reads as rewritten:
11	"(b) The Office shall coordinate with the Office of State Budget, Planning, and
12	Management and the Office of State Budget, Planning, and Management to integrate
13	agency strategic and business planning, technology planning and budgeting, and project
14	expenditure processes into the Office's information technology portfolio-based
15	management. The Office shall provide recommendations for agency annual budget
16	requests for information technology investments, projects, and initiatives to the Office
17	of State Budget, Planning, and Management."
18	SECTION 34. Effective July 1, 2001, G.S. 159D-23 reads as rewritten:
19	"§ 159D-23. Application of Article 9 of Chapter 25.
20	Article 9 of Chapter 25 of the General Statutes applies to transactions under this
21	Chapter.
22	G.S. Article as if G.S.".
23	<b>SECTION 35.</b> G.S. 160A-37(f1) and (f2) read as rewritten:
24	"(f1) Property Subject to Present-Use Value Appraisal. – If an area described in an
25	annexation ordinance includes agricultural land, horticultural land, or forestland that
26	meets either of the conditions listed below on the effective date of annexation is:
27	annexation, then the annexation becomes effective as to that property pursuant to
28	subsection (f2) of this section:
29	(1) <u>The land</u> is being taxed at present-use value pursuant to G.S. $105$ -
30	<del>277.4; or <u>105-277.4.</u></del>
31	(2) <u>The land meets both of the following conditions:</u>
32	a. Was on <u>On</u> the date of the resolution of intent for annexation <u>it</u>
33	was being used for actual production and is eligible for
34	present-use value taxation under G.S. 105-277.4, but had not
35	been in use for actual production for the required time under
36	G.S. <del>105-277.3; and <u>105-277.3</u>.</del>
37	b. The assessor for the county where the land subject to
38	annexation is located has certified to the city that the land meets

the requirements of this subdivision subdivision.
the annexation becomes effective as to that property pursuant to subsection (f2) of this

41 section.

Effective Date of Annexation for Certain Property. – Annexation of property 1 (f2)subject to annexation under subsection (f1) of this section shall become effective: 2 3 becomes effective as provided in this subsection.

- 4 Upon the effective date of the annexation ordinance, the property is (1)5 considered part of the city only (i) for the purpose of establishing city 6 boundaries for additional annexations pursuant to this Article and (ii) 7 for the exercise of city authority pursuant to Article 19 of this Chapter.
- 8 For all other purposes, the annexation becomes effective as to each (2)9 tract of the property or part thereof on the last day of the month in 10 which that tract or part thereof becomes ineligible for classification pursuant to G.S. 105-227.4 -105-277.4 or no longer meets the 12 requirements of subdivision (f1)(2) of this section. Until annexation of 13 a tract or a part of a tract becomes effective pursuant to this 14 subdivision, the tract or part of a tract is not subject to taxation by the 15 city under Article 12 of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes nor is the 16 tract or part of a tract entitled to services provided by the city." 17

SECTION 36. G.S. 160A-300.1(d) reads as rewritten:

"(d) 18 This act applies to the Cities of Charlotte, Fayetteville, Greensboro, High 19 Point, Rocky Mount, Wilmington, Greenville, and Lumberton, Greenville, High Point, 20 Lumberton, Rocky Mount, and Wilmington, and the Towns of Chapel Hill, Cornelius, 21 Huntersville, Matthews, and Pineville only."

**SECTION 37.(a)** G.S. 93A-2 reads as rewritten:

23 "§ 93A-2. Definitions and exceptions.

11

22

24 A real estate broker within the meaning of this Chapter is any person, (a) 25 partnership, corporation, limited liability company, association, or other business entity 26 who for a compensation or valuable consideration or promise thereof lists or offers to 27 list, sells or offers to sell, buys or offers to buy, auctions or offers to auction 28 (specifically not including a mere crier of sales), or negotiates the purchase or sale or 29 exchange of real estate, or who leases or offers to lease, or who sells or offers to sell 30 leases of whatever character, or rents or offers to rent any real estate or the improvement 31 thereon, for others.

32 (a1) The term broker-in-charge within the meaning of this Chapter shall mean 33 means a real estate broker who has been designated as the broker having responsibility 34 for the supervision of real estate salesperson salespersons engaged in real estate brokerage at a particular real estate office and for other administrative and supervisory 35 36 duties as the Commission shall prescribe by rule.

37 The term real estate salesperson within the meaning of this Chapter shall (b) 38 mean and include any person who under the supervision of a real estate broker 39 designated as broker-in-charge of a real estate office, for a compensation or valuable 40 consideration is associated with or engaged by or on behalf of a licensed real estate 41 broker to do, perform or deal in any act, acts or transactions set out or comprehended by 42 the foregoing definition of real estate broker.

