GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1995

S 1 SENATE BILL 592 Short Title: Fayetteville Fair Housing Amendments. (Local) Sponsors: Senators Edwards and Rand. Referred to: Local Government and Regional Affairs April 5, 1995 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED AN ACT TO MODIFY THE PROVISIONS OF THE CHARTER OF THE CITY OF FAYETTEVILLE CONCERNING FAIR HOUSING. The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: Section 1. Article 8 of the Charter of the City of Fayetteville, being Chapter 557, Session Laws of 1979, as enacted by Chapter 355 of the Session Laws of 1989, reads as rewritten: "ARTICLE 8. FAIR HOUSING. "Sec. 8.30. **Equal housing.** The City Council shall have the power to adopt ordinances prohibiting discrimination in real estate transactions on the basis of race, color, sex, religion, handicap, familial status, or national origin. Such ordinances may Regulate or prohibit any act, practice, activity, or procedure related, (1) directly or indirectly, to the sale or rental of public or private housing, which affects or may tend to affect the availability or desirability of housing on an equal basis to all persons; Provide that violations constitute a criminal offense; (2) Subject the offender to civil penalties; (3) Provide that the City may enforce the ordinances by application to the (4) Superior General Court of Justice for appropriate legal and equitable

remedies, including but not limited to mandatory and prohibitory

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1	3		and orders of abatement, attorney's fees and punitive
2		•	the court shall have jurisdiction to grant such remedies.
3			advertising of dwellings, in the provision of brokerage
4			ty of residential real estate related transactions. Such
5			prohibit any act, practice, activity, or procedure related
6	•		ale, financing, or rental of public or private housing, tha
7	·	affect the	e availability or desirability of housing on an equal basis to
8	all persons, and may:	. 1 .1 . 1	1
9	` '		discrimination includes:
10	<u>a.</u>		isal to permit, at the expense of a handicapped person
11			able modifications of existing premises occupied or to be
12			ed by such person if such modification may be necessary
13			ard such person full enjoyment of the premises, except that
14			case of a rental, the landlord may, where it is reasonable to
15		<u>do so,</u>	condition permission for a modification on the rente
16		<u>agreein</u>	ng to restore the interior of the premises to the condition
17		that ex	xisted before the modification, reasonable wear and tea
18		<u>excepte</u>	<u>ed;</u>
19	<u>b.</u>	A refus	sal to make reasonable accommodations in rules, policies
20		practice	ees, or services when such accommodations may be
21		necessa	ary to afford such handicapped person equal opportunity to
22		use and	d enjoy a dwelling; or
23	<u>c.</u>	<u>Failure</u>	e to design and construct those covered multifamily
24			ngs available for first occupancy after March 13, 1991, in
25			manner that:
26		<u>1.</u>	The public use and common use portions of such dwelling
27			are readily accessible to and usable by handicapped
28			persons;
29		-	All the doors designed to allow passage into and within al
30			premises within such dwelling are sufficiently wide to
31		•	allow passage by handicapped persons in wheelchairs; and
32			All premises within such dwellings contain the following
33			features of adaptive design:
34			I. An accessible route into and through the dwelling:
35		-	II. Light switches, electrical outlets, thermostats, and
36		-	other environmental controls in accessible
37			locations;
38			III. Reinforcements in the bathroom wall to allow late
39		=	installation of grab bars; and
40]	IV. Usable kitchen and bathrooms such that an
41		-	individual in a wheelchair can maneuver about the
42			space.
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- Compliance with the appropriate requirements of the American National Standard for Buildings and Facilities Providing Accessibility and Usability for Physically Handicapped People (commonly cited as 'ANSI A117.1-1968') suffices to satisfy the requirements of subdivision c.3. of this subdivision.
- 2) Provide that Fayetteville Human Relations Commission shall have the power to:
 - a. Receive, initiate, investigate, seek to conciliate, hold hearings, and make recommendations to parties named in complaints alleging violations of this Article, approve or disapprove plans to eliminate or reduce discriminatory practices or the effects of discriminatory practices, and monitor compliance with the terms of such plans.
 - b. Apply, upon an affirmative vote of a majority, a quorum being present and voting, to the Cumberland County Superior Court upon the failure of any person to respond to or comply with a lawful interrogatory, subpoena, or request for the production of relevant evidence or possible sources of evidence for an order requiring such person to respond or comply. The court shall have jurisdiction to issue such order after notice to all proper parties. On petition of the person to whom the subpoena is directed, the court may vacate or modify the subpoena.
 - c. Petition the court, with the approval of the Fayetteville City Council, for any appropriate relief, if the Commission determines, following a hearing as provided in this ordinance, that there is a reasonable cause to believe that a violation of this Article has occurred, and if efforts at conciliation have not been concluded to the satisfaction of the Commission, or if the terms of any conciliation agreement negotiated by the Commission under the provision of this Article or said ordinance are not being complied with by respondent(s).
 - d. Adopt, promulgate, amend, and rescind such rules and regulations to effectuate the purposes and policies of this Article or said ordinance and the policies and practices of the Commission in connection therewith, including regulations requiring the posting or inclusion in advertising material of notices prepared or approved by the Commission, and regulations as to filing, approval, or disapproval of plans to eliminate or reduce the effects of discriminatory practices. The Commission may authorize its staff to receive, initiate, seek to conciliate, or carry out investigative duties as specified in this Article and the rules and regulations adopted by the Commission. Such rules and regulations shall be approved by the City Council and shall

