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SENATE BILL 1229 Second Edition Engrossed 5/27/98

Short Title: Abolish Inheritance Tax Waivers.

(Public)

Sponsors: Senators Kerr, Cochrane, Dalton, Hartsell, Hoyle, and Webster.

Referred to: Finance.

May 21, 1998

1	A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO ABOLISH TAX WAIVERS FOR THE TRANSFER OR DELIVERANCE
3	OF A DECEDENT'S PROPERTY.
4	The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
5	Section 1. G.S. 105-2.1 reads as rewritten:
6	"§ 105-2.1. Internal Revenue Code definition. Definitions.
7	As used in this Article, the term "Code" has the same meaning as in G.S. 105-228.90.
8	The following definitions apply in this Article:
9	$(1) \qquad \underline{\text{Code.} - \text{Defined in G.S. 105-228.90.}}$
10	(2) Collector. – Defined in G.S. $28A-1-1$.
11	(3) <u>Personal representative. – Defined in G.S. 28A-1-1.</u> "
12	Section 2. G.S. 105-11 is repealed.
13	Section 3. G.S. 105-11.1 is repealed.
14	Section 4. G.S. 105-12 is repealed.
15	Section 5. Article 1 of Chapter 105 of the General Statutes is amended by
16	adding a new section to read:
17	" <u>§ 105-13.1. Notices to Secretary of certain payments.</u>
18	(a) Life Insurance Policy. – When a company pays the proceeds of a life insurance
19	policy as a result of the death of an individual who owned the policy and was the named

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1	insured under the policy, the company must notify the Secretary of the payment on a
2	form approved by the Secretary unless one of the following applies:
3	(1) The payment is to the surviving spouse.
4	(2) The payment is to a Class A beneficiary, as described in G.S. 105-4(a),
5	and the proceeds of the policy do not exceed one hundred thousand
6	<u>dollars (\$100,000).</u>
7	(b) <u>Annuity and IRA. – When a company pays the initial payment of an annuity or</u>
8	the initial distribution of an IRA as a result of the death of the annuitant or owner of the
9	IRA, the company must notify the Secretary of the payment or distribution on a form
10	approved by the Secretary unless one of the following applies:
11	(1) The payment or distribution is to the surviving spouse.
12	(2) <u>The payment or distribution is to a Class A beneficiary, as described in</u>
13	G.S. 105-4(a), and the total amount to be paid under the annuity or
14	distributed under the IRA does not exceed one hundred thousand dollars
15	<u>(\$100,000</u>)."
16	Section 6. G.S. 105-20 reads as rewritten:
17	"§ 105-20. Legacy charged upon real estate, heir or devisee to deduct and pay tax;
18	limitation; Inheritance or Estate Tax Waiver. <u>Taxes are a lien on real</u>
19	property in an estate.
20	Whenever such legacy shall be charged upon or payable out of real estate, the heir or
21	devisee of such real estate, before paying the same to such legatee, shall deduct the tax
22	therefrom at the rates aforesaid, and pay the amount so deducted to the executor or
23	administrator or the Secretary of Revenue, and the same shall remain a charge upon such
24	real estate until paid, and in default thereof the same shall be enforced by the decrees of
25	the court in the same manner as the payment of such legacy may be enforced: Provided,
26	that all taxes imposed by this Article shall be a lien upon the real and personal property of
27	the estate on which the tax is imposed or upon the proceeds arising from the sale of such
28	property from the time said tax is due and payable, and shall continue a lien until said tax
29 20	is paid and receipted for by the proper officer of the State: Provided further, that no lien
30	for inheritance or estate taxes shall attach or affect the land after 10 years from the date of
31	death of the decedent: Provided further, that no taxes imposed by this Article shall be a
32	lien upon real property that is released by an Inheritance or Estate Tax Waiver issued by
33	the Secretary of Revenue. An Inheritance or Estate Tax Waiver issued by the Secretary
34	of Revenue and bearing the signature or official facsimile signature of the Secretary of
35	Revenue covering real property may be registered in the office of the Register of Deeds of the county or counties where the real estate described in the waiver is located. No
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37	formalities as to acknowledgement, probate, or approval by any officer shall be required
38 39	as a condition to such registration. An Inheritance or Estate Tax Waiver so registered shall be conclusive evidence that the real property described in such waiver is not subject
39 40	to the lien of any taxes imposed by this Article.
40 41	<u>The taxes imposed by this Article on the transfer of real or personal property are a lien</u>
41	on the real property in an estate and on the proceeds arising from the sale of real property.
42	The lien is created at the date of death of the decedent and continues until the tax is paid,
-UF	The new is created at the date of death of the decedent and continues until the tax is paid,