43 The provisions of this Chapter shall do not apply to and shall do not include: (c)

1	(1)	Any person, partnership, corporation, limited liability company,
2		association, or other business entity who, as owner or lessor, shall
3		perform any of the acts aforesaid with reference to property owned or
4		leased by them, where the acts are performed in the regular course of
5		or as incident to the management of that property and the investment
6		therein.
7	(2)	Any person acting as an attorney-in-fact under a duly executed power
8		of attorney from the owner authorizing the final consummation of
9		performance of any contract for the sale, lease or exchange of real
10		estate.
11	(3)	The acts or services of an attorney-at-law.
12	(4)	Any person, while acting as a receiver, trustee in bankruptcy, guardian,
13		administrator or executor or any person acting under order of any
14		court.
15	(5)	Any person, while acting as a trustee under a trust agreement, deed of
16	(-)	trust or will, or his-that person's regular salaried employees.
17	(6)	Any salaried person employed by a licensed real estate broker, for and
18		on behalf of the owner of any real estate or the improvements thereon,
19		which the licensed broker has contracted to manage for the owner, if
20		the salaried employee employee's employment is limited in his
21		employment to: exhibiting units on the real estate to prospective
22		tenants; providing the prospective tenants with information about the
23		lease of the units; accepting applications for lease of the units;
24		completing and executing preprinted form leases; and accepting
25		security deposits and rental payments for the units only when the
26		deposits and rental payments are made payable to the owner or the
27		broker employed by the owner. The salaried employee shall not
28		negotiate the amount of security deposits or rental payments and shall
29		not negotiate leases or any rental agreements on behalf of the owner or
30		broker.
31	(7)	Any owner who personally leases or sells his the owner's own
32	(')	property.
33	(8)	Any housing authority organized in accordance with the provisions of
34	(0)	Chapter 157 of the General Statutes and any regular salaried
35		employees of the housing authority when performing acts authorized
36		in this Chapter as to any property owned or leased by the housing
37		authority. This exception shall not apply to any person, partnership,
38		corporation, limited liability company, association, or other business
39		entity that contracts with a housing authority to sell or manage
40		property owned or leased by the housing authority."
41	SEC	<b>TION 37.(b)</b> G.S. 93A-6 reads as rewritten:
42		iplinary action by Commission.

1		Commission shall have has power to take disciplinary action. Upon its
2		or on the complaint of any person, the Commission may investigate the
3	• •	erson or entity licensed under this Chapter, or any other person or entity
4		ne to act in such capacity. If the Commission finds probable cause that a
5		lated any of the provisions of this Chapter, the Commission may hold a
6	-	llegations of misconduct.
7		ssion shall have has power to suspend or revoke at any time a license
8 9		e provisions of this Chapter, or to reprimand or censure any licensee, if, ring, the Commission adjudges the licensee to be guilty of:
10	(1)	Making any willful or negligent misrepresentation or any willful or
11	~ /	negligent omission of material fact.
12	(2)	Making any false promises of a character likely to influence, persuade,
13	~ /	or induce.
14	(3)	Pursuing a course of misrepresentation or making of false promises
15	~ /	through agents, salespersons, advertising or otherwise.
16	(4)	Acting for more than one party in a transaction without the knowledge
17	~ /	of all parties for whom he or she acts.
18	(5)	Accepting a commission or valuable consideration as a real estate
19	~ /	salesperson for the performance of any of the acts specified in this
20		Article or Article 4 of this Chapter, from any person except his or her
21		broker-in-charge or licensed broker by whom he or she is employed.
22	(6)	Representing or attempting to represent a real estate broker other than
23		the broker by whom he or she is engaged or associated, without the
24		express knowledge and consent of the broker with whom he or she is
25		associated.
26	(7)	Failing, within a reasonable time, to account for or to remit any
27		moneys-monies coming into his or her possession which belong to
28		others.
29	(8)	Being unworthy or incompetent to act as a real estate broker or
30		salesperson in a manner as to endanger the interest of the public.
31	(9)	Paying a commission or valuable consideration to any person for acts
32		or services performed in violation of this Chapter.
33	(10)	Any other conduct which constitutes improper, fraudulent or dishonest
34		dealing.
35	(11)	Performing or undertaking to perform any legal service, as set forth in
36		G.S. 84-2.1, or any other acts constituting the practice of law.
37	(12)	Commingling the money or other property of his or her principals with
38		his or her own or failure to maintain and deposit in a trust or escrow
39		account in an insured bank or savings and loan association in North
40		Carolina all money received by him or her as a real estate licensee
41		acting in that capacity, or an escrow agent, or the temporary custodian
42		of the funds of others, in a real estate transaction; provided, these
43		accounts shall not bear interest unless the principals authorize in

