SESSION 1991

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HOUSE BILL 1106 Committee Substitute Favorable 5/8/91

Short Title: Expand Leg. Ethics Committee Juris.

(Public)

Sponsors:

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Referred to:

April 24, 1991

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

- 2 AN ACT TO EXPAND THE JURISDICTION OF THE LEGISLATIVE ETHICS3 COMMITTEE.
- 4 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
 - Section 1. G.S. 120-102 reads as rewritten:

6 "§ 120-102. Powers and duties of Committee.

- In addition to the other powers and duties specified in this Article, the Committeehas the following powers and duties:
- 9 (1) To prescribe forms for the statements of economic interest and other 10 reports required by this Article, and to furnish these forms to persons 11 who are required to file statements or reports.
 - (2) To receive and file any information voluntarily supplied that exceeds the requirements of this Article.
- 14(3)To organize in a reasonable manner statements and reports filed with it15and to make these statements and reports available for public16inspection and copying during regular office hours. Copying facilities17shall be made available at a charge not to exceed actual cost.
 - (4) To preserve statements and reports filed with the Committee for a period of 10 years from the date of receipt. At the end of the 10-year period, these documents shall be destroyed.
- (5) To prepare a list of ethical principles and guidelines to be used by each
 legislator in determining his role in supporting or opposing specific
 types of legislation, and to advise each General Assembly committee

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	(6)	of specific danger areas where conflict of interest may exist and to suggest rules of conduct that should be adhered to by committee members in order to avoid conflict. To advise General Assembly committees, at the request of a committee chairman, or at the request of three members of a committee, about members or render written opinions if so requested by the member about questions of ethics or possible points of conflict and suggested standards of conduct of committee members in the consideration of	
9		specific bills or groups of bills. members upon ethical points raised.	
10	(7)	To suggest to legislators activities which should be avoided. propose rules	
11		of legislative ethics and conduct. The rules, when adopted by the	
12		House of Representatives and the Senate, shall be the standards	
13	(0)	adopted for that term.	
14	(8)	Upon receipt of information that a legislator owes money to the State	
15		and is delinquent in making repayment of such obligation, to	
16 17		investigate and dispose of the matter according to the terms of this Article."	
17 18	Soc	2. G.S. 120-103 reads as rewritten:	
18 19		sible violations; procedures; disposition.	
20		ution of Proceedings. – On its own motion, or in response to signed and	
20		nt of any individual filed with the Committee, the Committee shall	
22	-	alleged violation of any provision of this Article. violation:	
23	(1)	Of any provision of this Article, excluding activities described by rules	
24		adopted in accordance with G.S. 120-102(7), or	
25	(2)	Of the criminal law by a legislator while acting in his official capacity	
26	~~/	as a participant in the lawmaking process.	
27	<u>(a1) Complai</u>		
28	(1)	A complaint filed under this Article shall state the nature of the	
29		violation, the date the alleged violation occurred, and either (i) that the	
30		contents of the complaint are within the knowledge of the individual	
31		verifying the complaint or (ii) the basis upon which the individual	
32		verifying the complaint believes the allegations to be true.	
33	<u>(2)</u>	Any individual who verifies a complaint knowing the allegations in the	
34		complaint to be untrue may be prosecuted for perjury under G.S. 14-	
35		<u>209.</u>	
36	. ,	e and Hearing. – If, after such preliminary investigation as it may make,	
37		determines to proceed with an inquiry into the conduct of any individual,	
38	the Committee shall notify the individual as to the fact of the inquiry and the charges		
39	against him and shall schedule one or more hearings on the matter. The individual shall		
40	have the right to present evidence, cross-examine witnesses, and be represented by		
41	•	hearings. The Committee may, in its discretion, hold hearings in closed	
42	session; however, the individual whose conduct is under inquiry may, by written		
43		with the Committee, require that all hearings before the Committee	
44	concerning nim	be public or in closed session.	

1 2 3 4 5 6 7	of witnesses may apply Committee. governmenta Committee	bpoenas. – The Committee may issue subpoenas to compel the attendance or the production of documents, books or other records. The Committee to the superior court to compel obedience to the subpoenas of the Notwithstanding any other provision of law, every State agency, local al agency, and units and subdivisions thereof shall make available to the any documents, records, data, statements or other information, except tax nformation relating thereto, which the Committee designates as being
8		r the exercise of its powers and duties.
9	•	isposition of Cases. When the Committee has concluded its inquiries into
10	alleged viol	ations, the Committee may dispose of the matter in one or more of the
11	following wa	ays:
12	(1	
13		In such case the Committee shall retain its records and findings in
14		confidence unless the individual under inquiry requests in writing that
15		the records and findings be made public.
16	(2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
17		statute has been violated, refer the matter to the Attorney General for
18 19	(2	 possible prosecution through appropriate channels. The Committee may refer the matter to the appropriate House of the
19 20	(3	General Assembly for appropriate action. That House may, if it finds
20		the member guilty of unethical conduct as defined in this Article,
21		censure, suspend or expel the member.
23	<u>(d1)</u> D	isposition of Cases. –
24	(\underline{u}_{1}) \underline{D}	
25	<u>(1</u>	violations, the Committee shall:
26		<u>a.</u> Dismiss the complaint and take no further action.
27		b. Issue a public or private admonishment to the legislator, or
28		<u>c.</u> Refer the matter:
29		<u>1.</u> <u>To the Attorney General for possible prosecution</u>
30		through appropriate channels or the appropriate house
31		for appropriate action, or both, if the Committee finds
32		substantial evidence of a violation of a criminal statute;
33		<u>or</u>
34		2. To the appropriate house for appropriate action, which
35		shall include censure and expulsion, if the Committee
36		finds substantial evidence of unethical activities.
37	<u>(2</u>) If the Committee issues an admonishment as provided in subdivision
38		(1)b. above, the legislator so affected may upon written request to the
39		Committee have the matter referred as provided under subdivision
40		<u>(1)c.2. above.</u>
41	<u>(3</u>	
42		shall retain its records or findings in confidence, unless the individual
43		under inquiry requests in writing that the records and findings be made
44		public. If the Committee later finds that a legislator's subsequent

1		unethical activities were similar to and the subject of an earlier private
2		admonishment then the Committee may make public the earlier
3		admonishment and the records and findings related to it.
4	<u>(4)</u>	Any action by the Committee under this Article does not limit the right
5		of each house of the General Assembly to discipline or to expel its
6		members."
7	Sec. 3	This act is effective upon ratification.