SESSION 1997

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SENATE BILL 249

Short Title: Bond Payment Change.

Sponsors: Senators Carpenter, Kerr, Hartsell; Cochrane, Conder, Garwood, and Warren.

Referred to: Finance.

February 26, 1997

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 1 2 AN ACT TO CLARIFY WHAT FUNDS MAY BE USED TO REPAY REVENUE 3 BONDS AND SPECIAL OBLIGATION BONDS AND TO ADD AN 4 ADDITIONAL CONDITION FOR APPROVAL OF REVENUE BONDS. 5 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: Section 1. G.S. 159-94(a) reads as rewritten: 6 7 Revenue bonds shall be special obligations of the State or the municipality "(a) issuing them. The principal of and interest on revenue bonds shall not be payable from 8 secured by the general funds of the State or the municipality, as the case may be, nor 9 shall they constitute a legal or equitable pledge, charge, lien, or encumbrance upon any of 10 its property or upon any of its income, receipts, or revenues, except the funds which are 11 pledged under the bond order authorizing the bonds. Neither the credit nor the taxing 12 power of the State or the municipality, as the case may be, are pledged for the payment of 13 the principal or interest of revenue bonds, and no holder of revenue bonds has the right to 14 compel the exercise of the taxing power by the State or the municipality, as the case may 15 be, or the forfeiture of any of its property in connection with any default thereon. Every 16 revenue bond shall recite in substance that the principal of and interest on the bond is 17 payable solely from secured solely by the revenues pledged to its payment and that the 18 State or the municipality, as the case may be, is not obligated to pay the principal or 19 interest except from such-those revenues." 20

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1 2 3 Section 2. G.S. 159I-30 reads as rewritten:

"§ 159I-30. Additional powers of units of local government; issuance of special obligation bonds and notes.

4 (a) Any unit of local government may borrow money for the purpose of financing 5 or refinancing its cost of the acquisition or construction of a project and may issue special 6 obligation bonds and notes, including bond anticipation notes and renewal notes, 7 pursuant to the provisions of this section and the applicable provisions of this Chapter for 8 such-this purpose.

9 (b) Each unit of local government may agree to apply to pledge for the payment of a 10 special obligation bond or note any available source or sources of revenues of the unit 11 and, to the extent the generation of the revenues is within the power of the unit, to may 12 enter into covenants to take action in order to generate the revenues, provided the 13 agreement to use such as long as the pledge of these sources to make for payments or such 14 the covenant to generate revenues does not constitute a pledge of the unit's taxing power.

No agreement or covenant shall contain a nonsubstitution clause which restricts the right of a unit of local government to replace or provide a substitute for any project financed pursuant to this section.

18 The obligation sources of payment pledged by of a unit of local government with 19 respect to the sources of payment shall be specifically identified in the proceedings of the 20 governing body authorizing the unit to issue the special obligation bonds or notes.

21 In addition, a unit of local government that has issued special obligation bonds or notes may later pledge for the payment of a bond or note any additional available source 22 23 of revenue of the unit, as long as the pledge of the source does not constitute a pledge of 24 the taxing power of the unit. The source of payment pledged shall be specifically identified in the proceedings of the governing body of the unit pledging the source. The 25 governing body of the unit may not pledge an additional source of revenue pursuant to 26 this paragraph unless the pledge is first approved by the Local Government Commission 27 pursuant to the procedures provided in subsection (i) of this section. 28

The sources of payment so specifically identified pledged and then held or thereafter 29 received by a unit or any fiduciary thereof shall immediately be subject to the lien of the 30 proceedings-pledge without any physical delivery of the sources or further act. The lien 31 32 shall be valid and binding as against all parties having claims of any kind in tort, contract, 33 or otherwise against a unit without regard to whether the parties have notice thereof. The proceedings or any other document or action by which the lien on a source of payment is 34 35 created need not be filed or recorded in any manner other than as provided in this 36 Chapter.