10 years have elapsed since the date of the decedent's death, or the lien is released. A lien 1 is released when the Secretary issues a tax waiver for the lien, the Secretary issues an 2 3 inheritance tax certificate, or the personal representative files a tax certification with the 4 clerk of superior court. A tax waiver may be filed in the office of the register of deeds of 5 each county where the property is located. No formalities as to acknowledgment, probate, or approval by any officer are required as a condition to filing. The filing of a 6 7 tax waiver is conclusive evidence that the real property described in the waiver is not 8 subject to a lien for taxes imposed by this Article." Section 7. G.S. 105-24 reads as rewritten: 9 "§ 105-24. Tax waiver required for transfer of decedents' property in some cases; 10 inventory of lock boxes; withdrawal of bank deposits, etc., payable to 11 12 either husband or wife or survivor. Inventory of safe-deposit boxes. No safe deposit company, trust company, corporation, bank, or other 13 (a) 14 institution, person or persons having in possession or control or custody, in whole or in 15 part, securities, deposits, assets, or property belonging to or standing in the name of a decedent, or belonging to or standing in the joint names of decedent and one or more 16 17 persons, shall deliver or transfer the same to any person whatsoever, whether in a 18 representative capacity or not, or to the survivor or to the survivors when held in the joint 19 names of a decedent and one or more persons, without retaining a sufficient portion or amount thereof to pay taxes or interest assessed under this Article on property transferred 20 21 by the decedent; but the Secretary of Revenue may consent in writing to such delivery or transfer, and such consent shall relieve said safe deposit company, trust company, 22 23 corporation, bank or other institution, person or persons from the obligation herein 24 imposed. Securities whose declaration date is after the decedent's death, or interest that accrues after the decedent's death on money on deposit at a bank, savings and loan 25 association, credit union, or other corporation, however, may be transferred or delivered 26 27 without retaining a portion of the property for the payment of taxes or interest and without obtaining the written consent of the Secretary to the delivery or transfer. 28 29 Provided: The clerk of superior court of the resident county of a decedent may authorize 30 in writing one or more banks, safe deposit companies, trust companies or any other institutions to transfer to the properly qualified representative of the estate any funds on 31 32 deposit in the name of the decedent or the decedent and one or more persons when the 33 aggregate amount of all such deposits in all such institutions is two thousand dollars (\$2,000) or less, and when such deposit or deposits compose the total cash assets of the 34 estate. Such authorization shall have the same force and effect as when issued in writing 35 36 by the Secretary of Revenue. 37 Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, every safe deposit (b)

(b) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, every safe deposit company, trust company, corporation, bank or other institution, person, or persons engaged in the business of renting <u>lock-safe-deposit</u> boxes for the safekeeping of valuable papers and personal effects, or having in their possession or supervision in such <u>lock-safedeposit</u> boxes such valuable papers or personal effects shall, upon the death of any person using or having access to such <u>lock-safe-deposit</u> box, as a condition precedent to the opening of such <u>lock-safe-deposit</u> box by the <u>executor</u>, administrator,-personal representative

lessee representative, collector, lessee, or cotenant of such deceased person, require the 1 2 presence of the clerk of the superior court of the county in which such lock-the box is 3 located. It shall be the duty of the clerk of the superior court, or his representative, in the presence of an officer or <u>a</u> representative of the safe deposit company, trust company, 4 5 corporation, bank, or other institution, person or persons, to make an inventory of the 6 contents of such lock-the box and to furnish a copy of such inventory to the Secretary of Revenue, to the executor, administrator, personal representative, collector, lessee, or 7 8 cotenant of the decedent, and a copy to the safe deposit company, trust company, 9 corporation, bank, or other institution, person, or persons having possession of such lock 10 the safe-deposit box; provided, that for lock-boxes to which decedent merely had access the inventory shall include only assets in which the decedent has or had an interest. 11 12 Immediately after After the clerk of superior court has made an inventory of the contents of the lock-safe-deposit box, the safe deposit company, trust company, corporation, bank 13 14 or other institution, or person shall, upon request, release to the lessee-personal 15 representative, collector, lessee, or cotenant of the lock-box any life insurance policy stored in the lock box for delivery to the beneficiary named in the policy. No other contents of the lock 16 box may be released except Notwithstanding any of the provisions of this section any life 17 18 insurance company may pay the proceeds of any policy upon the life of a decedent to the person 19 entitled thereto as soon as it shall have mailed to the Secretary of Revenue a notice, in such form 20 as the Secretary of Revenue may prescribe, setting forth the fact of such payment; but if such 21 notice be not mailed, all of the provisions of this section shall apply. the contents of the box.