1		writing the deposit be made in an interest bearing account and also
2		
2 3	(12)	provide for the disbursement of the interest accrued.
3 4	(13)	Failing to deliver, within a reasonable time, a completed copy of any
4 5		purchase agreement or offer to buy and sell real estate to the buyer and
5 6	(14)	to the seller.
7	(14)	Failing, at the time the transaction is consummated, to deliver to the seller in every real estate transaction, a complete detailed closing
8		statement showing all of the receipts and disbursements handled by
9		him or her for the seller or failing to deliver to the buyer a complete
10		statement showing all money received in the transaction from the
10		buyer and how and for what it was disbursed.
12	(15)	Violating any rule or regulation promulgated by the Commission.
12	· · · ·	we Director shall transmit a certified copy of all final orders of the
13		spending or revoking licenses issued under this Chapter to the clerk of
14		f the county in which the licensee maintains his or her principal place of
16	-	erk shall enter these orders upon the judgment docket of the county.
17		wing a hearing, the Commission shall also have power to suspend or
18		ense issued under the provisions of this Chapter or to reprimand or
10 19	censure any lice	
20	(1)	The licensee has obtained a license by false or fraudulent
20	(1)	representation;
22	(2)	The licensee has been convicted or has entered a plea of guilty or no
23	(2)	contest upon which final judgment is entered by a court of competent
23		jurisdiction in this State, or any other state, of the criminal offenses of:
25		embezzlement, obtaining money under false pretense, fraud, forgery,
26		conspiracy to defraud, or any other offense involving moral turpitude
27		which would reasonably affect the licensee's performance in the real
28		estate business;
29	(3)	The licensee has violated any of the provisions of G.S. 93A-6(a) when
30	(0)	selling, leasing, or buying his the licensee's own property;
31	(4)	The broker's unlicensed employee, who is exempt from the provisions
32		of this Chapter under G.S. $93A-2(c)(6)$ , has committed, in the regular
33		course of business, any act which, if committed by the broker, would
34		constitute a violation of G.S. 93A-6(a) for which the broker could be
35		disciplined; or
36	(5)	The licensee, who is also a State-licensed or State-certified real estate
37	~ /	appraiser pursuant to Chapter 93E of the General Statutes, has violated
38		any provisions of Chapter 93E of the General Statutes and has been
39		reprimanded or has had <u>his</u> _an_appraiser license or certificate
40		suspended or revoked by the Appraisal Board.
41	(c) The C	Commission may appear in its own name in superior court in actions for
42		to prevent any person from violating the provisions of this Chapter or
43	-	ed by the Commission. The superior court shall have the power to grant
	- 2	

these injunctions even if criminal prosecution has been or may be instituted as a result
 of the violations, or whether the person is a licensee of the Commission.

3 (d) Each broker shall maintain complete records showing the deposit, 4 maintenance, and withdrawal of money or other property owned by <u>his-the broker's</u> 5 principals or held in escrow or in trust for <u>his-the broker's</u> principals. The Commission 6 may inspect these records periodically, without prior notice and may also inspect these 7 records whenever the Commission determines that they are pertinent to an investigation 8 of any specific complaint against a licensee.

9 (e) When a person or entity licensed under this Chapter is accused of any act, 10 omission, or misconduct which would subject the licensee to disciplinary action, the 11 licensee, with the consent and approval of the Commission, may surrender his or its the 12 license and all the rights and privileges pertaining to it for a period of time established 13 by the Commission. A person or entity who surrenders his or its a license shall not 14 thereafter be eligible for or submit any application for licensure as a real estate broker or 15 salesperson during the period of license surrender."

16

**SECTION 37.(c)** G.S. 93A-16 reads as rewritten:

17 "§ 93A-16. Real Estate Recovery Fund created; payment to fund; management.

18 (a) There is hereby created a special fund to be known as the "Real Estate 19 Recovery Fund" which shall be set aside and maintained by the North Carolina Real 20 Estate Commission. <u>Said-The</u> fund shall be used in the manner provided under this 21 Article for the payment of unsatisfied judgments where the aggrieved person has 22 suffered a direct monetary loss by reason of certain acts committed by any real estate 23 broker or salesperson licensed under this Chapter.

