EXTRA SESSION 1994

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SENATE BILL 51

Short Title: Capital Offense/Life Without Parole.

(Public)

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Sponsors: Senators Cochrane, Forrester, Carpenter, Codington, Shaw, Smith; Allran, Blackmon, Hartsell, Kincaid, Simpson, and Gunter.

Referred to: Corrections/Punishment.

February 10, 1994

1		A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
2	AN ACT TO I	PROVIDE THAT A DEFENDANT CONVICTED OF A CAPITAL
3	OFFENSE 1	MAY BE SENTENCED TO DEATH OR LIFE IMPRISONMENT
4	WITHOUT I	PAROLE.
5	The General Ass	sembly of North Carolina enacts:
6	Sectio	on 1. G.S. 14-1.1(a) reads as rewritten:
7	"(a) For fe	elonies that occur on or after the effective date of Article 81A of Chapter
8	15A [July 1, 1	1981] of the General Statutes, the following punishments shall be
9	applicable:	
10	(1)	A Class A felony shall be punishable by death or life imprisonment
11		without parole as provided by Article 100 of Chapter 15A of the
12		General Statutes;
13	(2)	A Class B felony shall be punishable by life imprisonment;
14	(3)	A Class C felony shall be punishable by imprisonment up to 50 years,
15		or by life imprisonment, or a fine, or both imprisonment and fine;
16	(4)	A Class D felony shall be punishable by imprisonment up to 40 years,
17		or a fine or both;
18	(5)	A Class E felony shall be punishable by imprisonment up to 30 years,
19		or a fine or both;
20	(6)	A Class F felony shall be punishable by imprisonment up to 20 years,
21		or a fine or both;
22	(7)	A Class G felony shall be punishable by imprisonment up to 15 years,
23		or a fine or both;