22 Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (b) of this section, if the properly (c)23 qualified personal representative of an estate personal representative, collector, lessee, or cotenant believes upon reliable information that a lock-safe-deposit box to which the 24 25 decedent had access is empty, the personal representative that person may so certify to the clerk of superior court of the county in which the lock-box is located. Upon receipt of this 26 certificate, the clerk may authorize in writing the personal representative or the personal 27 representative's named agent representative, collector, lessee, or cotenant to open the lock 28 29 box outside of the clerk's presence. The personal representative or the personal 30 representative's agent authorized person shall open the lock box in the presence of an officer 31 or a representative of the institution having control or custody of the lock-box, and the personal representative or the personal representative's agent-shall certify to the clerk whether 32 33 the lock-box is or is not empty. The certificate shall include the name of the officer or 34 representative of the institution who was present at the time the lock-box was opened and shall be signed by the officer or representative to indicate that he or she the representative 35 was present. If the lock box is empty, no tax waiver will be required from, and no notice given 36 37 to, the Secretary of Revenue. If the lock-safe-deposit box is not empty, the officer or 38 representative of the institution shall close the lock-box at once and the lock-box may be reopened only in accordance with subsection (b) of this section. 39 40 (\mathbf{d}) Notwithstanding any of the provisions of this section, in any case where a bank

41 deposit has been heretofore made or is hereafter made, or where savings and loan stock
 42 has heretofore been issued or is hereafter issued, in the names of two or more persons and

43 payable to either or the survivor or survivors of them, such bank or savings and loan

association may, upon the death of either of such persons, allow the person or persons 1 2 entitled thereto to withdraw as much as fifty percent (50%) of such deposit or stock, and 3 the balance thereof shall be retained by the bank or savings and loan association to cover 4 any taxes that may thereafter be assessed under this Article. When it is ascertained that 5 there is no liability of such deposit or stock for taxes under this Article, the Secretary of 6 Revenue shall furnish the bank or savings and loan association his written consent for the payment of the retained percentage to the person or persons entitled thereto by law; and 7 8 the Secretary of Revenue may furnish such written consent to the bank or savings and 9 loan association upon the qualification of a personal representative of the deceased. If the 10 person entitled to funds in an account is the surviving spouse and the account is a joint account of the surviving spouse and the decedent with right of survivorship, no tax 11 12 waiver is required from the Secretary of Revenue to release the funds in the account. 13 (e) Failure to comply with the provisions of this section shall render such safe

deposit company, trust company, corporation, bank or other institution, person or persons liable for the amount of the taxes and interest due under this Article on property transferred by the decedent. In any action brought under this provision it shall be a sufficient defense that the delivery or transfer of securities, deposits, assets, or property was made in good faith without knowledge of the death of the decedent and without knowledge of circumstances sufficient to place the defendant on inquiry."

20 21 Section 8. G.S. 105-30 is repealed.

Section 9. G.S. 105-31 reads as rewritten:

22 "§ 105-31. Additional remedies for enforcement of tax. Action to collect tax due.