24 On September 1, 1979, the Commission shall transfer the sum of one hundred (b) 25 thousand dollars (\$100,000) from its expense reserve fund to the Real Estate Recovery 26 Fund. Thereafter, the Commission may transfer to the Real Estate Recovery Fund 27 additional sums of money from whatever funds the Commission may have, provided 28 that, if on December 31 of any year the amount remaining in the fund is less than fifty 29 thousand dollars (\$50,000), the Commission may determine that each person or entity 30 licensed under this Chapter, when renewing his or its a license, shall pay in addition to 31 his-the license renewal fee, a fee not to exceed ten dollars (\$10.00) per broker and five 32 dollars (\$5.00) per salesperson as shall be determined by the Commission for the 33 purpose of replenishing the fund.

34 (c) The Commission shall invest and reinvest the <u>moneys monies</u> in the Real 35 Estate Recovery Fund in the same manner as provided by law for the investment of 36 funds by the clerk of superior court. The proceeds from such investments shall be 37 deposited to the credit of the fund.

(d) The Commission shall have the authority to adopt reasonable rules and
procedures not inconsistent with the provisions of this Article, to provide for the
orderly, fair and efficient administration and payment of monies held in the Real Estate
Recovery Fund."

42 SECTION 37.(d) G.S. 93A-18 reads as rewritten:

43 "§ 93A-18. Hearing; required showing.

1	Upon such-	application by an aggrieved person, the Commission shall conduct a
2	hearing and the	e aggrieved person shall be required to show: show that the aggrieved
3	person:	
4	(1)	He is <u>Is</u> not a spouse of the judgment debtor or a person representing
5		such the spouse; and
6	(2)	He is <u>Is</u> making application not more than one year after termination of
7		all judicial proceedings, including appeals, in connection with the
8		judgment;
9	(3)	He has <u>Has</u> complied with all requirements of this Article;
10	(4)	He has <u>Has</u> obtained a judgment as described in G.S. 93A-17, stating
11		the amount owing thereon at the date of application;
12	(5)	He has Has made all reasonable searches and inquiries to ascertain
13		whether the judgment debtor is possessed of real or personal property
14		or other assets liable to be sold or applied in satisfaction of the
15		judgment;
16	(6)	That by such search he After searching as described in subdivision (5)
17		of this section, has discovered no real or personal property or other
18		assets liable to be sold or applied, or that he has discovered certain of
19		them, describing them, but that the amount so realized was insufficient
20		to satisfy the judgment, stating the amount realized and the balance
21		remaining due on the judgment after application of the amount
22		realized; <del>and</del>
23	(7)	He has Has diligently pursued his remedies including attempted the
24		aggrieved person's remedies, which include attempting execution on
25		the judgment against all the judgment debtors debtors, which
26		execution has been returned unsatisfied. In addition to that, he knows
27		Knows of no assets of the judgment debtor and that he has attempted
28		collection from all other persons who may be liable to him in for the
29		transaction for which he the aggrieved person seeks payment from the
30		Real Estate Recovery Fund if there be any such other persons."
31		<b>FION 37.(e)</b> G.S. 93A-19 reads as rewritten:
32		sponse and defense by Commission and judgment debtor; proof of
33		ersion.
34		never the Commission proceeds upon an application as set forth in this
35		for the Commission may defend such action on behalf of the fund and
36		urse to all appropriate means of defense, including the examination of
37		judgment debtor may defend such action on his or her own behalf and
38		urse to all appropriate means of defense, including the examination of
39		isel for the Commission and the judgment debtor may file responses to
40		setting forth answers and defenses. Responses shall be filed with the
41		d copies shall be served upon every party by the filing party. If at any
42		there are no triable issues of fact and the application for payment from
43	the fund is with	nout merit, the Commission shall dismiss the application. A motion to

1 dismiss may be supported by affidavit of any person or persons having knowledge of 2 the facts and may be made on the basis that the application or the judgment referred to 3 therein do not form a basis for meritorious recovery within the purview of G.S. 93A-17, 4 that the applicant has not complied with the provisions of this Article, or that the 5 liability of the fund with regard to the particular licensee or transaction has been 6 exhausted; provided, however, notice of such the motion shall be given at least 10 days 7 prior to the time fixed for hearing. If the applicant or judgment debtor fails to appear at 8 the hearing after receiving notice of the hearing, the applicant or judgment debtor shall 9 waive his or her rights waives the person's rights unless the absence is excused by the 10 Commission.

11 (b) Whenever the judgment obtained by an applicant is by default, stipulation, or 12 consent, or whenever the action against the licensee was defended by a trustee in 13 bankruptcy, the applicant, for purposes of this Article, shall have the burden of proving 14 <u>his-the</u> cause of action for conversion of trust funds. Otherwise, the judgment shall 15 create a rebuttable presumption of the conversion of trust funds. This presumption is a 16 presumption affecting the burden of producing evidence."

