GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1991

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HOUSE BILL 1002

Committee Substitute Favorable 5/1/91
Third Edition Engrossed 5/7/91
Senate Transportation Committee Substitute Adopted 6/25/91

Short Title: MV Dealers Licensing Law. (Public)
Sponsors:
Referred to:
April 19, 1991
A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
AN ACT TO CLARIFY CERTAIN PROVISIONS CONTAINED IN THE MOTOR
VEHICLE DEALERS AND MANUFACTURERS LICENSING LAW.
The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:
Section 1. G.S. 20-301(e) reads as rewritten:
"(e) The Commissioner shall limit the time for discovery in any contested
administrative hearing conducted pursuant to Article 12 to a time not to exceed 60 days.
The Commissioner may extend the time for discovery beyond 60 days either upon the
consent of all parties to the proceeding or upon application of one or more parties to the
proceeding for good cause shown."
Sec. 2. G.S. 20-305(4) reads as rewritten:
"(4) Notwithstanding the terms of any franchise agreement, to prevent or
refuse to approve the sale or transfer of the ownership of a dealership
by the sale of the business, stock transfer, or otherwise, or the transfer,
sale or assignment of a dealer franchise, or a change in the executive
management or principal operator of the dealership or relocation of

the dealership to another site within the dealership's relevant market

area, if the Commissioner has determined, if requested in writing by

the dealer within 30 days after receipt of an objection to the proposed

sale, transfer-transfer, sale, assignment, relocation, or change, and after

a hearing on the matter, that the failure to permit or honor such sale, the

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assigned, relocated, or the executive management or principal operators changed, unless (i) the franchisor has been given at least 30 days' prior written notice as to the identity, financial ability ability, and qualifications of the proposed transferee, and (ii) the sale or transfer of the franchise and business will not involve, without the franchisor's consent, a relocation of the the buisness; the identity and qualifications of the persons proposed to be involved in executive management or as principal operators, and the location and site plans of any proposed relocation. objection, by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, to the proposed transfer, sale, assignment, relocation, or change within 30 days after receipt of notice from the dealer, as provided in this section. Failure by the franchisor to send notice of objection within 30 days shall constitute waiver by the franchisor of any right to object to the proposed transfer, sale, assignment, relocation, or change. The

Sec. 3. G.S. 20-305(5) reads as rewritten:

the circumstances."

To enter into a franchise establishing an additional new motor vehicle "(5) dealer or relocating an existing new motor vehicle dealer into a relevant market area where the same line make is then represented without first notifying in writing the Commissioner and each new motor vehicle dealer in such-that line make in the relevant market area of the intention to establish an additional dealer or to relocate an existing dealer within or into that market area. Within 30 days of receiving notice or within 30 days after the end of any appeal procedure provided by the manufacturer, any such new motor vehicle dealer may file with the Commissioner a protest to the establishing or relocating of the new motor vehicle dealer. When such—a protest is filed, the Commissioner shall promptly inform the manufacturer that a timely protest has been filed, and that the manufacturer shall not establish or relocate the proposed new motor vehicle dealer until the Commissioner has held a hearing, nor thereafter, if the Commissioner has determined that there is good cause for not permitting the addition or relocation of such new motor vehicle dealer.

manufacturer or distributor has the burden of proving that the proposed

transfer, sale, assignment, relocation, or change is unreasonable under

transfer, sale, assignment, relocation, or change is unreasonable under the eircumstances; circumstances. provided, however, that no No

franchise may be sold or assigned or transferred transferred, sold,

The franchisor shall send the dealership notice of

- This section does not apply: a.
 - To the relocation of an existing new motor vehicle dealer 1. within that dealer's relevant market area, provided that the relocation not be at a site within 10 miles of a

licensed new motor vehicle dealer for the same line make of motor vehicle; or

- If the proposed additional new motor vehicle dealer is to be established at or within two miles of a location at which a former licensed new motor vehicle dealer for the same line make of new motor vehicle had ceased operating within the previous two years;
- To the relocation of an existing new motor vehicle dealer within two miles of the existing site of the new motor vehicle dealership;
- To the relocation of an existing new motor vehicle dealer if the proposed site of the relocated new motor vehicle dealership is further away from all other new motor vehicle dealers of the same line make in that relevant market area.
- b. In determining whether good cause has been established for not entering into or relocating an additional new motor vehicle dealer for the same line make, the Commissioner shall take into consideration the existing circumstances, including, but not limited to:
 - 1. The permanency of the investment of both the existing and proposed additional new motor vehicle dealers;
 - Growth or decline in population, density of population, and new car registrations in the relevant market area;
 - Effect on the consuming public in the relevant market area:
 - Whether it is injurious or beneficial to the public welfare for an additional new motor vehicle dealer to be established:
 - Whether the new motor vehicle dealers of the same line make in that relevant market area are providing adequate competition and convenient customer care for the motor vehicles of the same line make in the market area which shall include the adequacy of motor vehicle sales and service facilities, equipment, supply of motor vehicle parts, and qualified service personnel;
 - Whether the establishment of an additional new motor vehicle dealer or relocation of an existing new motor vehicle in the relevant market area would increase competition in a manner such as to be in the long-term public interest; and

