

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA

SESSION 1989

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HOUSE BILL 695

Short Title: Food, Drug Act/Tech. Change.

(Public)

Sponsors: Representative Woodard.

Referred to: Human Resources.

March 20, 1989

A BILL TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT TO MAKE TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS IN THE FOOD, DRUG, AND
COSMETICS ACT.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

Section 1. G.S. 106-121 reads as rewritten:

"§ 106-121. Definitions and general consideration.

For the purpose of this Article:

(1) The term 'advertisement' means all representations disseminated in any manner or by any means, other than by labeling, for the purposes of inducing, or which are likely to induce, directly or indirectly, the purchase of food, drugs, devices or cosmetics.

(1a) The term 'color' includes black, white, and intermediate grays.

(1b) The term 'color additive' means a material which:

a. Is a dye, pigment, or other substance made by a process of synthesis or similar artifice, or extracted, isolated, or otherwise derived, with or without intermediate or final change of identity, from a vegetable, animal, mineral, or other source; or

b. When added or applied to a food, drug, or cosmetic, or to the human body or any part thereof, is capable (alone or through reaction with other substance) of imparting color thereto;

Provided, that such term does not apply to any pesticide chemical, soil or plant nutrient, or other agricultural chemical solely because of its effect in aiding, retarding, or otherwise affecting, directly or indirectly, the growth or other natural physiological

- 1 process of produce of the soil and thereby affecting its color, whether before or after
2 harvest.
- 3 (2) The term 'Commissioner' means the Commissioner of Agriculture; the
4 term 'Department' means the Department of Agriculture, and the term
5 'Board' means the Board of Agriculture.
- 6 (2a) The term 'consumer commodity' except as otherwise specifically
7 provided by this subdivision means any food, drug, device, or cosmetic
8 as those terms are defined by this Article. Such term does not include:
- 9 a. Any tobacco or tobacco product; or
10 b. Any commodity subject to packaging or labeling requirements
11 imposed under the North Carolina Pesticide Law of 1971,
12 Article 52, Chapter 143, of the General Statutes of North
13 Carolina, or the provisions of the eighth paragraph under the
14 heading 'Bureau of Animal Industry' of the act of March 4,
15 1913 (37 Stat. 832-833; 21 U.S.C. 151-157) commonly known
16 as the Virus-Serum Toxin Act; or
17 c. Any drug subject to the provisions of G.S. 106-134(13) or 106-
18 134.1 of this Article or section 503(b)(1) or 506 of the federal
19 act; or
20 d. Any beverage subject to or complying with packaging or
21 labeling requirements imposed under the Federal Alcohol
22 Administration Act (27 U.S.C., **et seq.**); or
23 e. Any commodity subject to the provisions of the North Carolina
24 Seed Law, Article 31, Chapter 106 of the General Statutes of
25 North Carolina.
- 26 (3) The term 'contaminated with filth' applies to any food, drug, device or
27 cosmetic not securely protected from dust, dirt, and as far as may be
28 necessary by all reasonable means, from all foreign or injurious
29 contaminations.
- 30 (4) The term 'cosmetic' means
- 31 a. Articles intended to be rubbed, poured, sprinkled, or sprayed
32 on, introduced into, or otherwise applied to the human body or
33 any part thereof for cleansing, beautifying, promoting
34 attractiveness, or altering the appearance, and
35 b. Articles intended for use as a component of any such articles,
36 except that such terms shall not include soap.
- 37 (4a) The term 'counterfeit drug' means a drug which, or the container or
38 labeling of which, without authorization, bears the trademark, trade
39 name or other identifying mark, imprint, or device, or any likeness
40 thereof, of a drug manufacturer, processor, packer or distributor other
41 than the person or persons who in fact manufactured, processed,
42 packed or distributed such drug and which thereby falsely purports or
43 is represented to be the product of, or to have been packed or

