GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA 1995 SESSION

CHAPTER 416 SENATE BILL 119

AN ACT TO PROVIDE QUALIFIED IMMUNITY TO PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS AND ARCHITECTS WHO VOLUNTARILY PROVIDE ENGINEERING SERVICES DURING A DECLARED EMERGENCY OR DISASTER WITHOUT COMPENSATION.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

Section 1. Chapter 89C of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

"§ 89C-19.1. Engineer who volunteers during an emergency or disaster; qualified immunity.

- (a) A professional engineer who voluntarily, without compensation, provides structural, electrical, mechanical, or other engineering services at the scene of a declared disaster or emergency, declared under federal law or in accordance with the provisions of Article 1 of Chapter 166A of the General Statutes or Article 36A of Chapter 14 of the General Statutes, at the request of a public official, law enforcement official, public safety official, or building inspection official, acting in an official capacity, shall not be liable for any personal injury, wrongful death, property damage, or other loss caused by the professional engineer's acts or omissions in the performance of the engineering services.
- (b) The immunity provided in subsection (a) of this section applies only to an engineering service:
 - (1) For any structure, building, piping, or other engineered system, either publicly or privately owned.
 - (2) That occurs within 45 days after the declaration of the emergency or disaster, unless the 45-day immunity period is extended by an executive order issued by the Governor under the Governor's emergency executive powers.
- (c) The immunity provided in subsection (a) of this section does not apply if it is determined that the personal injury, wrongful death, property damage, or other loss was caused by the gross negligence, wanton conduct, or intentional wrongdoing of the professional engineer, or arose out of the operation of a motor vehicle.
 - (d) As used in this section:
 - (1) 'Building inspection official' means any appointed or elected federal, State, or local official with overall executive responsibility to coordinate building inspection in the jurisdiction in which the emergency or disaster is declared.

- (2) 'Law enforcement official' means any appointed or elected federal, State, or local official with overall executive responsibility to coordinate law enforcement in the jurisdiction in which the emergency or disaster is declared.
- (3) 'Public official' means any federal, State, or locally elected official with overall executive responsibility in the jurisdiction in which the emergency or disaster is declared.
- (4) 'Public safety official' means any appointed or elected federal, State, or local official with overall executive responsibility to coordinate public safety in the jurisdiction in which the emergency or disaster is declared."
- Sec. 2. Chapter 83A of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

"§ 83A-13.1. Architect who volunteers during an emergency or disaster; qualified immunity.

- (a) A professional architect who voluntarily, without compensation, provides structural, electrical, mechanical, or other architectural services at the scene of a declared disaster or emergency, declared under federal law or in accordance with the provisions of Article 1 of Chapter 166A of the General Statutes or Article 36A of Chapter 14 of the General Statutes, at the request of a public official, law enforcement official, public safety official, or building inspection official, acting in an official capacity, shall not be liable for any personal injury, wrongful death, property damage, or other loss caused by the professional architect's acts or omissions in the performance of the architectural services.
- (b) The immunity provided in subsection (a) of this section applies only to an architectural service:
 - (1) For any structure, building, piping, or other architectural system, either publicly or privately owned.
 - That occurs within 45 days after the declaration of the emergency or disaster, unless the 45-day immunity period is extended by an executive order issued by the Governor under the Governor's emergency executive powers.
- (c) The immunity provided in subsection (a) of this section does not apply if it is determined that the personal injury, wrongful death, property damage, or other loss was caused by the gross negligence, wanton conduct, or intentional wrongdoing of the professional architect or arose out of the operation of a motor vehicle.
 - (d) As used in this section:
 - (1) 'Building inspection official' means any appointed or elected federal, State, or local official with overall executive responsibility to coordinate building inspection in the jurisdiction in which the emergency or disaster is declared.
 - (2) 'Law enforcement official' means any appointed or elected federal, State, or local official with overall executive responsibility to

- coordinate law enforcement in the jurisdiction in which the emergency or disaster is declared.
- (3) 'Public official' means any federal, State, or locally elected official with overall executive responsibility in the jurisdiction in which the emergency or disaster is declared.
- (4) 'Public safety official' means any appointed or elected federal, State, or local official with overall executive responsibility to coordinate public safety in the jurisdiction in which the emergency or disaster is declared."

Sec. 3. This act is effective upon ratification and applies to any cause of action that arises on or after that date.

In the General Assembly read three times and ratified this the 11th day of July, 1995.

Dennis A. Wicker President of the Senate

Harold J. Brubaker Speaker of the House of Representatives