Any special obligation bonds or notes may provide additional security by the granting
 of a security interest in the project financed to secure payment of the purchase money
 provided by such bonds or notes, including a deed of trust on any real property so
 acquired.
 (b1) In connection with issuing its special obligation bonds or special obligation

(b1) In connection with issuing its special obligation bonds or special obligation
 bond anticipation notes under this Chapter, a unit of local government may grant a
 security interest in the project financed, or in all or some portion of the property on which

1		cated, or in both. If a unit of local government determines to provide
2		ity as authorized by this subsection, the following conditions apply:
3	<u>(1)</u>	No bond order may contain a nonsubstitution clause that restricts the
4		right of a unit of local government to:
5		a. <u>Continue to provide a service or activity; or</u>
6		b. <u>Replace or provide a substitute for any municipal purpose</u>
7		financed pursuant to the bond order.
8	<u>(2)</u>	A bond order is subject to approval by the Commission under Article 8
9		of Chapter 159 of the General Statutes if it:
10		<u>a.</u> Meets the standards set out in G.S. $159-148(a)(1)$, $159-148(a)(2)$,
11		and 159-148(a)(3), or involves the construction or repair of
12		fixtures or improvements on real property; and
13		b. <u>Is not exempted from the provisions of that Article by one of the</u>
14		exemptions contained in G.S. 159-148(b)(1) and (2).
15		The Commission approval required by this subdivision is in addition to
16		the Commission approval required by subsection (i) of this section.
17	<u>(3)</u>	No deficiency judgment payable from sources derived from the exercise
18		of a unit of local government's taxing power may be rendered against
19		any unit of local government in any action for breach of a bond order
20		authorized by this section, and the taxing power of a unit of local
21		government is not and may not be pledged directly or indirectly to
22		secure any moneys due under a bond order authorized by this section.
23		A unit of local government may, in its sole discretion, use tax proceeds
24		to pay the principal of or interest or premium on bonds or notes, but
25		shall not pledge or agree to do so.
26	<u>(4)</u>	Before granting a security interest under this subsection, a unit of local
27	~~~	government shall hold a public hearing on the proposed security
28		interest. A notice of the public hearing shall be published once at least
29		10 days before the date fixed for the hearing.
30	(c) Any b	bond anticipation notes may be made payable from the proceeds of bonds
31	•	s or, in the event bond or renewal note proceeds are not available, the
32		aid from any sources available under G.S. 159I-30(b). Bonds or notes
33		d from the proceeds of any credit facility. The bonds and notes of each
34		ated and may be made redeemable prior to maturity at the option of the
35		vernment or otherwise, at such price or prices, on such date or dates, and

unit of local government or otherwise, at such price or prices, on such date or dates, and upon such terms and conditions as may be determined by the unit. The bonds or notes may also be made payable from time to time on demand or tender for purchase by the owner, upon terms and conditions determined by the unit.

39 (d) The interest payable by a unit on any special obligation bonds or notes may be 40 at such rate or rates, including variable rates as authorized in this section, as may be 41 determined by the Local Government Commission with the approval of the governing 42 body of the unit. Such-This approval may be given as the governing body of the unit may

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direct, including, without limitation, a certificate signed by a representative of the unit
 designated by the governing body of the unit.

3 Special obligation bonds and notes shall be special obligations of the unit of (e) 4 local government issuing them. The principal of, and interest and any premium on, 5 special obligation bonds and notes shall be payable secured solely from by any one or 6 more of the sources of payment authorized by this section as may be specified-pledged in 7 the proceedings, resolution, or trust agreement under which they are authorized or 8 secured. Neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the unit of local government 9 are pledged for the payment of the principal of, or interest or any premium on, any special obligation bonds or notes, and no owner of special obligation bonds or notes has 10 the right to compel the exercise of the taxing power by the unit in connection with any 11 12 default thereon. Every special obligation bond and note shall recite in substance that the principal and interest and any premium on such-the bond or note are payable-secured 13 14 solely from-by the sources of payment specified-pledged in the bond order or trust, order, resolution, or trust agreement under which it is authorized or secured, provided that:-as 15 long as: 16

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- (1) Any such use of <u>such-these</u> sources will not constitute a pledge of the unit's taxing power; and
- (2) The <u>municipality unit</u> is not obligated to pay <u>such the principal or interest</u> or premium except from <u>such these</u> sources.