only be adopted, amended, or rescinded after the Commission 1 2 holds a public hearing. A copy of the text of the proposed rule, 3 amendment, or decision shall be available for public inspection 4 and copying at the office of the Commission. 5 Impanel a hearing board appointed by the City Council to hear <u>e.</u> 6 complaints, which board shall consist of five hearing officers 7 who shall not be members of the Commission. No member of 8 the hearing board shall have a part in the investigation of a 9 complaint, except as to the issuance of subpoenas or 10 interrogatories and other appropriate legal processes. f. Authorize its hearing board appointed by the City Council 11 12 impaneled at any time after a complaint is filed with the Commission, and upon a majority vote of said board, to issue 13 14 subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum compelling witnesses to attend and testify at the hearing and compelling witnesses to 15 bring with them at the hearing certain specified evidence and to 16 17 require, by summons, subpoena, or other appropriate legal 18 process, answers to interrogatories, to administer oaths, and to examine witnesses under oath or affirmation in person or by 19 20 deposition. If any person refuses to obey a subpoena issued pursuant to this ordinance, answer interrogatories or other 21 appropriate legal process, the Commission may apply to the 22 23 superior court for an order requiring such person to obey the 24 subpoena, answer the interrogatories, or other appropriate legal process. The court may take any appropriate legal action to 25 compel compliance. Witnesses whose depositions are taken or 26 who are summoned before the Commission or its agents shall be 27 entitled to the same witness and mileage fees as are paid to 28 witnesses in the courts of this State. 29 Authorize the hearing board, upon receipt of a written application 30 g. to said board, to grant a respondent a reasonable number of 31 32 subpoenas and interrogatories by and in the name of the Commission to the same extent and subject to the same 33 limitations as the Commission itself. 34 Petition the superior court for injunctive relief, including 35 h. temporary restraining orders, after the filing of a complaint and 36 upon a majority vote of the Commission, a quorum being present 37 38 and voting. 39 Provide that an aggrieved person, his agent, or a member of the (3) Commission may file a written complaint with the Commission within 40 one year after the alleged violation occurred, setting forth the facts upon 41 42 which the complaint is based, and setting forth facts sufficient to enable

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the hearing board to identify the person charged (hereinafter the

1		respo	ondent). Upon the filing of a complaint, the Commission shall
2		_	e notice upon the complainant acknowledging such filing and
3			sing the complainant of the time limits and choice of forums
4			ided under this Article. No later than 10 days after the filing of a
5		-	plaint, the Commission shall serve on the respondent a notice
6			tifying the alleged discriminatory housing practice and advising
7			respondent of the procedural rights and obligations of respondents
8			er this Article, together with a copy of the original complaint.
9	<u>(4)</u>		ide that the Commission shall investigate complaints filed herein,
10	1\		e determinations of probable cause, and seek to conciliate apparent
11			ations of this Article. Investigations shall commence within 30 days
12			the filing of a complaint. The investigation shall be completed in
13			days. If for any reason, the 100-day period must be extended, or
14			yed, the Commission shall write to the parties explaining the
15		-	ons for said extension or delay. Conciliation efforts may be
16			ated by any party, aggrieved person, the Commission, staff or
17			ing board.
18	<u>(5)</u>		ide that a conciliation agreement negotiated herein may include, but
19	<u>(5)</u>		t limited to:
20			Sale, exchange, lease, rental, assignment, or sublease of real
21		<u>a.</u>	
		h	property to a person. Extension to all persons of the full and equal enjoyment of the
22		<u>b.</u>	Extension to all persons of the full and equal enjoyment of the
23			advantages, facilities, privileges, and services of the respondent.
24		<u>c.</u> <u>d.</u>	Reporting as to the manner of compliance.
25		<u>a.</u>	Posting of notices in conspicuous places in the respondent's place
26			of business in a form prescribed by the court to the Commission.
27		<u>e.</u>	Payment to the complainant of actual damages, including
28			compensation for humiliation and embarrassment, and reasonable
29		0	attorneys' fees.
30		<u>f.</u>	At any time, but not later than one year from the date of a
31			conciliation agreement, the Commission or Director shall
32			investigate whether the terms of the agreement are being
33			complied with by the respondent. Upon deciding that the terms
34			of the agreement are not being complied with by the respondent,
35			the Commission or staff shall informally seek voluntary
36			compliance with the conciliation agreement. If informal methods
37			fail, the Commission, with the approval of the City Council, shall
38			file a civil action seeking enforcement of the terms of the
39			conciliation agreement.
40		<u>g.</u>	At any time after a complaint is filed, the Commission may file a
41			petition in the superior court, seeking appropriate temporary
42			injunctive relief, against the respondent, pending final
43			determination of proceedings under the ordinance.