1	(8) A Class H felony shall be punishable by imprisonment up to 10 years,		
2	or a fine or both;		
3	(9) A Class I felony shall be punishable by imprisonment up to five years,		
4	or a fine or both;		
5	(10) A Class J felony shall be punishable by imprisonment up to three		
6	years, or a fine or both."		
7	Sec. 2. G.S. 14-17 reads as rewritten:		
8	"§ 14-17. Murder in the first and second degree defined; punishment.		
9	A murder which shall be perpetrated by means of poison, lying in wait,		
10	imprisonment, starving, torture, or by any other kind of willful, deliberate, and		
11	premeditated killing, or which shall be committed in the perpetration or attempted		
12	perpetration of any arson, rape or a sex offense, robbery, kidnapping, burglary, or other		
13	felony committed or attempted with the use of a deadly weapon shall be deemed to be		
14	murder in the first degree, and any person who commits such murder shall be punished		
15	with death or imprisonment in the State's prison for life without parole as the court shall		
16	determine pursuant to G.S. 15A-2000, except that any such person who was under 17		
17	years of age at the time of the murder shall be punished with imprisonment in the State's		
18	prison for life. life without parole. Provided, however, any person under the age of 17		
19	who commits murder in the first degree while serving a prison sentence imposed for a		
20	prior murder or while on escape from a prison sentence imposed for a prior murder shall		
21	be punished with death or imprisonment in the State's prison for life without parole as		
22	the court shall determine pursuant to G.S. 15A-2000. All other kinds of murder,		
23	including that which shall be proximately caused by the unlawful distribution of opium		
24	or any synthetic or natural salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of opium, or		
25	cocaine or other substance described in G.S. 90-90(a)4, when the ingestion of such		
26	substance causes the death of the user, shall be deemed murder in the second degree,		
27	and any person who commits such murder shall be punished as a Class C felon."		
28	Sec. 3. G.S. 15A-1370.1 reads as rewritten:		
29	"§ 15A-1370.1. Applicability of Article 85.		
30	This Article is applicable to all sentenced prisoners, including Class A and Class B		
31	felons, and Class C felons who receive a sentence of life imprisonment, who are not		
32	subject to Article 85A of this Chapter.		
33	This Article does not apply to prisoners sentenced to life imprisonment without		
34	parole."		
35	Sec. 4. G.S. 15A-1370.1, as amended by Section 21 of Chapter 538 of the		
36	1993 Session Laws, reads as rewritten:		
37	"§ 15A-1370.1. Applicability of Article 85.		
38	This Article is applicable to all prisoners serving sentences of imprisonment for		
39	convictions of impaired driving under G.S. 20-138.1 and prisoners serving sentences of		
40	life imprisonment. imprisonment, except for prisoners serving life imprisonment without		
41	parole."		
42	Sec. 5. G.S. 15A-1371(a1) reads as rewritten:		
43	"(a1) A prisoner serving a term of life imprisonment other than for first degree		
44	murder and with no minimum term is eligible for parole after serving 20 years. A		
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1	prisoner serving a term of life imprisonment for first degree murder shall be imprisoned		
2	for the remainder of his natural life. This subsection applies to offenses committed on		
3	and after July 1, 1981."		
4	Sec. 6. G.S. 15A-1371(a1), as amended by Section 22 of Chapter 538 of the		
5	1993 Session Laws, reads as rewritten:		
6	"(a1) A prisoner serving a term of life imprisonment other than for first degree		
7	<u>murder</u> is eligible for parole after serving 25 years. <u>A prisoner serving a term of life</u>		
8	imprisonment for first degree murder shall be imprisoned for the remainder of his		
9	natural life. This subsection applies to offenses committed on and after January 1,		
10	1995."		
11	Sec. 7. G.S. 15A-1372(a), as amended by Section 23 of Chapter 538 of the		
12	1993 Session Laws, reads as rewritten:		
13	"(a) Term of Parole. – The term of parole for any person released from		
14	imprisonment may be no greater than:		
15	(1) One year for a conviction for impaired driving under G.S. 20-138.1; or		
16	(2) Three years for a sentence of life imprisonment. imprisonment other		
17	than for first degree murder."		
18	Sec. 8. G.S. 15A-2002 reads as rewritten:		
19	"§ 15A-2002. (Effective until January 1, 1995) Capital offenses; jury verdict and		
20	sentence.		
21	If the recommendation of the jury is that the defendant be sentenced to death, the		
22	judge shall impose a sentence of death in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 15,		
23	Article 19 of the General Statutes. If the recommendation of the jury is that the		
24	defendant be imprisoned for life in the State's prison, the judge shall impose a sentence		
25	of imprisonment for life in the State's prison, prison, without parole."		
26	Sec. 9. G.S. 15A-2002, as amended by Section 29 of Chapter 538 of the 1993		
27	Session Laws, reads as rewritten:		
28	"§ 15A-2002. Capital offenses; jury verdict and sentence.		
29	If the recommendation of the jury is that the defendant be sentenced to death, the		
30	judge shall impose a sentence of death in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 15,		
31	Article 19 of the General Statutes. If the recommendation of the jury is that the		
32	defendant be imprisoned for life in the State's prison, the judge shall impose a sentence		
33	of imprisonment for life in the State's prison, prison, without parole.		
34	The judge shall instruct the jury, in words substantially equivalent to those of this		
35	section, that a sentence of life imprisonment means a sentence of life with eligibility for		
36	parole consideration after 25 years."		
37	Sec. 10. G.S. 143B-266(a), as amended by Section 42 of Chapter 538 of the		
38	1993 Session Laws, reads as rewritten:		
39	"(a) There is hereby created a Post-Release Supervision and Parole Commission		
40	of the Department of Correction with the authority to grant paroles, including both		
41	regular and temporary paroles, to persons held by virtue of any final order or judgment		
42	of any court of this State as provided in Chapter 148 of the General Statutes and laws of		
43	the State of North Carolina, except that for persons sentenced under Article 81B of		
44	Chapter 15A of the General Statutes, only those sentenced to life imprisonment are		

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1 eligible for parole. This section shall not apply to persons sentenced to life imprisonment without parole for a conviction of first degree murder. The Commission 2 3 shall also have authority to revoke, terminate, and suspend paroles of such persons (including persons placed on parole on or before the effective date of the Executive 4 5 Organization Act of 1973) and to assist the Governor in exercising his authority in 6 granting reprieves, commutations, and pardons, and shall perform such other services as 7 may be required by the Governor in exercising his powers of executive clemency. The 8 Commission shall also have authority to revoke and terminate persons on post-release 9 supervision, as provided in Article 84A of Chapter 15A of the General Statutes." 10 Sec. 11. Sections 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, and 10 of this act are effective upon ratification and apply only to offenses occurring on or after the effective date. Sections 4, 6, 7, and 11 12 9 of this act become effective January 1, 1995, and apply to offenses occurring on or 13 after that effective date. Prosecution for, or sentences based on, offenses occurring 14 before the effective date of this act are not abated or affected by the repeal or 15 amendment in this act of any statute, and the statutes that would be applicable to those

16 prosecutions or sentences but for the provisions of this act remain applicable to those

17 prosecutions or sentences.