(f) In fixing the details of bonds or notes, the unit of local government may
 provide that any of the bonds or notes may:

- 23 Be made payable from time to time on demand or tender for purchase (1)24 by the owner thereof provided as long as a credit facility supports such the bonds or notes, unless the Local Government Commission 25 specifically determines that a credit facility is not required upon a 26 27 finding and determination by the Local Government Commission that the absence of a credit facility will not materially and adversely affect 28 29 the financial position of the unit and the marketing of the bonds or notes at a reasonable interest cost to the unit: 30
 - (2) Be additionally supported by a credit facility;
- 32 (3) Be made subject to redemption or a mandatory tender for purchase prior
 33 to maturity;
- 34 (4) Bear interest at a rate or rates that may vary for such period or periods
 35 of time, all as may be provided in the proceedings providing for the
 36 issuance of such-the bonds or notes including, without limitation, such
 37 variations as may be permitted pursuant to a par formula; and
- 38 (5) Be made the subject of a remarketing agreement whereby an attempt is
 39 made to remarket the bonds or notes to new purchasers prior to their
 40 presentment for payment to the provider of the credit facility or to the
 41 unit.
- 42 (g) As used in this section:

1	(1)	'Credit facility' means an agreement entered into by the unit with a bank,
2		savings and loan association or other banking institution, an insurance
3		company, reinsurance company, surety company or other insurance
4		institution, a corporation, investment banking firm or other investment
5		institution, or any financial institution proving providing for prompt
6		payment of all or any part of the principal, or purchase price (whether at
7		maturity, presentment, or tender for purchase, redemption, or
8		acceleration), redemption premium, if any, and interest on any bonds or
9		notes payable on demand or tender by the owner, in consideration of the
10		unit agreeing to repay the provider of such-the credit facility in
11		accordance with the terms and provisions of such-the agreement; the
12		provider of any credit facility may be located either within or without
13		the United States of America.
14	(2)	'Par formula' means any provision or formula adopted by the unit to

- 14 (2) 'Par formula' means any provision or formula adopted by the unit to
 15 provide for the adjustment, from time to time of the interest rate or rates
 16 borne by any bonds or notes including:
 - a. A provision providing for such adjustment so that the purchase price of such bonds or notes in the open market would be as close to par as possible;
 - b. A provision providing for such adjustment based upon a percentage or percentages of a prime rate or base rate, which percentage or percentages may vary or be applied for different periods of time; or
 - c. <u>Such Any</u> other provision as the unit may determine to be consistent with this section and the applicable provisions of this Chapter and does not materially and adversely affect the financial position of the unit and the marketing of the bonds or notes at a reasonable interest cost to the unit.

The obligation of a unit of local government under a credit facility to repay any drawing thereunder may be made payable and otherwise secured, to the extent applicable, as provided in this section.

32 (h) Notes shall mature at such time or times and bonds shall mature, not exceeding 33 40 years from their date or dates, as may be determined by the unit of local government, 34 provided-except that no such maturity dates may exceed the maximum maturity periods 35 prescribed by the Local Government Commission pursuant to G.S. 159-122, as it may be amended from time to time. The unit shall determine the form and manner of execution 36 of the bonds or notes, including any interest coupons to be attached thereto, and shall fix 37 38 the denomination or denominations and the place or places of payment of principal and 39 interest, which may be any bank or trust company within or without the United States. In case any officer of such the unit whose signature, or a facsimile of whose signature, shall 40 appear-appears on any bonds or notes or coupons, if any, shall cease to be such-ceases to be 41 42 the officer before delivery thereof, such signature or such-the signature or facsimile shall nevertheless be valid and sufficient for all purposes the same as if such-the officer had 43

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remained in office until such the delivery. Any bond or note or coupon may bear the 1 2 facsimile signatures of such persons who at the actual time or the execution thereof shall 3 be were the proper officers to sign although at the date of such the bond or note or coupon 4 such these persons may not have been such officer. the proper officers. The unit may also 5 provide for the authentication of the bonds or notes by a trustee or other authenticating 6 agent. The bonds or notes may be issued as certificated or uncertificated obligations or 7 both, and in coupon or in registered form, or both, as the unit may determine, and 8 provision may be made for the registration of any coupon bonds or notes as to principal 9 alone and also as to both principal and interest, and for the reconversion into coupon bonds or notes of any bonds or notes registered as to both principal and interest, and for 10 the interchange of registered and coupon bonds or notes. Any system for registration 11 12 may be established as the unit may determine.