- 1 h. 2 3 4 of this Article. 5 <u>(6)</u> 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 a. 19 20 21 <u>b.</u> 22 23 **(7)** 24 25 26 27 28 (8) 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 <u>a.</u> 36 37 38 <u>b.</u> 39 40 41 importance: or 42
 - Each conciliation agreement shall be made public unless the complainant and respondent otherwise agree and the Commission determines that disclosure is not required to further the purposes
 - Provide that the City Council shall establish a hearing board consisting of five members, one of whom shall be a representative of the real estate industry, and one of whom shall be a licensed attorney, to hear complaints and make appropriate findings. The Fair Housing Board heretofore appointed shall continue in existence for purposes of carrying out the powers, duties, and responsibilities authorized in this Article and said ordinance. All appointments shall be for two-vear terms, with no member eligible to serve more than two consecutive terms. The Fair Housing Board so appointed shall commence whenever the Commission determines there is probable cause to believe the Article has been violated and a conciliation failure has occurred. Hearings open to the public may be initiated by the respondent at any time during the conciliation process. If the hearing board determines:
 - That the respondent has not engaged in an unlawful practice, the board shall state its findings of fact and conclusions of law and shall issue an order dismissing the complaint; or
 - That the respondent has engaged in an unlawful practice, it shall state its findings of fact and conclusions of law.
 - Provide that final administrative disposition of the complaint shall be made within one year of the date the complaint is filed, unless it is impracticable to do so. If final administrative disposition is not able to be made within one year, the Commission shall notify the complainant and the respondent in writing of the reasons for not doing so.
 - Provide that an action alleging a violation of the ordinance may be filed in the Cumberland County Superior Court (hereinafter known as the court) by the city attorney or his designee on behalf of the Commission, the complainant, or aggrieved person, with the approval of the Fayetteville City Council, upon the recommendation of the Commission that there is reasonable cause to believe a violation of the ordinance has occurred or is about to occur and if the City Council finds that:
 - There is reasonable cause to believe that a person or group of persons is engaged in a pattern or practice of resistance of the full enjoyment of any rights granted by the ordinance;
 - There is reasonable cause to believe that any person or group of persons has been denied any of the rights granted by the ordinance and such denial raises an issue of general public
 - There is reasonable cause to believe that the violation affects an c. individual's rights under this Article.

1	<u>(9)</u>	Provide that if the Commission determines that (i) there is reasonable
2		cause to believe that a violation of the ordinance has occurred; (ii) a
3		lawsuit has not been authorized by the City Council; and (iii) if
4		conciliation attempts are unsuccessful, the Commission shall notify the
5		parties of its findings, and the individual complainant may bring a
6		private action in court.
7	<u>(10)</u>	Provide that if it shall be determined by the court that a discriminatory
8		practice has occurred, an order may issue granting relief to those
9		persons who have suffered the effects of such discrimination. Before
10		relief may be granted, it shall not be necessary for the court to find that
11		intentional discrimination has occurred. It shall be sufficient that the
12		respondent's action or failure to act resulted in unlawful discrimination.
13	<u>(11)</u>	Provide that the court may grant any relief it deems appropriate,
14	, ,	including any permanent or preliminary injunction, temporary
15		restraining orders, or other orders, including an order enjoining the
16		defendant from engaging in such practice or ordering such affirmative
17		action as may be appropriate, and may award to the plaintiff actual and
18		punitive damages, may assess civil penalties and may award court costs
19		and reasonable attorneys' fees to a prevailing party. Provided, however,
20		that a prevailing respondent may be awarded court costs and reasonable
21		attorneys' fees only upon a showing that the case is frivolous,
22		unreasonable, or without foundation. The judge may assess a civil
23		penalty against the respondent in an amount not:
24		<u>a.</u> Exceeding ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) if the respondent has
25		not been adjudged to have committed any prior discriminatory
26		housing practice;
27		b. Exceeding twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) if the
28		respondent has been adjudged to have committed one other
29		discriminatory housing practice during the five-year period
30		ending on the date of the filing of the charge; and
31		c. Exceeding fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) if the respondent has
32		been adjudged to have committed two or more discriminatory
33		practices during the seven-year period ending on the date of the
34		filing of this charge.
35		However, if the present and previous discriminatory practices were acts,
36		committed by the same natural person, the judge may impose penalties
37		without regard to the time limitations set forth above.
38	<u>(12)</u>	Provide that all civil actions brought pursuant to the ordinance shall be
39	* 	heard by the court, de novo.
40	<u>(13)</u>	Provide that in conducting an investigation, the Commission shall have
41	\	access at all reasonable times to premises, records, documents,
42		individuals, and other evidence or possible sources of evidence and may