1 The effect on the relocating dealer of a denial 2 of its relocation into the relevant market area. 3 The Commissioner must conduct the hearing and render his c. final determination as expeditiously as possible, but in any 4 5 event no later than 180 days after a protest is filed. Unless 6 waived by the parties, failure to do so shall be deemed the 7 equivalent of a determination that good cause does not exist for 8 refusing to permit the proposed additional or relocated motor 9 vehicle dealer, unless such delay is caused by acts of the 10 manufacturer, or the relocating or additional dealer. Any parties to a hearing by the Commissioner concerning the 11 d. 12 establishment or relocating of a new motor vehicle dealer shall have a right of review of the decision in a court of competent 13 14 jurisdiction pursuant to Chapter 150A-150B of the General 15 Statutes. 16 In a hearing involving a proposed additional dealership, the <u>e.</u> 17 manufacturer or distributor has the burden of proof under this 18 section. In a proceeding involving the relocation of an existing dealership, the dealer seeking to relocate has the burden of 19 20 proof under this section. 21 f. If the Commissioner determines, following a hearing, that good cause does not exist for refusing to permit the proposed 22 23 additional or relocated motor vehicle dealership, the dealer 24 seeking the proposed additional or relocated motor vehicle dealership must, within two years, obtain a license from the 25 Commissioner for the sale of vehicles at the relevant site, and 26 27 actually commence operations at the site selling new motor vehicles of all line makes, as permitted by the Commissioner. 28 29 Failure to obtain a permit and commence sales within two years shall constitute waiver by the dealer of the dealer's right to the 30 additional or relocated dealership, requiring renotification, a 31 32 new hearing, and a new determination as provided in this section." 33 Sec. 4. G.S. 20-305(6) reads as rewritten: 34 35 ''(6)Notwithstanding the terms, provisions or conditions of any franchise 36 or notwithstanding the terms or provisions of any waiver, to terminate, 37 cancel or fail to renew any franchise with a licensed new motor vehicle 38 dealer unless the manufacturer has: has satisfied the notice 39 requirements of subparagraph c.; subparagraph c. and the Commissioner has determined, if requested in writing by the dealer within the time 40

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period specified in G.S. 20-305(6)c1II, III or IV, as applicable, and

after a hearing on the matter, that there is good cause for the

termination, cancellation, or nonrenewal of the franchise and that the

manufacturer has acted in good faith as defined in this act regarding

the termination, cancellation or nonrenewal. When such a petition is made to the Commissioner by a dealer for determination as to the existence of good cause and good faith for the termination, cancellation or nonrenewal of a franchise, the Commissioner shall promptly inform the manufacturer that a timely petition has been filed, and the franchise in question shall continue in effect pending the Commissioner's decision. The Commissioner must conduct the hearing and render his a final determination as expeditiously as possible, but in any event-no later than 180 days after a petition has been filed. filed; provided, however, that the Commissioner may extend such period of time upon application of a party and for good cause shown, or upon the consent of all parties to the proceeding. If the termination, cancellation or nonrenewal is pursuant to G.S. 20-305(6)c1III then the Commissioner shall give the proceeding priority consideration and shall render his final determination no later than 60 days after the petition has been filed. Any parties to a hearing by the Commissioner under this section shall have a right of review of the decision in a court of competent jurisdiction pursuant to Chapter 150B of the General Statutes

- a. Notwithstanding the terms, provisions or conditions of any franchise or the terms or provisions of any waiver, good cause shall exist for the purposes of a termination, cancellation or nonrenewal when:
 - 1. There is a failure by the new motor vehicle dealer to comply with a provision of the franchise which provision is both reasonable and of material significance to the franchise relationship provided that the dealer has been notified in writing of the failure within 180 days after the manufacturer first acquired knowledge of such failure;
 - 2. If the failure by the new motor vehicle dealer, defined in 1 above, dealer relates to the performance of the new motor vehicle dealer in sales or service, then good cause shall be defined as the failure of the new motor vehicle dealer to comply with reasonable performance criteria established by the manufacturer if the new motor vehicle dealer was apprised by the manufacturer in writing of such-the failure; and
 - I. <u>Said The</u> notification stated that notice was provided of failure of performance pursuant to this section:
 - II. The new motor vehicle dealer was afforded a reasonable opportunity, for a period of not less than 180 days, to comply with such the criteria; and