No bonds or notes may be issued by a unit of local government under this 13 (i) 14 section unless the issuance is approved and the bonds or notes are sold by the Local 15 Government Commission as provided in this section and the applicable provisions of this Chapter. The unit shall file with the Secretary of the Local Government Commission an 16 17 application requesting approval of the issuance of such-the bonds or notes, which 18 application shall contain such information and shall have attached to it such documents concerning the proposed financing as the Secretary of the Local Government 19 20 Commission may require. The Commission may prescribe the form of the application. 21 Before the Secretary accepts the application, the Secretary may require the governing body of the unit or its representatives to attend a preliminary conference, at which time 22 23 the Secretary or the deputies of the Secretary may informally discuss the proposed issue 24 and the timing of the steps taken in issuing the special obligation bonds or notes.

In determining whether a proposed bond or note issue should be approved, the Local 25 Government Commission may consider, to the extent applicable as shall be determined 26 27 by the Local Government Commission, the criteria set forth in G.S. 159-52 and G.S. 159-86, as either may be amended from time to time, as well as the effect of the proposed 28 29 financing upon any scheduled or proposed sale of obligations by the State or by any of its agencies or departments or by any unit of local government in the State. The Local 30 Government Commission shall approve the issuance of such-the bonds or notes if, upon 31 the information and evidence it receives, it finds and determines that the proposed 32 33 financing will satisfy such criteria and will effect the purposes of this section and the applicable provisions of this Chapter. An approval of an issue shall not be regarded as an 34 35 approval of the legality of the issue in any respect. A decision by the Local Government Commission denying an application is final. 36

Upon the filing with the Local Government Commission of a written request of the unit requesting that its bonds or notes be sold, <u>such-the</u> bonds or notes may be sold by the Local Government Commission in such manner, either at public or private sale, and for such price or prices as the Local Government Commission shall determine to be in the best interests of the unit and to effect the purposes of this section and the applicable provisions of this Chapter, provided that such sale shall be if the sale is approved by the unit.

1 (j) The proceeds of any bonds or notes shall be used solely for the purposes for 2 which the bonds or notes were issued and shall be disbursed in such manner and under 3 such restrictions, if any, as the unit may provide in the resolution authorizing the issuance 4 of, or in any trust agreement securing, the bonds or notes.

5 (k) Prior to the preparation of definitive bonds, the unit may issue interim receipts 6 or temporary bonds, with or without coupons, exchangeable for definitive bonds when 7 such-definitive bonds have been executed and are available for delivery. The unit may 8 also provide for the replacement of any bonds or notes which shall become mutilated or 9 shall be destroyed or lost.

10 (1)Bonds or notes may be issued under the provisions of this section and the applicable provisions of this Chapter without obtaining, except as otherwise expressly 11 12 provided in this section and the applicable provisions of this Chapter, the consent of any department, division, commission, board, body, bureau, or agency of the State and 13 14 without any other proceedings or the happening of any conditions or things other than 15 those proceedings, conditions, or things that are specifically required by this section, the applicable provisions of this Chapter, and the provisions of the resolution authorizing the 16 17 issuance of, or any trust agreement securing, such the bonds or notes.