examine, record, and copy such materials and take and record the

- GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA testimony or statements of such persons as are reasonably necessary for 1 2 the furtherance of the investigation. In aid of an investigation the 3 Commission and the hearing board may issue subpoenas and order 4 discovery. Such subpoenas and discovery may be ordered to the same 5 extent and subject to the same limitations as would apply if the subpoenas or discovery were ordered or served in aid of a civil action in 6 the general court of justice. 7 8 Provide that after the Director of the Human Relations Department <u>(14)</u> 9 makes a finding of reasonable cause, the aggrieved person or respondent 10 has the right to elect to proceed immediately to the Cumberland County Superior Court rather than proceed through the administrative hearing 11 12 process. Such decision must be submitted in writing to the Human Relations Department within 20 working days of receipt of the 13 14 Director's decision. If the right of election is exercised, upon approval 15 of the City Council and findings consistent with subdivision (8) of this section of this Charter, the City will commence and maintain such 16 17 action on behalf of the complainant(s) or aggrieved person and the 18 Commission. Provide that an aggrieved person may commence a civil action in 19 (15)Cumberland County Superior Court not later than two years after the 20 occurrence or the termination of an alleged discriminatory housing 21 practice; the computation of such two-year period shall not include any 22 23 time during which a complaint was being processed by the Commission 24 or hearing board under this Article with respect to such discriminatory housing practice; an aggrieved person may commence a civil action 25 under this section whether or not a complaint has been filed and without 26 regard to the status of any such complaint, but if the aggrieved person 27 has signed a conciliation no action may be filed under this section by 28 29 such aggrieved person with respect to the alleged discriminatory
 - Provide that in a civil action commenced pursuant to this section, the (16)court may award, in addition to the relief specified in subdivision (11) of this section, reasonable attorneys' fees and court costs to the prevailing party.

housing practice which forms the basis for such complaint.

- "Sec. 8.31. **Exemptions.** Any ordinance enacted pursuant to this Article may provide for exemption from its coverage:
 - The rental of housing accommodations in a building which contains (1) containing housing accommodations for not more than four families living independently of each other, if the owner or a member of his family resides in one of the housing accommodations;
 - The rental of one room or one rooming unit in a housing accommodation by (2) an individual if he or a member of his family resides therein; a room or

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- rooms in a private house, not a boarding house, if the lessor or a 1 2 member of his family resides therein; 3 (3)A landlord who refuses to rent to an unmarried couple; 4 Discrimination by a religious organization, association or society, or any (4) 5 nonprofit institution or organization operated, supervised, or controlled 6 by or in conjunction with a religious organization, association, or 7 society, in limiting the sale, rental, or occupancy of dwellings which it 8 owns or operates for other than a commercial purpose to persons of the 9 same religion, or in giving preference to such persons, unless 10 membership in such religion is restricted on account of race, color, sex, or national origin. 11 12 (3) With respect to discrimination based upon sex, the rental or leasing of housing accommodations in single-sex dormitory property; 13 14 (4) The sale or rental of any single-family house by an owner provided such 15 private individual owner does not own or have any interest in more than three such single-family houses at any one time; provided further, that 16 17 in the case of the sale of any such single-family house by a private individual owner not residing in such house at the time of such sale or 18 who was not the most recent resident of such house prior to such sale, 19 the exemption granted may only apply with respect to one such sale 20 within any 24-month period; provided further, that any single-family 21 house under this exemption may not be sold or rented (i) with the use in 22 any manner of the sales or rental facilities of any real estate broker. 23 24 agent, salesman, or of any employee of any such broker, agent, or salesman; or (ii) with the publication or posting of any advertisement in 25 violation of this Article. Nothing in this provision shall prohibit the use 26 of attorneys, escrow agents, abstractors, title companies, and other such 27 provisional assistance as necessary to perfect or transfer the title; 28 Housing accommodations owned and operated for other than a 29 (5) commercial purpose by a religious organization, association or society, 30 or any nonprofit institution or organization; operated, supervised, or 31 controlled by or in conjunction with a religious organization, association 32 or society shall not be prohibited by this Article from limiting the sale, 33 rental, or occupancy of dwellings which it owns or operates to persons 34 of the same religion, or from giving preference to such persons unless 35 membership in such religion is restricted on account of race, color, or 36
 - (6) The sale, rental, exchange, or lease of commercial real estate, which is not real estate intended for residential use;
 - (7) A private club not, in fact, open to the public which as an incident to its primary purpose or purposes, provides lodging which it owns or operates for other than commercial purposes limiting the rental or