23 In addition to all other remedies which may now exist under the law, or may hereafter 24 be established, for the collection of the taxes imposed by the preceding sections of this Article, the tax so imposed shall be a lien upon all of the property and upon all of the 25 estate, with respect to which the taxes are levied, as well as collectible out of any other 26 property, resort to which may be had for their payment; and the said taxes shall constitute 27 a debt, which may be recovered in an action brought by the Secretary of Revenue in any 28 29 court of competent jurisdiction in this State, and/or in any court having jurisdiction of 30 actions of debt in any state of the United States, and/or in any court of the United States against an administrator, executor, trustee, or personal representative, and/or any person, 31 corporation, or concern having in hand any property, funds, or assets of any nature, with 32 33 respect to which such tax has been imposed. No title or interest to such estate, funds, 34 assets, or property shall pass, and no disposition thereof shall be made by any person 35 claiming an interest therein until said taxes have been fully paid or until the Secretary of Revenue has released such property by the issuance of an Inheritance or Estate Tax 36 Waiver. Taxes payable under this Article are a debt that may be recovered in an action 37 38 brought by the Secretary against the personal representative or against any other person 39 having in hand any property with respect to which the taxes have been imposed." 40 Section 10. G.S. 25-4-405(c) reads as rewritten:

41 "(c) A transaction, although subject to this Article, is also subject to G.S. 105-24,
42 41-2.1, 53-146.1, 54-109.58, and 54B-129, and in case of conflict between the provisions
43 of this section and either of those sections, the provisions of those sections control."

Section 11. G.S. 41-2.1(f) reads as rewritten: 1 2 "(f) Nothing herein contained shall be construed to This section does not repeal or 3 modify any of the provisions of G.S. 105-24 relating to the administration of the 4 inheritance laws or any other provisions of the law relating to inheritance taxes." 5 Section 12. G.S. 41-2.2(d) reads as rewritten: 6 "(d) Nothing herein contained shall be construed to This section does not repeal or modify any of the provisions of G.S. 105-2, 105-11, and 105-24, relating to the 7 8 administration of the inheritance tax laws, or any other provisions of the law relating to 9 inheritance taxes." 10 Section 13. G.S. 53-146.1(b) reads as rewritten: "(b) Nothing herein contained shall be construed to This section does not repeal or 11 12 modify any of the provisions of G.S. 105-24, relating to the administration of the estate tax laws of this State, or provisions of laws relating to estate taxes; the provisions herein 13 14 shall regulate, govern and protect taxes. This section regulates and protects the bank in its relationship with such joint owners of deposit accounts as herein provided. accounts." 15 16 Section 14. G.S. 53-146.2(d) reads as rewritten: 17 "(d) Nothing herein contained shall be construed to This section does not repeal or 18 modify any of the provisions of G.S. 105-24, relating to the administration of the estate tax laws of this State, or provisions of laws relating to estate taxes." 19 20 Section 15. G.S. 54-109.58(b) reads as rewritten: 21 "(b) Nothing herein contained shall be construed to This section does not repeal or modify any of the provisions of G.S. 105-24, relating to the administration of the estate 22 23 tax laws of this State, or provisions of laws relating to estate taxes; the provisions herein 24 shall regulate, govern and protect taxes. This section regulates and protects the credit union in its relationship with such joint owners of accounts as herein provided. accounts." 25 Section 16. G.S. 54B-129(b) reads as rewritten: 26 27 Nothing herein contained shall be construed to This section does not repeal or "(b) modify any of the provisions of G.S. 105-24, relating to the administration of the estate 28 29 tax laws of this State, or provisions of law relating to estate taxes; the provisions herein 30 shall regulate, govern and protect taxes. This section regulates and protects the association in its relationships with such-joint owners of deposit accounts as herein 31 32 provided. accounts." 33 Section 17. G.S. 54B-130(d) reads as rewritten: Nothing herein contained shall be construed to This section does not repeal or 34 "(d) modify any of the provisions of G.S. 105-24, relating to the administration of the estate 35 tax laws of this State, or provisions of laws relating to estate taxes." 36 37 Section 18. G.S. 54C-165(b) reads as rewritten: 38 Nothing in this section is construed to This section does not repeal or modify "(b) any provision of G.S. 105-24 relating to the administration of the estate tax laws of this 39 State or any other law relating to estate taxes. This section shall regulate, govern, and 40 protect regulates and protects the savings bank in its relationships with the joint owners 41 42 of deposit accounts." Section 19. G.S. 54C-166(d) reads as rewritten: 43

- "(d) Nothing in this section is construed to This section does not repeal or modify
 any provision of G.S. 105-24 relating to the administration of estate tax laws of this State
 or any other law relating to estate taxes."
- 4 Section 20. This act becomes effective July 1, 1998, and applies to estates of 5 decedents who die on or after that date.