18 In the discretion of the unit of local government, any bonds and notes issued (m)under the provisions of this section may be secured by a trust agreement by and between 19 20 the unit and a corporate trustee or by a resolution providing for the appointment of a 21 corporate trustee. Bonds and notes may also be issued under an order or resolution without a corporate trustee. The corporate trustee may be, in either case any trust 22 23 company or bank having the powers of a trust company within or without the State. Such 24 The trust agreement or resolution may pledge or assign such sources of revenue as may be permitted under this section. The trust agreement or resolution may contain such 25 provisions for protecting and enforcing the rights and remedies of the owners of any 26 27 bonds or notes issued thereunder as may be reasonable and proper and not in violation of law, including covenants setting forth the duties of the unit in respect of the purposes to 28 29 which bond or note proceeds may be applied, the disposition and application of the revenues of the unit, the duties of the unit with respect to the project, the disposition of 30 any charges and collection of any revenues and administrative charges, the terms and 31 32 conditions of the issuance of additional bonds and notes, and the custody, safeguarding, 33 investment, and application of all moneys. All bonds and notes issued under this section shall be equally and ratably secured by a lien upon the revenues provided in such-pledged 34 35 in the trust agreement or resolution, without priority by reasons of number, or dates of bonds or notes, execution, or delivery, in accordance with the provision of this section 36 37 and of such-the trust agreement or resolution; provided, however, resolution, except that the 38 unit may provide in such-the trust agreement or resolution that bonds or notes issued 39 pursuant thereto shall, to the extent and in the manner prescribed in such-the trust agreement or resolution, be subordinated and junior in standing, with respect to the 40 payment of principal and interest and to the security thereof, to any other bonds or notes. 41 42 It shall be lawful for any bank or trust company that may act as depositary-depository of the proceeds of bonds or notes, revenues, or any other money hereunder to furnish such 43

indemnifying bonds or to pledge such securities as may be required by the unit. Any 1 2 trust agreement or resolution may set out the rights and remedies of the owners of any 3 bonds or notes and of any trustee, and may restrict the individual rights of action by the 4 owners. In addition to the foregoing, any trust agreement or resolution may contain such 5 other provisions as the unit may deem reasonable and proper for the security of the 6 owners of any bonds or notes. Expenses incurred in carrying out the provisions of any 7 trust agreement or resolution may be treated as a part of the cost of any project or as an 8 administrative charge and may be paid from the revenues or from any other funds 9 available.

10 The State does pledge to, and agree with, the holders of any bonds or notes issued by any unit that so long as any of such-the bonds or notes are outstanding and unpaid the 11 12 State will not limit or alter the rights vested in the unit at the time of issuance of the bonds or notes to set the terms and conditions of the bonds or notes and to fulfill the 13 14 terms of any agreements made with the bondholders or noteholders. The State shall in no 15 way impair the rights and remedies of the bondholders or noteholders until the bonds or 16 notes and all costs and expenses in connection with any action or proceedings by or on 17 behalf of the bondholders or noteholders, are fully paid, met, and discharged.

18 (n) The provisions of G.S. 159I-15(a), (d), and (e) relating to the Agency and its 19 bonds and notes shall apply to a unit of local government and its bonds and notes issued 20 under this section and the applicable provisions of this Chapter, <u>provided-except</u> that the 21 source or sources of revenue <u>available-pledged</u> to pay bonds and notes of a unit of local 22 government shall be limited as provided in this section.

(o) The provisions of G.S. 159I-17 relating to the Agency and its trust funds and
 investments shall apply to a unit of local government and its trust funds and investments,
 provided except that any such moneys of a unit shall be deposited and invested only as
 provided in G.S. 159-30, as it may be amended from time to time.

(p) The provisions of G.S. 159I-18, 159I-19, 159I-20, and 159I-23 relating to
remedies, the Uniform Commercial Code, investment eligibility and tax exemption as such
eligibility, and tax exemption, as they relate to the Agency's bonds and notes.
apply to a unit of local government and its bonds and notes."

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Section 3. G.S. 159-86(b) reads as rewritten:

"(b) The Commission shall approve the application if, upon the information and
 evidence it receives, it finds and determines: determines all of the following:

- (1) That the proposed revenue bond issue is necessary or expedient.
- (2) That the amount proposed is adequate and not
- excessive for the proposed purpose of the issue.
 - (3) That the proposed project is feasible.
- 38 (4) That the State's or the municipality's, as the case may be, debt
 39 management procedures and policies are good, or that reasonable
 40 assurances have been given that its debt will henceforth be managed in
 41 strict compliance with law.
- 42 (5) That the proposed revenue bonds can be marketed at reasonable interest
 43 cost to the State or the municipality, as the case may be.

1 (6) That the probable net revenues of the project to be financed will be 2 sufficient to service the proposed revenue bonds." 2 Section 4 Section 2 of this act becomes affective October 1, 1007, and employed

Section 4. Section 3 of this act becomes effective October 1, 1997, and applies
to applications filed on or after that date. The remainder of this act is effective when it
becomes law.