17

**SECTION 37.(f)** G.S. 93A-22 reads as rewritten:

#### 18 "§ 93A-22. Repayment to fund; automatic suspension of license.

Should the Commission pay from the Real Estate Recovery Fund any amount in settlement of a claim or toward satisfaction of a judgment against a licensed real estate broker or salesperson, the license of the broker or salesperson shall be automatically suspended upon the effective date of the order authorizing payment from the fund. No such broker or salesperson shall be granted a reinstatement until <u>he has the fund has</u> <u>been</u> repaid in full, <u>plus-including</u> interest at the legal rate as provided for in <u>G.S. 24-1</u>, the amount paid from the Real Estate Recovery Fund.G.S. 24-1."

26

**SECTION 37.(g)** G.S. 93A-23 reads as rewritten:

#### 27 "§ 93A-23. Subrogation of rights.

When the Commission has paid from the Real Estate Recovery Fund any sum to the judgment creditor, the Commission shall be subrogated to all of the rights of the judgment creditor to the extent of the amount so paid and the judgment creditor shall assign all his-right, title, and interest in the judgment to the extent of the amount so paid to the Commission and any amount and interest so recovered by the Commission on the judgment shall be deposited in the Real Estate Recovery Fund."

34

**SECTION 37.(h)** G.S. 93A-25 reads as rewritten:

#### 35 "§ 93A-25. Persons ineligible to recover from fund.

No real estate broker or real estate salesperson who suffers the loss of any commission from any transaction in which he <u>or she</u> was acting in the capacity of a real estate broker or real estate salesperson shall be entitled to make application for payment from the Real Estate Recovery Fund for <del>such</del> the loss."

40

**SECTION 37.(i)** G.S. 93A-42 reads as rewritten:

#### 41 "§ 93A-42. Time shares deemed real estate.

42 (a) A time share is deemed to be an interest in real estate, and shall be governed 43 by the law of this State relating to real estate.

1	(b) A purchaser of a time share may in accordance with G.S. 47-18 register the
2	time share instrument by which he the purchaser acquired his the interest and upon such
3	registration shall be entitled to the protection provided by Chapter 47 of the General
4	Statutes for the recordation of other real property instruments. A time share instrument
5	transferring or encumbering a time share shall not be rejected for recordation because of
6	the nature or duration of that estate, provided all other requirements necessary to make
7	an instrument recordable are complied with.

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(c) The developer shall record or cause to be recorded a time share instrument:

- (1) Not less than six days nor more than 45 days following the execution of the contract of sale by the purchaser; or
- (2) Not later than 180 days following the execution of the contract of sale by the purchaser, provided that all payments made by the purchaser shall be placed by the developer with an independent escrow agent upon the expiration of the 10-day escrow period provided by G.S. 93A-45(c).

16 (d) The independent escrow agent provided by G.S. 93A-42(c)(2) shall deposit 17 and maintain the purchaser's payments in an insured trust or escrow account in a bank or 18 savings and loan association located in this State. The trust or escrow account may be 19 interest-bearing and the interest earned shall belong to the developer, if agreed upon in 20 writing by the purchaser; Provided, however, if the time share instrument is not 21 recorded within the time periods specified in this section, then the interest earned shall 22 belong to the purchaser. The independent escrow agent shall return all payments to the 23 purchaser at the expiration of 180 days following the execution of the contract of sale 24 by the purchaser, unless prior to that time the time share instrument has been recorded. 25 However, if prior to the expiration of 180 days following the execution of the contract 26 of sale, the developer and the purchaser provide their written consent to the independent 27 escrow agent, the developer's obligation to record the time share instrument and the 28 escrow period may be extended for an additional period of 120 days. Upon recordation 29 of the time share instrument, the independent escrow agent shall pay the purchaser's 30 funds to the developer. Upon request by the Commission, the independent escrow agent 31 shall promptly make available to the Commission inspection of records of money held 32 by him.the independent escrow agent.

(e) In no event shall the developer be required to record a time share instrument
if the purchaser is in default of his-the purchaser's obligations.

35 (f) Recordation under the provisions of this section of the time share instrument
 36 shall constitute delivery of that instrument from the developer to the purchaser."