- 1 distributed by, such other drug manufacturer, processor, packer or
2 distributor.
- 3 (5) The term 'device,' except when used in subdivision (15) of this section
4 and in G.S. 106-122, subdivision (10), 106-130, subdivision (6), 106-
5 134, subdivision (3) and 106-137, subdivision (3) means instruments,
6 apparatus and contrivances, including their components, parts and
7 accessories, intended
- 8 a. For use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or
9 prevention of disease in man or other animals; or
- 10 b. To affect the structure or any function of the body of man or
11 other animals.
- 12 (6) The term 'drug' means
- 13 a. Articles recognized in the official United States Pharmacopoeia,
14 official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States, or
15 official National Formulary, or any supplement to any of them;
16 and
- 17 b. Articles intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation,
18 treatment or prevention of disease in man or other animals; and
- 19 c. Articles (other than food) intended to affect the structure or any
20 function of the body of man or other animals; and
- 21 d. Articles intended for use as a component of any article specified
22 in paragraphs a, b or c; but does not include devices or their
23 components, parts, or accessories.
- 24 (7) The term 'federal act' means the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act
25 (Title 21 U.S.C. 301 **et seq.**; 52 Stat. 1040 **et seq.**).
- 26 (8) The term 'food' means
- 27 a. Articles used for food or drink for man or other animals,
28 b. Chewing gum, and
29 c. Articles used for components of any such article.
- 30 (8a) The term 'food additive' means any substance, the intended use of
31 which results or may be reasonably expected to result, directly or
32 indirectly, in its becoming a component or otherwise affecting the
33 characteristics of any food (including any substance intended for use in
34 producing, manufacturing, packing, processing, preparing, treating,
35 packaging, transporting or holding food; and including any source of
36 radiation intended for any such use) if such substance is not generally
37 recognized, among experts qualified by scientific training and
38 experience to evaluate its safety, as having been adequately shown
39 through scientific procedures (or, in the case of a substance used in a
40 food prior to January 1, 1958, through either scientific procedures or
41 experience based on common use in food) to be safe under the
42 conditions of its intended use; except that such term does not include:
- 43 a. A pesticide chemical in or on a raw agricultural commodity; or

- 1 b. A pesticide chemical to the extent that it is intended for use or is
2 used in the production, storage, or transportation of any raw
3 agricultural commodity; or
4 c. A color additive; or
5 d. Any substance used in accordance with a sanction or approval
6 granted prior to the enactment of the Food Additives
7 Amendment of 1958, pursuant to the federal act; the Poultry
8 Products Inspection Act (21 U.S.C. 451 **et seq.**) or the Meat
9 Inspection Act of March 4, 1907 (34 Stat. 1260), as amended
10 and extended (21 U.S.C. 71 **et seq.**).
- 11 (9) The term 'immediate container' does not include package liners.
- 12 (10) The term 'label' means a display of written, printed or graphic matter
13 upon the immediate container of any article; and a requirement made
14 by or under authority of this Article that any word, statement, or other
15 information ~~appear~~ appearing on the label shall not be considered to be
16 complied with unless such word, statement, or other information also
17 appears on the outside container or wrapper, if any there be, of the
18 retail package of such article, or is easily legible through the outside
19 container or wrapper.
- 20 (11) The term 'labeling' means all labels and other written, printed, or
21 graphic matter
22 a. Upon an article or any of its containers or wrappers, or
23 b. Accompanying such article.
- 24 ~~(11a) The term 'manufacturer' means a person who prepares, derives, or
25 produces a prescription drug. Pharmacists are specifically excluded
26 from this definition if they are acting in the course of their professional
27 practice as defined in Chapter 90 and rules adopted pursuant to it.~~
- 28 (12) The term 'new drug' means
29 a. Any drug the composition of which is such that such drug is not
30 generally recognized, among experts qualified by scientific
31 training and experience to evaluate the safety and effectiveness
32 of drugs, as safe and effective for use under the conditions
33 prescribed, recommended, or suggested in the labeling thereof;
34 or
35 b. Any drug the composition of which is such that such drug, as a
36 result of investigations to determine its safety and effectiveness
37 for use under such conditions, has become so recognized, but
38 which has not, otherwise than in such investigation, been used
39 to a material extent or for a material time under such conditions.
- 40 ~~(12a) The term 'prescription drug' means a drug that under federal law is
41 required, prior to being dispensed or delivered, to be labeled with the
42 following statement: 'Caution: Federal law prohibits dispensing
43 without a prescription.'~~