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41 42 national origin;

1		occup	pancy of such lodging to its members or gives preference to its
2		memb	
3	<u>(8)</u>		provisions in this Article regarding familial status shall not apply
4		-	respect to housing for older persons:
5		<u>a.</u>	As used in this section 'housing for older persons' means,
6		<u>—</u>	housing:
7			1. Provided under any State or federal program that is
8			specifically designed and operated to assist elderly
9			persons (as defined in the State or federal program);
0			2. Intended for, and solely occupied by, persons 62 years of
1			age or older; or
2			3. Intended and operated for occupancy by at least one
13			person 55 years of age or older as shown by the following
4			factors:
15			<u>I.</u> The existence of significant facilities and services
16			specifically designed to meet the physical or social
17			needs of older persons, or if the provision of such
8			facilities and services is not practicable, that such
9			housing is necessary to provide important housing
20			opportunities for older persons; and
			II. That at least eighty percent (80%) of the dwellings
21 22 23 24 25 26			are occupied by at least one person 55 years of age
23			or older per unit; and
24			III. The publication of, and adherence to, policies and
25			procedures which demonstrate an intent by the
26			owner or manager to provide housing for persons
27			55 years of age or older.
28		<u>b.</u>	Housing shall not fail to meet the requirements for 'housing for
29			older persons' by reason of:
30			1. Persons residing in such housing as of the date of
31			enactment of this Article who do not meet the
32			requirements of subdivision (8)a.2. and 3. of this section.
33			2. Unoccupied units, provided that such units are reserved
34			for occupancy by persons who meet the age requirements
35			of subdivision (8)a.2. and 3. of this section.
36		<u>c.</u>	Housing facilities newly constructed for first occupancy after the
37			date of enactment of this Article shall satisfy the requirements of
38			subdivision (8)a.2. and 3. of this section, if:
39			1. When twenty-five percent (25%) of the units are occupied,
10			eighty percent (80%) of the occupied units are occupied
1 1			by at least one person 55 years of age or older thereafter;
12			and

2. Eighty percent (80%) of all newly occupied units are occupied by at least one person 55 years of age or older until such time as eighty percent (80%) of all units in the housing facility are occupied by at least one person 55 years of age or older.

Single-sex dormitory rental property shall be excluded from the provisions of this Article which relate to discrimination based on sex.

"Sec. 8.32. **Complaints and other records.** The City Council may provide that neither complaints filed pursuant to the ordinance nor the results of any investigations, discovery, or attempts at conciliation, in whatever form prepared and preserved, shall be subject to inspection, examination, or copying under the provisions of what is now Chapter 132 of the General Statutes.

"Sec. 8.33. **Board meetings.** The City Council may provide that the statutory provisions relating to meetings of government bodies, presently embodied in Article 33C of Chapter 143 of the General Statutes, shall not apply to the activity of the board authorized to enforce the ordinance, to the extent that said board is receiving a complaint or conducting an investigation, discovery, or conciliation pertaining to a complaint filed pursuant to the ordinance.

 "Sec. 8.34. Conforming amendments. The City Council may amend any ordinance adopted pursuant to the provisions of this Article to ensure that the ordinance remains substantially equivalent to Title VIII of the Civil Rights Act of 1968, as amended by the Fair Housing Amendments Act of 1988, or any amendment thereafter."

Sec. 2. This act becomes effective October 1, 1995, and ordinances under it may be adopted prior to that date, but such ordinances do not become effective prior to October 1, 1995.