37

**SECTION 37.(j)** G.S. 93A-45(d) reads as rewritten:

38 "(d) If a developer fails to provide a purchaser to whom a time share is transferred 39 with the statement as required by subsection (a), the purchaser, in addition to any rights 40 to damages or other relief, is entitled to receive from the developer an amount equal to 41 ten percent (10%) of the sales price of the time share not to exceed three thousand 42 dollars (\$3,000). A receipt signed by the purchaser stating that <u>he the purchaser has</u>

1		tement required by subsection (a) is prima facie evidence of delivery of			
2	such the statement."				
3	<b>SECTION 37.(k)</b> G.S. 93A-48 reads as rewritten:				
4		change programs.			
5		purchaser is offered the opportunity to subscribe to any exchange			
6		eveloper shall, except as provided in subsection (b), deliver to the			
7		r to the execution of (i) any contract between the purchaser and the			
8	exchange company, and (ii) the sales contract, at least the following information				
9	regarding <del>such <u>the</u> exchange program:</del>				
10	(1)	The name and address of the exchange company;			
11	(2)	The names of all officers, directors, and shareholders owning five			
12		percent (5%) or more of the outstanding stock of the exchange			
13		company;			
14	(3)	Whether the exchange company or any of its officers or directors has			
15		any legal or beneficial interest in any developer or managing agent for			
16		any time share project participating in the exchange program and, if so,			
17		the name and location of the time share project and the nature of the			
18		interest;			
19	(4)	Unless the exchange company is also the developer a statement that			
20		the purchaser's contract with the exchange company is a contract			
21		separate and distinct from the sales contract;			
22	(5)	Whether the purchaser's participation in the exchange program is			
23		dependent upon the continued affiliation of the time share project with			
24		the exchange program;			
25	(6)	Whether the purchaser's membership or participation, or both, in the			
26		exchange program is voluntary or mandatory;			
27	(7)	A complete and accurate description of the terms and conditions of the			
28		purchaser's contractual relationship with the exchange company and			
29		the procedure by which changes thereto may be made;			
30	(8)	A complete and accurate description of the procedure to qualify for			
31		and effectuate exchanges;			
32	(9)	A complete and accurate description of all limitations, restrictions, or			
33		priorities employed in the operation of the exchange program,			
34		including, but not limited to, limitations on exchanges based on			
35		seasonality, unit size, or levels of occupancy, expressed in boldfaced			
36		type, and, in the event that such limitations, restrictions, or priorities			
37		are not uniformly applied by the exchange program, a clear description			
38		of the manner in which they are applied;			
39	(10)	Whether exchanges are arranged on a space available basis and			
40		whether any guarantees of fulfillment of specific requests for			
41		exchanges are made by the exchange program;			
42	(11)	Whether and under what circumstances an owner, in dealing with the			
43		exchange company, may lose the use and occupancy of his the owner's			

1		time share in any properly applied for exchange without his-being
2 3		provided with substitute accommodations by the exchange company;
	(12)	The expenses, fees or range of fees for participation by owners in the
4		exchange program, a statement whether any such fees may be altered
5		by the exchange company, and the circumstances under which
6		alterations may be made;
7	(13)	The name and address of the site of each time share project or other
8		property which is participating in the exchange program;
9	(14)	The number of units in each project or other property participating in
10	~ /	the exchange program which are available for occupancy and which
11		qualify for participation in the exchange program, expressed within the
12		following numerical groupings, 1-5, 6-10, 11-20, 21-50 and 51, and
12		over;
13	(15)	The number of owners with respect to each time share project or other
15	(13)	property which are eligible to participate in the exchange program
15		expressed within the following numerical groupings, 1-100, 101-249,
17		250-499, 500-999, and 1,000 and over, and a statement of the criteria
18		used to determine those owners who are currently eligible to
19 20	(1c)	participate in the exchange program;
20	(16)	The disposition made by the exchange company of time shares
21		deposited with the exchange program by owners eligible to participate
22		in the exchange program and not used by the exchange company in
23		effecting exchanges;
24	(17)	The following information which, except as provided in subsection (b)
25		below, shall be independently audited by a certified public accountant
26		in accordance with the standards of the Accounting Standards Board of
27		the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and reported
28		for each year no later than July 1, of the succeeding year:
29		a. The number of owners enrolled in the exchange program and
30		such numbers shall disclose the relationship between the
31		exchange company and owners as being either fee paying or
32		gratuitous in nature;
33		b. The number of time share projects or other properties eligible to
34		participate in the exchange program categorized by those
35		having a contractual relationship between the developer or the
36		association and the exchange company and those having solely
37		a contractual relationship between the exchange company and
38		owners directly;
39 39		c. The percentage of confirmed exchanges, which shall be the
40		number of exchanges confirmed by the exchange company
40		divided by the number of exchanges properly applied for,
42		together with a complete and accurate statement of the criteria
1 <i>4</i>		togetter with a complete and accurate statement of the effetta

