## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

## SESSION 1999

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## HOUSE BILL 1855 Committee Substitute Favorable 6/20/00

Short Title: State Health Plan Changes.	(Public)
Sponsors:	
Referred to:	

## May 30, 2000

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT PERTAINING TO PRESCRIPTION DRUG, RETIREE PREMIUMS, AND CHRONIC CONDITION CLAIM COSTS UNDER THE TEACHERS' AND STATE EMPLOYEES' COMPREHENSIVE MAJOR MEDICAL PLAN.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

Section 1. G.S. 135-40.5(g) reads as rewritten:

"(g) Prescription Drugs. – The Plan's allowable charges for prescription legend drugs to be used outside of a hospital or skilled nursing facility are ninety percent (90%) of the average wholesale price for branded prescriptions and forty percent (40%) of the average wholesale price for generic prescriptions. A dispensing fee of six dollars (\$6.00) four dollars (\$4.00) per prescription shall also be an allowable charge for qualified providers. The Plan will pay allowable charges for each outpatient prescription drug less a copayment to be paid by each covered individual equal to the following amounts: pharmacy charges up to ten dollars (\$10.00) for each generic prescription, fifteen dollars (\$15.00) for each branded prescription with a generic equivalent drug. drug, and twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) for each branded or generic prescription not on a formulary used by the Plan. Allowable charges shall not be greater than a pharmacy's usual and customary charge to the general public for a particular prescription. Prescriptions shall be for no more than a 34-day

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supply for the purposes of the copayments paid by each covered individual. By accepting the copayments and any remaining allowable charges provided by this subsection, pharmacies shall not balance bill an individual covered by the Plan. A prescription legend drug is defined as an article the label of which, under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, is required to bear the legend: 'Caution: Federal Law Prohibits Dispensing Without Prescription.' Such articles may not be sold to or purchased by the public without a prescription order. Benefits are provided for insulin even though a prescription is not required.

The Plan may use a pharmacy benefit manager to help manage the Plan's outpatient prescription drug coverage. Any formulary used by the manager shall be an open formulary. A manager may implement dispensing limits, manufacturer rebates, generic substitutions, concurrent reviews for compliance with appropriate clinical protocols, cost-effective protocols, and contraindications, and prospective reviews for drugs requiring prior approval. A manager shall be required to maintain continuous and open communications with physicians, pharmacies, and members of the Plan regarding the safest and most efficacious use of outpatient prescription drugs."

Section 2. G.S. 135-39.4A(f) reads as rewritten:

"(f) The Executive Administrator may employ such clerical and professional staff, and such other assistance as may be necessary to assist the Executive Administrator and the Board of Trustees in carrying out their duties and responsibilities under this Article. The Executive Administrator may also negotiate, renegotiate and execute contracts with third parties in the performance of his duties and responsibilities under this Article; provided any contract negotiations, renegotiations and execution with a Claims Processor or with an optional prepaid hospital and medical benefit plan or with a preferred provider of institutional or professional hospital and medical care or with a pharmacy benefit manager shall be done only after consultation with the Committee on Employee Hospital and Medical Benefits."

Section 3. Effective January 1, 2001, G.S. 135-39.5 is amended by adding subdivisions to read:

- "(24) Implementing and administering a case management and disease management program.
- (25) Implementing and administering a pharmacy benefit management program through a third-party contract awarded after competitive bid."

Section 4. Effective January 1, 2001, G.S. 135-40.6A(b) is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

"(10) Outpatient prescription drugs requiring prospective review under the Plan's pharmacy benefit management program."

Section 5. G.S. 135-40.7 is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

"(23) Charges disallowed by the Plan's pharmacy benefits manager."

Section 6.(a) G.S. 135-40.2(a) reads as rewritten:

"(a) The following persons are eligible for coverage under the Plan, on a noncontributory basis, subject to the provisions of G.S. 135-40.3:

(2)	Retired teachers, State employees, members of the Genera
	Assembly, and retired State law enforcement officers who retired
	under the Law Enforcement Officers' Retirement System prior to
	January 1, 1985. For employees first hired on and after October 1, 1995
	and members of the General Assembly first taking office on and afte
	October 1, 1995, future coverage as retired employees and retired
	members of the General Assembly is subject to a requirement that the
	future retiree have 20 or more years of retirement service credit in order to
	be covered by the provisions of this subdivision."
Section 6.(b)	G.S. 135-40.2(a1) and G.S. 135-40.2(b)(11) are repealed.
Section 7	. This act becomes effective August 1, 2000, unless otherwise stated.
	Section 6.(b)