- 1 (13) The term 'official compendium' means the official United States
2 Pharmacopoeia, official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United
3 States, official National Formulary, or any supplement to any of them.
- 4 (13a) The term 'package' means any container or wrapping in which any
5 consumer commodity is enclosed for use in the delivery or display of
6 that consumer commodity to retail purchasers, but does not include:
7 a. Shipping containers or wrappings used solely for the
8 transportation of any consumer commodity in bulk or in
9 quantity to manufacturers, packers, or processors, or to
10 wholesale or retail distributors thereof; or
11 b. Shipping containers or outer wrappings used by retailers to ship
12 or deliver any commodity to retail customers if such containers
13 and wrappings bear no printed matter pertaining to any
14 particular commodity.
- 15 (14) The term 'person' includes individual, partnership, corporation, and
16 association.
- 17 (14a) The term 'pesticide chemical' means any substance which, alone, in
18 chemical combination, or in formulation with one or more other
19 substances is a 'pesticide' within the meaning of the North Carolina
20 Pesticide Law of 1971, Article 52, Chapter 143, of the General
21 Statutes of North Carolina, or the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and
22 Rodenticide Act (7 U.S.C. 135 **et seq.**), and which is used in the
23 production, storage, or transportation of raw agricultural
24 commodities.
- 25 (14b) The term 'practitioner' means a physician, dentist, veterinarian or
26 other person licensed, registered or otherwise permitted to distribute,
27 dispense, conduct research with respect to or to administer a drug so
28 long as such activity is within the normal course of professional
29 practice or research.
- 30 (14c) The term 'principal display panel' means that part of a label that is
31 most likely to be displayed, presented, shown, or examined under
32 normal and customary conditions of display for retail sale.
- 33 (14d) The term 'raw agricultural commodity' means any food in its raw or
34 natural state, including all fruits that are washed, colored, or
35 otherwise treated in their unpeeled natural form prior to marketing.
- 36 ~~(14e) The term 'repackager' means a person who repacks,~~
37 ~~relabels, or manipulates a prescription drug which was in a unit~~
38 ~~packaged and sealed by a manufacturer. Pharmacies are specifically~~
39 ~~exempted from this definition if they are acting in the course of their~~
40 ~~professional practice as defined in Chapter 90 and rules adopted~~
41 ~~pursuant to it.~~
- 42 (14f) ~~The term 'wholesaler' means a person acting, as a jobber, wholesale~~
43 ~~merchant, salvager, or broker, or agent thereof, who sells or distributes~~
44 ~~for resale a prescription drug. Pharmacists are specifically exempted~~

1 ~~from this definition if they are acting in the course of their professional~~
2 ~~practice as defined in Chapter 90 and rules adopted pursuant to it.~~

3 (15) If an article is alleged to be misbranded because the labeling is
4 misleading, or if an advertisement is alleged to be false because it is
5 misleading, then in determining whether the labeling or advertisement
6 is misleading, there shall be taken into account (among other things)
7 not only representations made or suggested by statement, word,
8 design, device, sound, or any combination thereof, but also the extent
9 to which labeling or advertisement fails to reveal facts material in the
10 light of such representations or material with respect to consequences
11 which may result from the use of the article to which the labeling or
12 advertisement relates under the conditions of use prescribed in the
13 labeling or advertisement thereof or under such conditions of use as
14 are customary or usual.

15 (16) The representation of a drug, in its labeling or advertisement, as an
16 antiseptic shall be considered to be a representation that it is a
17 germicide, except in the case of a drug purporting to be, or represented
18 as, an antiseptic for inhibitory use as a wet dressing, ointment, dusting
19 powder, or such other use as involves prolonged contact with the body.

20 (17) The provisions of this Article regarding the selling of food, drugs,
21 devices, or cosmetics, shall be considered to include the manufacture,
22 production, processing, packing, exposure, offer, possession, and
23 holding of any such article for sale; and the sale, dispensing, and
24 giving of any such article; and the supplying or applying of any such
25 article in the conduct of any food, drug or cosmetic establishment."

26 Sec. 2. G.S. 106-140.1 is amended by adding a new subsection to read:

27 "(j) As used in this section:

28 (1) The term 'manufacturer' means a person who prepares, derives, or
29 produces a prescription drug. Pharmacists are specifically excluded
30 from this definition if they are acting in the course of their professional
31 practice as defined in Chapter 90 and rules adopted pursuant to it.

32 (2) The term 'prescription drug' means a drug that under federal law is
33 required, prior to being dispensed or delivered, to be labeled with the
34 following statement: 'Caution: Federal law prohibits dispensing
35 without a prescription.'

36 (3) The term 'repackager' means a person who repacks, relabels, or
37 manipulates a prescription drug which was in a unit packaged and
38 sealed by a manufacturer. Pharmacies are specifically exempted from
39 this definition if they are acting in the course of their professional
40 practice as defined in Chapter 90 and rules adopted pursuant to it.

41 (4) The term 'wholesaler' means a person acting as a jobber, wholesale
42 merchant, salvager, or broker, or agent thereof, who sells or distributes
43 for resale a prescription drug. Pharmacists are specifically exempted

1 from this definition if they are acting in the course of their professional
2 practice as defined in Chapter 90 and rules adopted pursuant to it."

3 Sec. 3. This act is effective upon ratification.