1				an exchange requested was properly		
2			applied for;			
3		d.		s or other intervals for which the		
4				outstanding obligation to provide an		
5			6	relinquished a time share or interval		
6				e for a time share or interval in any		
7			future year; and			
8		e.	-	onfirmed by the exchange company		
9	(10)		during the year; and			
10	(18)		• •	to the effect that the percentage		
11				f subsection (a)sub-subdivision c. of		
12				on is a summary of the exchange		
13		-	-	company in the period reported and		
14				t indicate a purchaser's/owner's		
15		-	-	to any specific choice or range of		
16			es, since availablility at indivi	• •		
17	<b>▲</b>			eipt of the information required by		
18		and any	other information which th	e Commissioners-Commission may		
19	by rule require.	0				
20				s (a), (2), (3), (13), (14), (15), and		
21			•	ear preceding the year in which the		
22			-	livered within the first 180 days of		
23	• •			December 31 of the year two years		
24	preceding the year in which the information is delivered to the purchaser. The remaining					
25	-			urate as of a date which is no more		
26	• •			on is delivered to the purchaser.		
27				an exchange program directly to the		
28	-			leliver to each purchaser or owner,		
29	•			cution of any contract between the		
30	-			information set forth in subsection		
31		-		all not apply to any renewal of a		
32			ner and an exchange compan			
33				advertisements, or other materials		
34	•			sers in this State which contain the		
35			d exchanges described in (a)(	(17)c. must include the statement set		
36	forth in (a)(18).					
37			<b>7.(I)</b> G.S. 93A-54 reads as re	written:		
38		-	ry action by Commission.			
39				o take disciplinary action. Upon its		
40			-	my person, the Commission may		
41	•		•	n, developer, or project broker of a		
42		-		any other person or entity who shall		
43	assume to act in	such c	apacity. If the Commission fi	nds probable cause that a time share		
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1 2 3 4	salesperson, developer, or project broker has violated any of the provisions of this Article, the Commission may hold a hearing on the allegations of misconduct. The Commission shall have has the power to suspend or revoke at any time a real estate license issued to a time share salesperson or project broker, or a certificate of						
5		a time share project issued to a developer; or to reprimand or censure					
6	•	n, developer, or project broker; or to fine such developer in the amount					
7	of five hundred	of five hundred dollars (\$500.00) for each violation of this Article, if, after a hearing,					
8	the Commission adjudges either the salesperson, developer, or project broker to be						
9	guilty of:						
10 11	(1)	Making any willful or negligent misrepresentation or any willful or negligent omission of material fact about any time share or time share					
12		project;					
13	(2)	Making any false promises of a character likely to influence, persuade,					
14		or induce;					
15	(3)	Pursuing a course of misrepresentation or making of false promises					
16		through agents, salesperson, advertising or otherwise;					
17	(4)	Failing, within a reasonable time, to account for all money received					
18		from others in a time share transaction, and failing to remit such					
19		monies as may be required in G.S. 93A-45 of this Article;					
20	(5)	Acting as a time share salesperson or time share developer in a manner					
21		as to endanger the interest of the public;					
22	(6)	Paying a commission, salary, or other valuable consideration to any					
23 24	(7)	person for acts or services performed in violation of this Article;					
24 25	(7)	Any other conduct which constitutes improper, fraudulent, or dishonest dealing;					
25 26	(8)	Performing or undertaking to perform any legal service as set forth in					
20 27	(0)	G.S. 84-2.1, or any other acts not specifically set forth in that section;					
28	(9)	Failing to deposit and maintain in a trust or escrow account in an					
<u>2</u> 9	(>)	insured bank or savings and loan association in North Carolina all					
30		money received from others in a time share transaction as may be					
31		required in G.S. 93A-45 of this Article or failing to place with an					
32		independent escrow agent the funds of a time share purchaser when					
33		required by G.S. 93A-42(c);					
34	(10)	Failing to deliver to a purchaser a public offering statement containing					
35		the information required by G.S. 93A-44 and any other disclosures that					
36		the Commission may by regulation require;					
37	(11)	Failing to comply with the provisions of Chapter 75 of the General					
38		Statutes in the advertising or promotion of time shares for sale, or					
39		failing to assure such compliance by persons engaged on behalf of a					
40		developer;					
41	(12)	Failing to comply with the provisions of G.S. 93A-48 in furnishing					
42		complete and accurate information to purchasers concerning any					
43		exchange program which may be offered to such purchaser;					