1	III. The new motor vehicle dealer failed to
2	demonstrate substantial progress towards
3	compliance with the manufacturer's
4	performance criteria during such period and the
5	new motor vehicle dealer's failure was not
6	primarily due to economic or market factors
7	within the dealer's relevant market area which
8	were beyond the dealer's control.
9	b. The manufacturer shall have the burden of proof under this
10	section.
11	c. Notification of Termination, Cancellation and
12 13 14	Nonrenewal.
13	1. Notwithstanding the terms, provisions or conditions of
14	any franchise prior to the termination, cancellation or
15	nonrenewal of any franchise, the manufacturer shall
16	furnish notification of such termination, cancellation or
17	nonrenewal to the new motor vehicle dealer as follows:
18	I. In the manner described in G.S. 20-305(6)c2
19	below; and
	II. Not less than 90 days prior to the
20 21 22 23 24 25	effective date of such termination, cancellation
22	or nonrenewal; or
23	III. Not less than 15 days prior to the
24	effective date of such termination, cancellation
25	or nonrenewal with respect to any of the
26	following:
26 27	A. Insolvency of the new motor vehicle
28	dealer, or filing of any petition by or
28 29	against the new motor vehicle dealer
30	under any bankruptcy or receivership
31	law;
32	B. Failure of the new motor vehicle
33	dealer to conduct its customary sales and
34	service operations during its customary
35	business hours for seven consecutive
36	business days, except for acts of God or
37	circumstances beyond the direct control
38	of the new motor vehicle dealer;
39	C. Revocation of any license which
40	the new motor vehicle dealer is required
41	to have to operate a dealership;
42	D. Conviction of a felony involving
43	moral turpitude, under the laws of this
	moral tarpitude, under the laws of this

1	that have been required by the manufacturer or
2	distributor to be purchased by the new motor
3	vehicle dealer from the manufacturer or
4	distributor, or their approved sources; and
5	IV. Special tools which-that have not been
6	altered or damaged and which that have been
7	required by the manufacturer or distributor to be
8	purchased by the new motor vehicle dealer from
9	the manufacturer or distributor, or their
10	approved sources within five years immediately
11	preceding the termination, nonrenewal or
12	cancellation of the franchise.
13	2. <u>Such fair-Fair and reasonable compensation for the above</u>
14	shall be paid by the manufacturer within 90 days of the
15	effective date of termination, cancellation or nonrenewal,
16	provided the new motor vehicle dealer has clear title to
17	the inventory and has conveyed title and possession to
18	the manufacturer.
19	e. Dealership Facilities Assistance upon Termination,
20	Cancellation or Nonrenewal. –
21	In the event of the termination, cancellation or nonrenewal by the
22	manufacturer or distributor under this section, except termination,
23	cancellation or nonrenewal for insolvency, license revocation,
24	conviction of a crime involving moral turpitude, or fraud by a dealer-
25	owner:
26	1. Subject to paragraph 3, if the new motor vehicle dealer is
27	leasing the dealership facilities from a lessor other than
28	the manufacturer, the manufacturer shall pay the new
29	motor vehicle dealer a sum equivalent to the rent for the
30	unexpired term of the lease or one year's rent, whichever
31	is less, or such longer term as is provided in the
32	franchise agreement between the dealer and
33	manufacturer; or
34	2. Subject to paragraph 3, if the new motor
35	vehicle dealer owns the dealership facilities, the
36	manufacturer shall pay the new motor vehicle dealer a
37	sum equivalent to the reasonable rental value of the
38	dealership facilities for one year.
39	3. Provided nothing in this section e paragraph e. shall
40	relieve a lessee or owner, as the case may be, from the
41	obligation to mitigate damages under the lease, nor
42	prevent a manufacturer from occupying and using the
43	dealership facilities while paying rent under subsections
44	1 and 2, nor prevent a manufacturer from obligations by

negotiating a lease termination, a sublease or a new lease. Any amounts recovered by the lessee or owner resulting from mitigation of damages shall be deducted from the amount due from the manufacturer. f. The provisions of paragraphs d. and e. above shall not be applicable when the termination, nonrenewal or cancellation of the franchise agreement is the result of the voluntary act of the dealer."

Sec. 5. G.S. 20-308.1(a) reads as rewritten:

"(a) Notwithstanding the terms, provisions or conditions of any agreement or franchise or other terms or provisions of any novation, waiver or other written instrument, any person who is or may be injured by a violation of a provision of this Article, or any party to a franchise who is so injured in his business or property by a violation of a provision of this Article relating to that franchise, or any person so injured because he refuses to accede to a proposal for or an arrangement which, if consummated, would be in violation of this Article may, notwithstanding the initiation or pendency of of, or failure to initiate an administrative proceeding before the Commissioner concerning the same parties or subject matter, bring an action for damages and equitable relief, including injunctive relief, in any court of competent jurisdiction with regard to any matter not within the jurisdiction of the Commissioner or that seeks relief wholly outside the authority or jurisdiction of the Commissioner to award."

Sec. 6. This act becomes effective October 1, 1991.