1	(13)	Making any false or fraudulent representation on an applic	ation for			
2 3	(14)	registration;				
	(14)	Violating any rule or regulation promulgated by the Commissi				
4	(15)	Failing to record or cause to be recorded a time share instru-				
5		required by G.S. 93A-42(c), or failing to provide a purch	laser the			
6		protection against liens required by G.S. 93A-57(a); or				
7	(16)	Failing as a time share project broker to exercise reasona				
8		adequate supervision of the conduct of sales at his a project or				
9		by the brokers and salespersons under his the time share	<u>e project</u>			
10		<u>broker's</u> control.				
11	(a1) The c	elear proceeds of fines collected pursuant to subsection (a) of this	s section			
12	shall be remitte	ed to the Civil Penalty and Forfeiture Fund in accordance w	with G.S.			
13	115C-457.2.					
14	(b) Follo	wing a hearing, the Commission shall also have power to su	spend or			
15	revoke any cert	tificate of registration issued under the provisions of this Arti	cle or to			
16	reprimand or c	ensure any developer when the registrant has been convicte	d or has			
17		f guilty or no contest upon which final judgment is entered by a				
18	_	diction in this State, or any other state, of the criminal offe				
19		obtaining money under false pretense, fraud, forgery, consp				
20	defraud, or any other offense involving moral turpitude which would reasonably affect					
21	•	performance in the time share business.	5			
22		Commission may appear in its own name in superior court in ac	tions for			
23		f to prevent any person or entity from violating the provision				
24	•	s promulgated by the Commission. The superior court shall				
25						
26	power to grant these injunctions even if criminal prosecution has been or may be instituted as a result of the violations, or regardless of whether the person or entity has					
27	been registered by the Commission.					
28	U	developer shall maintain or cause to be maintained complete re	ecords of			
29	· · ·	re transaction including records pertaining to the deposit, main				
30	-					
31	and withdrawal of money required to be held in a trust or escrow account, or as a thermulae required by the Commission under $C = 0.24.45$ of this Article. The					
32	otherwise required by the Commission, under G.S. 93A-45 of this Article. The Commission may inspect these records periodically without prior notice and may also					
33		cords whenever the Commission determines that they are pertin				
33 34			ent to an			
34 35		any specific complaint against a registrant.	ndar this			
		a licensee is accused of any act, omission, or misconduct u				
36		vould subject the licensee to disciplinary action, the licensee m	•			
37		l approval of the Commission, surrender his or itsthe licensee				
38	-	s and privileges pertaining to it for a period of time to be established	•			
39		n. A licensee who surrenders his or itsa license shall not be elig				
40	•	application for, licensure as a real estate broker or salesp				
41	-	a time share project during the period of license surrender.				
42		section, the term licensee shall include a time share developer."				
43	SEC	<b>FION 37.(m)</b> G.S. 93A-58 reads as rewritten:				
	Uouso D:11 220*	First Edition	Decc 20			
	House Bill 338*		Page 39			

#### 1 "§ 93A-58. Registrar required; criminal penalties; project broker.

(a) Every developer of a registered project shall, by affidavit filed with the
Commission, designate a natural person to serve as time share registrar for its registered
projects. The registrar shall be responsible for the recordation of time share instruments
and the release of liens required by G.S. 93A-42(c) and G.S. 93A-57(a). A developer
may, from time to time, change the designated time share registrar by proper filing with
the Commission and by otherwise complying with this subsection. No sales or offers to
sell shall be made until the registrar is designated for a time share project.

9 The registrar has the duty to ensure that the provisions of this Article are complied 10 with in a time share project for which <u>he the person</u> is registrar. No registrar shall record 11 a time share instrument except as provided by this Article.

12 (b) A time share registrar shall be is guilty of a Class I felony if he or she 13 knowingly or recklessly fails to record or cause to be recorded a time share instrument 14 as required by this Article.

A person responsible as general partner, corporate officer, joint venturer or sole proprietor of the developer of a time share project shall be is guilty of a Class I felony if <u>he the person</u> intentionally allows the offering for sale or the sale of time share to purchasers without first designating a time share registrar.

19 (c) The developer shall designate for each project and other locations where time 20 shares are sold or offered for sale a project broker. The project broker shall act as 21 supervising broker for all persons licensed as salespersons at the project or other 22 location and shall directly, personally, and actively supervise all persons licensed as 23 brokers or salespersons at the project or other location in a manner to reasonably ensure 24 that the sale of time shares will be conducted in accordance with the provisions of this 25 Chapter.

26

**SECTION 38.** This act is effective when it becomes law.